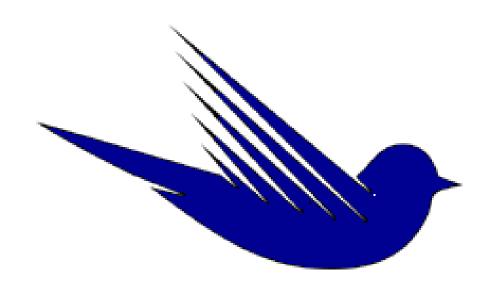
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended December 31, 2020

CITY OF ROBBINSDALE

ROBBINSDALE, MINNESOTA



ISSUED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF ROBBINSDALE, MINNESOTA

For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Prepared by the City of Robbinsdale Finance Department

Jeff Zuba, Finance Director Brittany Sibell, Accountant



Table of Contents

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i–v
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	vii
Organization Chart	viii
Elected and Administrative Officials	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1–3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5–16
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	17
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements	
Major Governmental Funds	21
Balance Sheet	22–23
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	26–27
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	29
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	30–31
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority	
General Development Special Revenue Fund	32
TIF Development Special Revenue Fund	33
Proprietary Funds	35
Statement of Net Position	36–37
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	38–39
Statement of Cash Flows	40-43
Fiduciary Fund	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	44
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	44
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	45–83

Table of Contents (continued)

	Page
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	85
PERA – General Employees Retirement Fund	
Schedule of City's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	86
Schedule of City Contributions	86
PERA – Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	
Schedule of City's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	87
Schedule of City Contributions	87
Robbinsdale Fire Department Relief Association	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	88
Schedule of City Contributions	89
Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	90
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	91–98
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	99
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	101
Combining Balance Sheet	102
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	103
Internal Service Funds	105
Combining Statement of Net Position	106–107
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	108–109
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	110–111
SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION	113
Individual Account Schedules	
REDA TIF Development Special Revenue Fund Accounts	
Balance Sheet by Account	114–115
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account	116–117
General Debt Service Fund Accounts	
Balance Sheet by Account	118–119
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account	120–121
Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Accounts	
Balance Sheet by Account	122
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account	123
City Code Compliance Special Revenue Fund Accounts	
Balance Sheet by Account	124
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account	125
Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund Accounts	100
Balance Sheet by Account	126
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account	127
Other Schedule Schedule of Long Torm Debt Issues Payable	120 122
Schedule of Long-Term Debt Issues Payable	129–133

Table of Contents (continued)

	Page
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	135
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	136–137
Changes in Net Position	138–141
Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source	143
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	144-145
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	146–147
General Governmental Tax Revenue by Source	148
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	149
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	150
Principal Property Taxpayers	151
Property Tax Levies and Collections	153
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	154–155
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	156
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	157
Legal Debt Margin Information	158-159
Pledged Revenue Coverage	160
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	161
Principal Employers	163
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) City Government Employees by Function	164–165
Operating Indicators by Function	166–167
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	168–169







City of Robbinsdale



4100 Lakeview Avenue North Robbinsdale, Minnesota 55422-2280 Phone: (763) 537-4534 Fax: (763) 537-7344 www.robbinsdalemn.com

May 25, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota

Mayor and City Council Members:

Minnesota Statutes require all cities to issue an annual report on its financial position and activity prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants or the Office of the State Auditor. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation for the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of the internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 are free of any material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City is a first ring suburb located northwest of the city of Minneapolis. The City has a land area of 2.9 square miles with a population of 14,741. The City continues to maintain a small-town feel, yet is located just minutes from downtown Minneapolis.

The City provides its residents and businesses with a full range of basic governmental services consisting of public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and general administrative services. In addition to basic governmental services, the governing body exercises financial accountability over the Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority (REDA). The REDA's governing board is made up exclusively of City Council members; therefore, all of its activities are included as part of the reporting entity. The Robbinsdale Fire Relief Association (the Association) has not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, is excluded from this report. The Association is not a component unit because it is organized independently under state law. The Association's audited annual financial reports are available in its offices, as well as at City Hall.

Local Economy and Housing

The City's downtown area maintains a mix of retail, professional businesses, and a variety of restaurants. National notice has been given to Travail, which partnered with the REDA in 2012 to construct a new 96-seat restaurant, as well as Pig Ate My Pizza, which took on the previous location. In 2018, plans moved forward to relocate the Travail restaurant. The project to redevelop a new site replacing two substandard buildings was approved and construction was completed in March 2020. Pig Ate My Pizza renovated and moved to the previous Travail location. The downtown area also has regional draws with Hackenmueller's Meat Market, Wuollet Bakery, Wicked Wort craft beer brewpub, Marna's eatery and lounge, and Nonna Rosa's restaurant. Outside of the downtown area, there are two shopping centers, a Hy-Vee grocery and the North Memorial Healthcare (NMHC) campus.

The Metropolitan Transit Blue Line light rail service is planning to run an extension line north from the Minneapolis-Saint Paul International Airport to a redevelopment area by I-694 in Brooklyn Park and a station in the downtown Robbinsdale area. Currently in the development stage as Hennepin County and Metropolitan Council explore routes that do not use freight rail property. The potential for light rail has resulted in an increase in development discussion in and around the downtown area.

The City is home to the NMHC, a regional medical facility. The NMHC has a large hospital facility and multiple associated medical office buildings. The NMHC is the City's largest employer, with 5,000 employees.

The City's housing market is primarily single-family homes that are pre-World War II vintage. During 2018 and 2019, the REDA approved tax increment districts to facilitate the construction of two Class A, four story, multi-family rental buildings with 152 and 194 market rate apartments. The projects, known as Birdtown Flats and Parker Station Flats, involve the redevelopment of several existing parcels in the City.

Although the City is fully developed, there are a few in-fill projects:

- Typically, one to two scattered sites are acquired, cleared, and sold each year for new larger single-family homes.
- Preliminary discussions for a 118-unit apartment on the north side of South Twin Lake with development start dependent on owner financing.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City receives local governmental aid (LGA) through the state of Minnesota to help pay for basic governmental services. This aid is based on a funding formula that includes volatility in the calculations that determine how the amount is allocated among cities in the state.

The City received a total of \$1,982,591 in LGA in 2020, an increase of \$153,650 from the prior year. The City expects to receive \$2,043,372 in state aid in 2021, an increase of \$60,781. This will assist in relieving budget stress imposed in prior years as the City has made up a majority of the state aid loss through an increase to its property tax levy and other fees and spending reductions.

Historically, the City has seen fluctuation in the amount of LGA received from the state. In 2008, the actual amount received decreased by 50 percent from the 2002 level to assist in balancing the state budget. The amount of LGA has recovered beginning in 2014.

Additionally, the City extended through June 2023, a franchise fee on revenues that an electric utility receives from customers located within the City. The franchise agreement with a gas utility needs to be renegotiated in 2021 for a new agreement term starting in 2022. The City Council approved a fee increase to 5 percent effective July 1, 2019 through July 1, 2023. This fee has been in place since 2003. This fee helps support some basic governmental services and provides additional funds towards the City's long-term street replacement program.

The City annually prepares and adopts a Ten-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which serves as a planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating efficiently. The CIP is a planning tool that forecasts the City's capital needs over a 10-year period based on city-adopted long-range plans, goals, and policies. The CIP includes detailed descriptions of every capital project the City anticipates to initiate during the ten-year period.

Key priorities for the City for 2020–2021 are to:

- Continue the community policing connection with residents and falling crime rates
- Maintain the Infrastructure Replacement Program, including LED street lighting replacements and construction phase for water treatment plant and water tower replacement
- Provide safe and fun places in parks focusing on quality rather than quantity of facilities
 - o Completion of Lakeview Terrace Park reconstruction
 - o Plan for Triangle Park improvements
- Encourage partnerships for improvements in parks
- Uphold aggressive housing rental licensing and point of sale standards
- Prepare for Light Rail Transit (LRT)
- Enhance the downtown area
 - o Refresh 25-year-old streetscape and aging infrastructure
 - Address downtown parking challenges
- Liquor store marketing and sales improvements

The City subscribes to the "pooled cash" concept of investing, which means that all funds with cash balances participate in an investment pool. This permits some funds to be overdrawn and others to show cash balances when, in fact, the City as a whole has a cash balance. This pooled cash concept provides for investing greater amounts of money at more favorable rates. Investment earnings are then allocated yearly based on quarterly cash balances to the participating funds. For further information on the City's cash and investments, please see Note 3 of the City's notes to basic financial statements.

The City belongs to two organizations that were created for insurance purposes. The League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) was founded to provide general liability and workers' compensation insurance to the LMCIT members. The program provides coverage for damages up to \$2,000,000 per incident and limits the City's liability to \$25,000 per claim and \$100,000 per year for general liability. Also, Minnesota Statutes provide limits on liability claims to cities. The LOGIS Insurance Group is a joint powers agreement between local government agencies that have combined their group size for pooling of health and life insurance experience ratings. The group annually reviews coverage and costs offered by health maintenance organizations that provide insurance to the members and bids group life insurance.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City Council will continue to review its policy on the level of the General Fund balance reserves, which is currently 40 to 50 percent of the subsequent year's expenditures. Due to past cuts in state aid, to assist in balancing the state budget, this will continue to be an important element of future budget planning. As in prior years, the City Council may determine to use a portion of the General Fund balance to assist in balancing future budgets. This will help to reduce the amount that property tax levies will increase for property owners or minimize reductions in services. The City Council will continue to provide that the balance is adequate to finance cash flow needs for subsequent years.

Major Initiatives

While continuing to reconstruct various streets throughout the City, the 2021 budget includes an investment being made to resurface local streets and alleys, which are seeing surface degradation, but not scheduled to be reconstructed in a 10+ year horizon. The 2020 year was spent planning and designing projects that included the Chowen Avenue Reconstruction area and Lee Avenue Reconstruction.

Significant City Council and staff engagement was invested in reviewing LRT plans proposed for extension of the Metropolitan Transit Blue Line light rail through the City inside the BNSF right-of-way. Municipal consent was given in early 2016. Unfortunately, BNSF indicated it was not interested in selling and alternative routes are being explored. A goal is to identify a locally preferred alignment by end of 2021 and restart with detailed construction planning starting in 2022 for a start no sooner than 2025.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 41 years (1979–2019). In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We wish to express our appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner. We also want to express our appreciation to the entire Finance Department staff for their efficient and dedicated services in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Maroin Hel

Marcia Glick

City Manager

Jeff Zuba

Finance Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

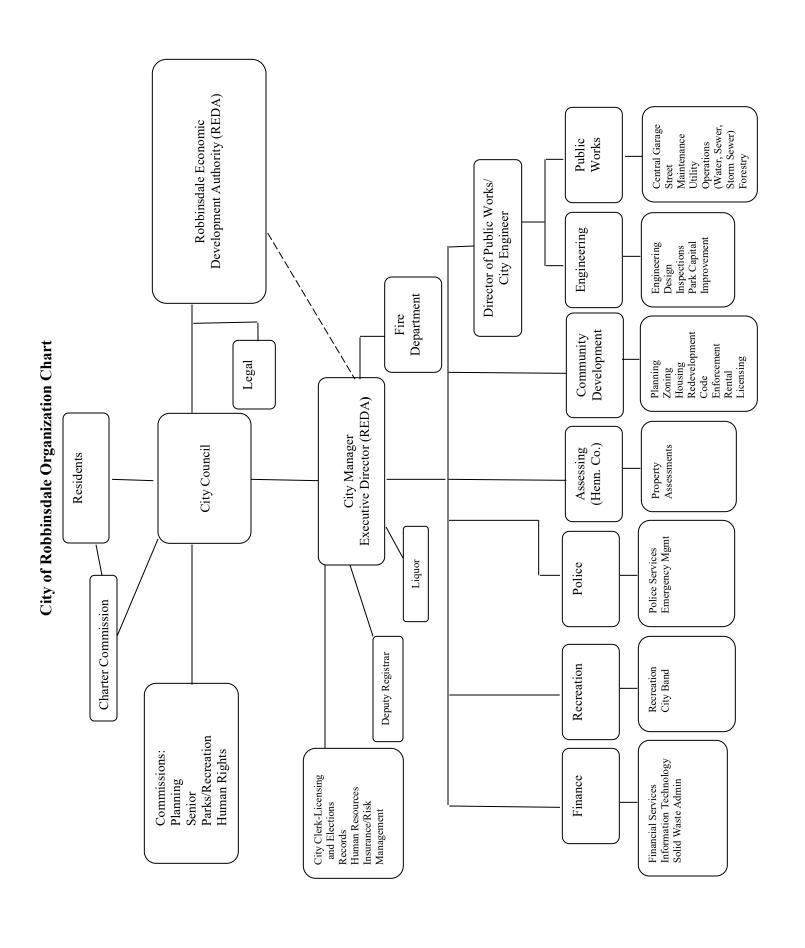
City of Robbinsdale Minnesota

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF ROBBINSDALE, MINNESOTA

Elected and Administrative Officials December 31, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

		Term Expires	
Regan Murphy	Mayor	December 31, 2020	
William Blonigan	First Ward Council Member	December 31, 2020	
Dan Rogan	Second Ward Council Member	December 31, 2020	
George Selman	Third Ward Council Member	December 31, 2022	
Pat Backen	Fourth Ward Council Member	December 31, 2022	

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Marcia Glick	City Manager
Jeff Zuba	Finance Director
Richard McCoy	Director of Public Works/City Engineer
Patrick Foley	Chief of Police
Guy Dorholt	Fire Chief
Andrew Biggerstaff	Attorney
Hennepin County	Assessor







PRINCIPALS



Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA
Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA
Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and Management City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the required supplemental information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasenich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

May 25, 2021



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended December 31, 2020

As management of the City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota (the City), we have provided readers of the City's financial statements with this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, located earlier in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The overall net position of the City increased \$5,403,979 in the current year. The change in net position related to governmental activities was an increase of \$3,207,084, while the net result of business-type activities was an increase of \$2,196,895, including a decrease of \$265,528 from prior period adjustments correcting prepaid expenses and intergovernmental revenues.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$85,790,175 (net position), as compared to \$80,386,196 at the end of 2019. Of this amount, \$22,350,619 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. At year-end, the City was able to report a positive balance in all categories of net position.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the City's General Fund was \$5,626,756, which represents 53.7 percent of total General Fund expenditures for 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private sector businesses.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (delinquent taxes and special assessments).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities include general government, community development, public safety, recreation, and public works. The business-type activities of the City include utilities (water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and solid waste removal), liquor operations, Broadway Court, and Deputy Registrar.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains six individual major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority (REDA) General Development Special Revenue Fund, REDA Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Development Special Revenue Fund, REDA Tax Increment Debt Service Fund, General Debt Service Fund, and the Permanent Improvement Revolving (PIR) Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and major special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for those major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the following operations: central garage, central services (general office, information technology, and government buildings), equipment replacement, risk insurance, and benefit accrual. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, storm sewer utility, solid waste removal, liquor operations, and Broadway Court, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, nonmajor enterprise operations (Deputy Registrar) and internal service funds are combined into single, aggregated presentations in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Fund – The City maintains one fiduciary fund, which is used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fiduciary fund is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of this fund are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary fund is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements – The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – Required supplementary information (RSI) is presented following the notes to basic financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules for nonmajor funds and other schedules are presented immediately following the RSI. Statistical tables are presented as the last section in this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$85,790,175 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net Position – The City has 60.1 percent of its total net position invested in capital assets (land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot liquidate these liabilities. An additional 13.8 percent of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 26.1 percent of net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations.

The following is a summary of the City's net position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 32,283,767	\$ 32,318,018	\$ 20,382,553	\$ 16,386,284	\$ 52,666,320	\$ 48,704,302
Capital assets	33,544,937	33,828,890	42,166,715	33,964,857	75,711,652	67,793,747
Total assets	65,828,704	66,146,908	62,549,268	50,351,141	128,377,972	116,498,049
Deferred outflows of resources	2,251,209	2,658,610	303,872	229,756	2,555,081	2,888,366
Noncurrent liabilities						
(including current portion)	18,291,008	20,448,870	21,333,317	11,992,133	39,624,325	32,441,003
Other liabilities	1,280,472	1,600,581	1,865,404	1,026,254	3,145,876	2,626,835
Total liabilities	19,571,480	22,049,451	23,198,721	13,018,387	42,770,201	35,067,838
Deferred inflows of resources	2,332,594	3,787,312	40,083	145,069	2,372,677	3,932,381
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	26,954,967	26,951,181	24,591,692	23,050,165	51,546,659	50,001,346
Restricted	11,892,897	11,601,384	_	_	11,892,897	11,601,384
Unrestricted	7,327,975	4,416,190	15,022,644	14,367,276	22,350,619	18,783,466
Total net position	\$ 46,175,839	\$ 42,968,755	\$ 39,614,336	\$ 37,417,441	\$ 85,790,175	\$ 80,386,196

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. Changes in state-wide pension plans contributed to the differences in total deferred outflows, noncurrent liabilities, and deferred inflows. The City issued general obligation debt that is mainly being used to fund street projects and a new water treatment plant project, which increased current and other assets, capital assets, and noncurrent liabilities in the above table, compared to the prior year.

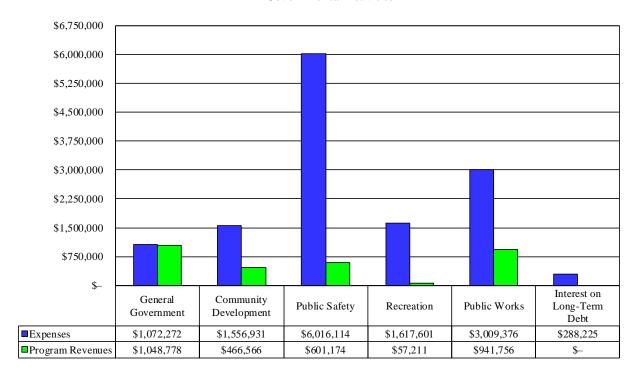
The following is a summary of the City's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,453,936	\$ 1,905,271	\$ 13,115,290	\$ 13,359,584	\$ 14,569,226	\$ 15,264,855
Operating grants and contributions	989.738	497,954	54,671	142,595	1,044,409	640.549
Capital grants and contributions	671,811	128,783	54,071	342,546	671,811	471,329
General revenues	071,011	120,703		342,340	0/1,011	471,327
Property taxes	7,436,490	7,055,563	_	_	7,436,490	7,055,563
Tax increments	732,964	576,708	_	_	732,964	576,708
Unrestricted grants	732,701	370,700			732,701	370,700
and contributions	3,107,407	1,839,787	_	_	3,107,407	1,839,787
Franchise fee tax	758,964	665,784	_	_	758,964	665,784
Unrestricted investment earnings	344,933	486,838	179,258	272,532	524,191	759,370
Net change in fair value of	J -1 ,933	-00,036	179,230	212,332	324,191	139,310
investments	399,879	145,104	212.132	82.262	612,011	227,366
Land sales	213,331	45,000	212,132	02,202	213,331	45,000
Gain on sale of assets	76.039	92,667	_	_	76,039	92,667
Total revenues	16,185,492	13,439,459	13,561,351	14,199,519	29,746,843	27,638,978
Expenses						
General government	1,072,272	1,071,792	_	_	1.072.272	1,071,792
Community development	1,556,931	982,196	_	_	1,556,931	982,196
Public safety	6,016,114	5,658,993	_	_	6,016,114	5,658,993
Recreation	1,617,601	1,688,681	_	_	1,617,601	1,688,681
Public works	3,009,376	3,366,749	_	_	3,009,376	3,366,749
Interest on long-term debt	288,225	369,476	_	_	288,225	369,476
Water utility	,	_	1,222,923	1,088,911	1,222,923	1,088,911
Sanitary sewer utility	_	_	1,835,652	1.760.416	1.835,652	1,760,416
Storm sewer utility	_	_	898,613	1,081,774	898,613	1,081,774
Solid waste removal	_	_	1,694,034	1,376,745	1,694,034	1,376,745
Liquor operations	_	_	3,738,459	4,052,045	3,738,459	4,052,045
Broadway Court	_	_	696,459	712,340	696,459	712,340
Deputy Registrar	_	_	430,677	551,201	430,677	551,201
Total expenses	13,560,519	13,137,887	10,516,817	10,623,432	24,077,336	23,761,319
Change in net position before transfers	2,624,973	301,572	3,044,534	3,576,087	5,669,507	3,877,659
Transfers	582,111	580,687	(582,111)	(580,687)		
Change in net position	3,207,084	882,259	2,462,423	2,995,400	5,669,507	3,877,659
Net position – beginning, as previously reported	42,968,755	42,086,496	37,417,441	34,422,041	80,386,196	76,508,537
Prior period adjustment	.2,,,,,,,,,	.2,000,770	(265,528)	=	(265,528)	
Net position – beginning, as restated	42,968,755	42,086,496	37,151,913	34,422,041	80,120,668	76,508,537
Net position – ending	\$ 46,175,839	\$ 42,968,755	\$ 39,614,336	\$ 37,417,441	\$ 85,790,175	\$ 80,386,196

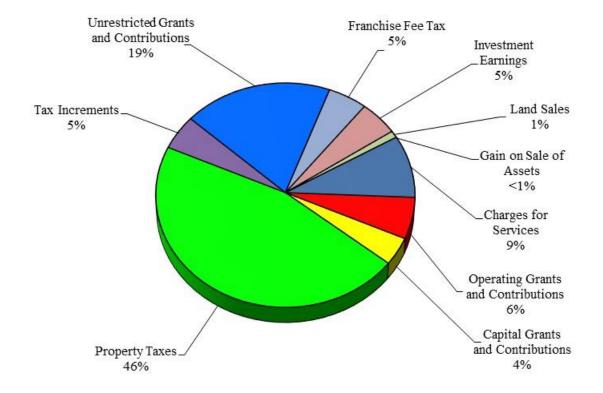
Governmental Activities – Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,207,084. Key elements of this change include:

- Governmental activities recognized an increase before transfers of \$2,624,973.
- Business-type activities net transfers contributed \$582,111 of the total change in net position.
- Revenues increased by \$2,746,033. While many sources increased, unrestricted grants and contributions, as well as capital grants and contributions, were the primary cause for the increase. The increase in unrestricted grants and contributions included additional federal funding received in the current year in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Expenses increased by \$422,632, or 3.2 percent, with the largest changes occurring with increased community development and public safety activity in the current year.

Expenses vs. Program Revenues Governmental Activities



Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2,462,423, before the prior period adjustments previously discussed, and after \$582,111 of net transfers to governmental activities.

The water utility increased net position by \$970,149, excluding the prior period adjustment. Operating revenues decreased by \$220,881 in the current year, due to a one-time water access charge for the Parker Station Flats in 2019, offset by an increase in rates. Operating expenses increased \$49,086, having more spending in personal services and depreciation within the water utility system. Rate increases are monitored and planned within the City's Ten-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is updated annually.

The sanitary sewer utility increased net position by \$627,595, excluding the prior period adjustment. An increase in rates covered inflationary operating expense increases and contributed to the improved operating results, compared to the prior year. Rate increases are monitored and planned within the City's CIP, which is updated annually.

The storm sewer utility increased net position by \$437,335. Operating revenue increased by \$123,345, primarily due to an approved rate increase. Operating expenses decreased by \$244,804, primarily in other services and charges and depreciation on storm sewer infrastructure. Rate increases are monitored and planned within the City's CIP, which is updated annually.

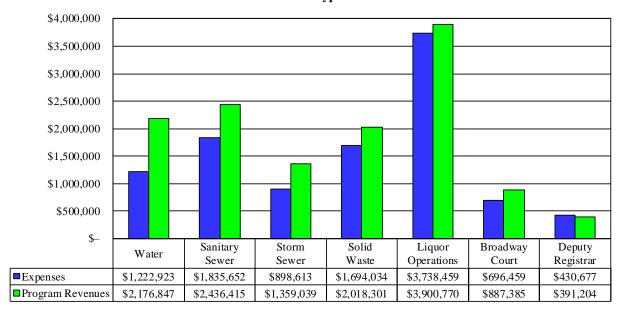
Solid waste removal increased net position by \$234,133. Operating revenue increased in the current year, primarily due to a rate increase approved for 2020. Operating expenses increased 23.0 percent, due to a contract increase with the solid waste hauler. Rate increases are reviewed and updated annually. This operation had income before transfers of \$434,133 in 2020, allowing transfers of \$200,000 to other city funds in the current year.

Liquor operations reduced net position by \$2,087. Gross profit was 28.2 percent of net sales, which exceeds the 26.0 percent target. Operating expense decreased 9.6 percent, due to a reduction in personal services. Transfers to other funds totaled \$200,000, and transfers from other funds totaled \$9,330 in the current year. Revenues and expenses were down from the prior year, due to closures during the year, due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

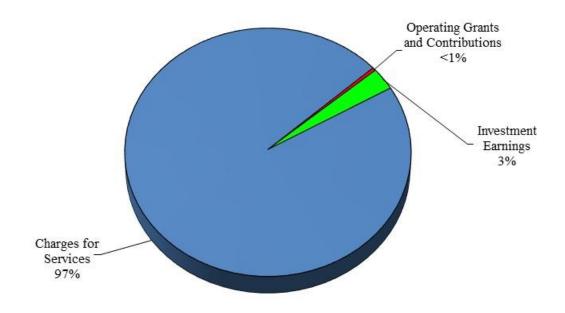
Broadway Court, which relates to the rental operations of the Broadway Court Senior Housing Complex, owned and operated by the REDA, increased net position by \$231,051. Operating revenues and expenses were similar to the prior year, resulting in an operating income of \$257,480, compared to an operating income of \$232,916 in the prior year.

The Deputy Registrar decreased net position by \$35,753. Operating revenue decreased by 29.6 percent, while operating expenses decreased by 21.9 percent, due to a decrease in personal services. Transfers to other funds totaled \$50,000, and transfers from other funds totaled \$32,687 in the current year. The operations of the Deputy Registrar were also impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic as reflected with the change in current year revenues and expenses.

Expenses vs. Program Revenues Business-Type Activities



Revenue by Source – Business-Type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AT THE FUND LEVEL

Governmental Funds – The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,261,862, a decrease of \$397,401. The fund balance is comprised of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned items, which equal 93.6 percent of the fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is 6.4 percent.

General Fund – The fund balance increased by \$269,118. The fund balance at year-end is \$5,925,159. This is equal to 56.5 percent of total 2020 expenditures in the General Fund, which puts the General Fund in a solid financial position. During 2020, this fund reported \$73,559 of net transfers out as approved by the City Council.

General Fund operating results are summarized as follows:

	2020	2019
Fund balance – beginning of year	\$ 5,656,041	\$ 5,560,988
Additions		
Revenue	10,822,337	10,195,195
Other sources – transfers in		
and sale of capital assets	1,026,891	317,930
Total additions	11,849,228	10,513,125
Deletions		
Expenditures	10,480,110	9,818,072
Other uses – transfers out	1,100,000	600,000
Total deletions	11,580,110	10,418,072
Fund balance – end of year	\$ 5,925,159	\$ 5,656,041

Of this fund balance, \$5,626,756 is unassigned. The City has established a minimum unassigned fund balance policy of 40.0–50.0 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures. At year-end, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 49.1 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures. This amount is needed to provide for General Fund operations during the first half of the year, since the City does not receive any significant money from its main revenue source—property taxes—until July of each year. The City reported \$1,430 of equity restricted for specific purposes in the General Fund at year-end. Also, \$287,799 was assigned for the subsequent year's budget, while \$9,174 was considered nonspendable for prepaid items.

General Fund Revenues – The following is an analysis of 2020 General Fund revenue:

Revenue	Original 2020 Budget	Final 2020 Budget	2020 Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget	Percent Over (Under) Final Budget
Property taxes	\$ 6,320,973	\$ 6,320,973	\$ 6,335,156	\$ 14,183	0.2 %
Special assessments	_	_	37,876	37,876	_
Licenses and permits	441,700	441,700	536,823	95,123	21.5
Intergovernmental	2,308,457	2,308,457	2,736,898	428,441	18.6
Charges for services	622,844	622,844	482,046	(140,798)	(22.6)
Fines and forfeitures	285,500	285,500	137,250	(148,250)	(51.9)
Franchise fee tax	382,000	382,000	379,482	(2,518)	(0.7)
Interest and dividends	75,000	75,000	78,825	3,825	5.1
Net change in fair value of					
investments	_	_	86,983	86,983	_
Miscellaneous	9,000	9,000	10,998	1,998	22.2
Totals	\$ 10,445,474	\$ 10,445,474	\$ 10,822,337	\$ 376,863	3.6

Overall, revenues were over budget by 3.6 percent as presented in the table above. The largest variances were in licenses and permits, which were higher, due to additional construction activity and conservative budgeting for this less predictable revenue source, and intergovernmental revenues, which were higher, due to community development grants for the Parker Station Flats that were not budgeted for. Property taxes were over budget by \$14,183, coming within 0.2 percent of the amount projected in the budget.

General Fund Expenditures – The following is an analysis of 2020 General Fund expenditures:

Category	Original 2020 Budget	Final 2020 Budget	2020 Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget	Percent Over (Under) Final Budget
General government	\$ 975,123	\$ 975,123	\$ 981,559	\$ 6,436	0.7 %
Community development	494,612	494,612	827,215	332,603	67.2
Public safety	6,141,444	6,141,444	5,686,222	(455,222)	(7.4)
Recreation	1,393,549	1,393,549	1,152,950	(240,599)	(17.3)
Public works	1,998,612	1,998,612	1,832,164	(166,448)	(8.3)
Totals	\$ 11,003,340	\$ 11,003,340	\$ 10,480,110	\$ (523,230)	(4.8)

General Fund expenditures were \$523,230, or 4.8 percent, under budget as presented in the table above. Savings were largely in personal services (\$635,321) and supplies (\$44,958), which were partially offset by other services and charges coming in over budget by \$157,036. Expenditures were under budget, due in part to shared restraint by all departments and difficulty hiring open positions.

The budget for the General Fund was not amended during the year.

Other Major Governmental Funds – The City reported five other major governmental funds in 2020:

REDA General Development Special Revenue Fund – The REDA General Development Special Revenue Fund has a total fund balance of \$8,701,686, which is restricted for community development. The net increase in fund balance during the year was \$381,319, with community development revenue and other financing sources exceeding spending in the current year.

REDA TIF Development Special Revenue Fund – The REDA TIF Development Special Revenue Fund has a total fund balance deficit of \$4,207,912, which will be reduced with the sale of property held for resale and future tax increments. The net increase in fund balance during the year was \$148,325. The City will need to consider other sources if future tax increments are not sufficient to cover the current fund balance deficit.

REDA Tax Increment Debt Service Fund – The REDA Tax Increment Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$448,450. The net decrease in fund balance during the year was \$3,653,084, primarily due to the 2019A issuance of \$3,460,000 of General Obligation Tax Increment Refunding Bonds being used to refund General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds, Series 2010A in early 2020.

General Debt Service Fund – The General Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,729,289, which is restricted for future debt payments. The net increase in fund balance during the year was \$18,050. Revenues and other financing sources exceeded current year expenditures as anticipated with approved debt financing plans.

PIR Capital Projects Fund – The PIR Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$6,624,052, which is dedicated to street reconstruction projects. The net increase in fund balance for the year was \$1,570,417. The results are in line with the City's capital improvement plan. The current year increase includes unspent proceeds from bonds issued during the year for street projects.

Proprietary Funds – The City's proprietary funds provide the same information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the City's enterprise funds totaled \$15,022,644 at the end of the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets – At the end of 2020, the City had \$75,711,652 invested, net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets. This amount represents an increase of \$7,917,905, or 11.7 percent, from the prior year. During 2020, the City made expenditures for a variety of capital needs, including infrastructure improvements, for both governmental and business-type activities. The City records all capital assets, including infrastructure. Infrastructure includes roads, bridges, signals, and similar assets used by the citizens. The City's infrastructure assets are being recorded at historical or estimated historical costs in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The City started a large multi-year water treatment project that significantly increased work in progress at year-end. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the notes to basic financial statements in this report.

Long-Term Debt – At year-end, the City had \$32,316,185 in long-term liabilities outstanding, excluding the total other post-employment benefits liability and net pension liability, versus \$26,306,856 last year, an increase of \$6,009,329. The increase was due to the issuance of the 2020A improvement bonds and 2020 water revenue note offset by continuing payments being made per the debt agreements. The City completed a refunding transaction in the current year that reduced TIF bonds outstanding. More detailed information about the City's long-term debt is presented as Note 8 in the notes to basic financial statements.

The City carries an "AA+" bond rating from Standard & Poor's.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET -

Economic factors affect the preparation of the annual budgets. The City considered the following major factors when setting the fiscal 2021 budget:

- The City received additional local government aid (LGA) in 2020 as scheduled. The LGA formula and funding is expected to remain at the higher level for future years.
- The 2021 General Fund levy provides for a 2021 budget to allow compliance with the City's unassigned fund balance policy.
- Investment income is expected to remain at low levels, due to the low interest rate environment.
- Extension of franchise fees to June 2023.
- There has been an increase in building permit activity the past couple of years and it is expected to continue at a moderate rate in 2021.
- Continued progress with the City's Long-Term Infrastructure Replacement Program.

Additionally, the following actions were taken in regards to the current year budget that will be continued:

- Decision to maintain fund balance levels to offset any potential future state aid reductions to balance General Fund budgets.
- Increase in utility rates as anticipated with recent rate studies and ongoing reviews completed.
- Review of staffing as vacancies occur to determine options for organizational changes or service reductions.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is designated to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in government finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Director, 4100 Lakeview Avenue North, Robbinsdale, Minnesota 55422. This report is also available on the City's website at www.robbinsdalemn.com/finance.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 27,494,743	\$ 17,182,417	\$ 44,677,160
Accrued interest	129,910	69,255	199,165
Taxes	170,808	-	170,808
Special assessments	1,260,002	300,960	1,560,962
Accounts	219,464	1,525,075	1,744,539
Due from other governments	502,766	677,488	1,180,254
Notes	505,815	077,400	505,815
Inventories	505,615	539,360	539,360
Properties held for resale	1,571,692	557,500	1,571,692
Prepaid items	43,803	87,998	131,801
Net pension asset – fire relief	384,764	67,776	384,764
Capital assets	304,704		304,704
Not depreciated	1,847,835	9,409,614	11,257,449
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	31,697,102	32,757,101	64,454,203
Total assets	65,828,704	62,549,268	128,377,972
Total assets	03,828,704	02,349,208	120,377,972
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	_	137,312	137,312
OPEB plan deferments	366,181	78,105	444,286
Pension plan deferments – PERA	1,687,162	88,455	1,775,617
Pension plan deferments – fire relief	197,866		197,866
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,251,209	303,872	2,555,081
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 68,079,913	\$ 62,853,140	\$ 130,933,053
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 365,982	\$ 478,004	\$ 843,986
Accrued salaries and benefits	258,364	17,623	275,987
Contracts payable	28,913	1,062,548	1,091,461
Due to other governments	932	44,573	45,505
Accrued interest payable	144,132	189,440	333,572
Unearned revenue	458,772	1,510	460,282
Deposits	23,377	71,706	95,083
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	1,184,000	1,505,904	2,689,904
Due in more than one year	10,854,300	18,771,981	29,626,281
Total OPEB liability – due in more than one year	951,440	202,939	1,154,379
Net pension liability – due in more than one year	5,301,268	852,493	6,153,761
Total liabilities	19,571,480	23,198,721	42,770,201
Deferred inflows of resources			
OPEB plan deferments	27,404	5,845	33,249
Pension plan deferments – PERA	1,946,567	34,238	1,980,805
Pension plan deferments – Fixe relief	358,623	34,236	358,623
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,332,594	40,083	2,372,677
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	26,954,967	24,591,692	51,546,659
Restricted for	20,934,907	24,391,092	31,340,039
	64.729		(4.729
Public safety equipment	64,738	_	64,738
Specific purposes	1,430	_	1,430
Debt service	2,807,159	_	2,807,159
Fire relief pensions	224,007	_	224,007
Community development	8,795,563	15.000.541	8,795,563
Unrestricted Total net position	7,327,975 46,175,839	15,022,644 39,614,336	22,350,619 85,790,175
•			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 68,079,913	\$ 62,853,140	\$ 130,933,053

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and	l
Changes in Net Position	

		Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Ca Gran	pital its and ibutions		Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 1,072,272	\$ 980,625	\$ 68,153	\$	_	\$ (23,494)	\$ -	\$ (23,494)
Community development	1,556,931	103,053	363,513	Ψ	_	(1,090,365)	_	(1,090,365)
Public safety	6,016,114	208,818	392,356		_	(5,414,940)	_	(5,414,940)
Recreation	1,617,601	54,995	2,216		_	(1,560,390)	_	(1,560,390)
Public works	3,009,376	106,445	163,500	6	71,811	(2,067,620)	_	(2,067,620)
Interest on long-term debt	288,225	_	_		_	(288,225)	_	(288,225)
Total governmental								
activities	13,560,519	1,453,936	989,738	6	71,811	(10,445,034)	_	(10,445,034)
Business-type activities								
Water utility	1,222,923	2,174,961	1,886		-	_	953,924	953,924
Sanitary sewer utility	1,835,652	2,436,168	247		_	_	600,763	600,763
Storm sewer utility	898,613	1,344,510	14,529		_	_	460,426	460,426
Solid waste removal	1,694,034	1,981,753	36,548		_	_	324,267	324,267
Liquor operations	3,738,459	3,899,916	854		_	_	162,311	162,311
Broadway Court	696,459	887,385	_		_	_	190,926	190,926
Deputy Registrar	430,677	390,597	607				(39,473)	(39,473)
Total business-type activities	10,516,817	13,115,290	54,671				2,653,144	2,653,144
Total government	\$24,077,336	\$14,569,226	\$ 1,044,409	\$ 6	71,811	(10,445,034)	2,653,144	(7,791,890)
	General revenue	es						
	Property taxe	es				7,436,490	_	7,436,490
	Tax incremen	nts				732,964	_	732,964
	Unrestricted	grants and contr	ibutions			3,107,407	_	3,107,407
	Franchise fee					758,964	-	758,964
		investment earn				344,933	179,258	524,191
		n fair value of in	vestments			399,879	212,132	612,011
	Land sales	_				213,331	_	213,331
	Gain on sale	of assets				76,039	_	76,039
	Transfers		1			582,111	(582,111)	
	Total ge	neral revenues a	and transfers			13,652,118	(190,721)	13,461,397
	Change	in net position				3,207,084	2,462,423	5,669,507
	Net position – b	peginning, as pre	eviously reported	l		42,968,755	37,417,441	80,386,196
	Prior period adj						(265,528)	(265,528)
	Net position – b	beginning, as res	tated			42,968,755	37,151,913	80,120,668
	Net position – e	ending				\$46,175,839	\$39,614,336	\$85,790,175



READER'S NOTES:

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is established to account for the revenue and expenditures to carry out basic governmental services to the residents of the City, such as general government, community development, public safety, recreation, public works, and human services. Revenue is recorded by source; i.e., taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and miscellaneous revenue. General Fund expenditures are made primarily for current day-to-day operations and operating equipment and are recorded by major functional classifications and by operating departments. This fund accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority (REDA) General Development Fund

This fund was established by the REDA to promote development and/or redevelopment with the use of funds other than tax increment financing (TIF). Revenue is generated through the repayment of business assistance loans, sale of land and redeveloped houses, and a small property tax levy (limited by state statutes). Uses of these funds are at the discretion of the REDA Board.

REDA TIF Development Fund

This fund was established by the REDA to promote development and/or redevelopment through the use of TIF. Revenue is generated by the additional property taxes generated by new development facilitated by the REDA. Uses of these funds include land acquisition, demolition, and construction of public infrastructure.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

REDA Tax Increment Fund

This fund was established to account for the payment of principal and interest on the tax increment bond issue. The City issued tax increment bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the City on behalf of the REDA. The tax increment income generated by the REDA is pledged for the retirement of these bonds.

General Debt Service Fund

This fund was established to account for the repayment of principal and interest on obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the City, other than those accounted for in enterprise funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Permanent Improvement Revolving (PIR) Fund

The PIR Fund was established by the City Charter, Chapter 7, and designated per Section 315 of the City Code to finance the construction, maintenance, and/or repair of assessable and nonassessable improvements related to the City's Traffic and Transportation Program. It also accounts for funds allocated to the City as municipal state aid for highway construction.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

			Special Revenue				Debt Service		
				REDA General	REDA TIF		REDA		
		General	D	evelopment	D	evelopment	Tax Increment		
		Fund		Fund		Fund	-	Fund	
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	6,042,080	\$	2,893,173	\$	95,004	\$	445,682	
Receivables									
Accrued interest		34,081		15,095		24		1,888	
Taxes		156,562		6,544		_		2,558	
Special assessments		83,402		_		_		_	
Accounts		108,874		6,810		_		_	
Due from other governments		17,265		_		_		_	
Notes		_		88,635		_		_	
Property held for resale		_		1,520,640		51,052		_	
Prepaid items		9,174		_		_		_	
Advance to other funds				4,271,311					
Total assets	\$	6,451,438	\$	8,802,208	\$	146,080	\$	450,128	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	166,455	\$	557	\$	82,681	\$	1,678	
Accrued salaries and benefits	_	100,439	_	_	7		7	_	
Contracts payable		_		_		_		_	
Due to other governments		185		_		_		_	
Unearned revenue		41,592		_		_		_	
Deposits		17,289		6,088		_		_	
Advance from other funds		_		_		4,271,311		_	
Total liabilities		325,960		6,645		4,353,992		1,678	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue – property taxes		116,917		5,242		_		_	
Unavailable revenue – special assessments		83,402		-,		_		_	
Unavailable revenue – notes		_		88,635		_		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		200,319		93,877				_	
Fund balances (deficits)									
Nonspendable		9,174		_		_		_	
Restricted		1,430		8,701,686		_		448,450	
Committed				-		_		-	
Assigned		287,799		_		_		_	
Unassigned		5,626,756		_		(4,207,912)		_	
Total fund balances (deficits)		5,925,159	-	8,701,686		(4,207,912)		448,450	
		5,725,157		3,701,000		(1,207,712)	-	110,150	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	6,451,438	\$	8,802,208	\$	146,080	\$	450,128	
resources, and fund varances	φ	0,431,430	φ	0,002,200	Ф	140,000	φ	450,120	

	General ebt Service Fund	In	Capital Projects Permanent Improvement Revolving Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	1,716,030	\$	6,047,623	\$	3,038,157	\$	20,277,749
	4,483		28,739		13,941		98,251
	5,144		_		_		170,808
	777,184		273,946		125,470		1,260,002
	_		92,587		5,936		214,207
	_		485,501		_		502,766
	_		99,950		317,230		505,815
	_		_		_		1,571,692
	_		_		_		9,174
							4,271,311
\$	2,502,841	\$	7,028,346	\$	3,500,734	\$	28,881,775
\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,899	\$	268,270
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	100,439
	_		28,913		_		28,913
	_		_		_		185
	_		99,950		317,230		458,772
	_		_		_		23,377
			_		_		4,271,311
	_		128,863		334,129		5,151,267
	_		_		_		122,159
	773,552		275,431		125,467		1,257,852
							88,635
	773,552		275,431		125,467		1,468,646
							9,174
	1,729,289		699,638		401,641		11,982,134
			813,925		1,931,726		2,745,651
	_		5,110,489		707,771		6,106,059
	_		_		_		1,418,844
	1,729,289		6,624,052		3,041,138		22,261,862
\$	2,502,841	\$	7,028,346	\$	3,500,734	\$	28,881,775



READER'S NOTES:

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 22,261,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	49,766,595 (21,448,930)
Net pension assets are only recorded in the government-wide financial statements as they are not current financial resources to governmental funds.	384,764
Due to availability, certain revenues are not recognized under the governmental fund statements until received; however, under the full accrual in the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenues are recorded when earned regardless of when received.	
Property taxes receivable	122,159
Special assessments receivable	1,257,852
Notes receivable	88,635
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs associated with central garage operations, central government services (general office, information technology, and government buildings), equipment replacement, risk insurance, and accrued benefit liabilities. The balances of these internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net	
Position.	11,346,054
Long-term liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Total OPEB liability	(900,648)
Net pension liability	(5,046,582)
Bonds and notes payable, net of unamortized discounts and premiums	(11,396,121)
Accrued interest payable	(144,132)
Governmental funds do not report certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in net position.	
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	346,633
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	1,858,602
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	(25,942)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(2,294,962)

Total net position – governmental activities

\$ 46,175<u>,</u>839

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues			Special	Debt Service	
Revenues					Dest Ber (Tee
Concess					REDA
Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund		General			
Revenues			_	_	
Property tuxes		T und	Tund	Tunu	Tunu
Tax increments	Revenues				
Special assessments	Property taxes	\$ 6,335,156	\$ 209,874	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	Tax increments	_	_	306,349	426,615
Intergovernmental	Special assessments	37,876	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	Licenses and permits	536,823	_	_	_
Charges for services 482,046 73,209 — — Land sales — 210,331 3,000 — Fines and forfeitures 137,250 — — — Franchise fee tax 379,482 — — — Interest and dividends 78,825 40,369 54 13,082 Net change in fair value of investments 86,983 49,132 57 4,063 Miscellaneous 10,998 4,954 — — — Total revenues 10,822,337 587,869 309,460 443,760 Expenditures Current —		2,736,898	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures 137,250 — — — Franchise fee tax 379,482 — <td< td=""><td>Charges for services</td><td>482,046</td><td>73,209</td><td>_</td><td>_</td></td<>	Charges for services	482,046	73,209	_	_
Fines and forfeitures 137,250 —<	Land sales	_	210,331	3,000	_
Franchise fee tax 379,482 — — — Interest and dividends 78,825 40,369 54 13,082 Net change in fair value of investments 86,983 49,132 57 4,063 Miscellaneous 10,998 4,954 — — Total revenues 10,822,337 587,869 309,460 443,760 Expenditures 2 — — — Current — — — — — Community development 827,215 452,062 161,135 9,564 Public safety 5,686,222 — — — — Recreation 1,152,950 — — — — Public works 1,832,164 — — — — — Debt service Principal — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Fines and forfeitures	137,250	_	_	_
Interest and dividends			_	_	_
Net change in fair value of investments 86,983 10,998 4,954 4,954 4,956 57 4,063 4,063 10,098 4,954 4,954 4,956 44,063 4,966			40.369	54	13.082
Miscellaneous 10,998 4,954 — — Total revenues 10,822,337 587,869 309,460 443,760 Expenditures Current Separal government 981,559 — — — General government 827,215 452,062 161,135 9,564 Public safety 5,686,222 — — — — Recreation 1,152,950 — — — — — Public works 1,832,164 — </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Total revenues 10,822,337 587,869 309,460 443,760				_	-
Expenditures Current General government 981,559 -				309,460	443,760
Current General government 981,559 — — — Community development 827,215 452,062 161,135 9,564 Public safety 5,686,222 — — — Recreation 1,152,950 — — — Public works 1,832,164 — — — Debt service — — — — — Principal — — — — 190,000 Interest and fiscal charges — — — — 162,280 Capital outlay and improvements —<		, ,	,	,	,
General government 981,559 - <td>Expenditures</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures				
Community development 827,215 452,062 161,135 9,564 Public safety 5,686,222 - - - Recreation 1,152,950 - - - Public works 1,832,164 - - - Debt service - - - - 190,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - - 162,280 Capital outlay and improvements - - - - - Total expenditures 10,480,110 452,062 161,135 361,844 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 342,227 135,807 148,325 81,916 Other financing sources (uses) - - - - - Issuance of debt - - - - - Premium on debt issuance - - - - - Payments on refunded debt - - - - - Transfers in	Current				
Public safety 5,686,222 — — — Recreation 1,152,950 — — — Public works 1,832,164 — — — Debt service — — — — — Principal — — — — 162,280 Capital outlay and improvements — — — — — Total expenditures 10,480,110 452,062 161,135 361,844 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 342,227 135,807 148,325 81,916 Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of debt — — — — — Permium on debt issuance —	General government	981,559	_	_	_
Recreation 1,152,950 -	Community development	827,215	452,062	161,135	9,564
Public works	Public safety	5,686,222	_	_	_
Debt service Principal — — — — 190,000 Interest and fiscal charges —	Recreation	1,152,950	_	_	_
Debt service Principal — — — — 190,000 Interest and fiscal charges —	Public works	1,832,164	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt service				
Interest and fiscal charges	Principal	_	_	_	190,000
Capital outlay and improvements — <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>162,280</td></t<>	-	_	_	_	162,280
Total expenditures 10,480,110 452,062 161,135 361,844 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 342,227 135,807 148,325 81,916 Other financing sources (uses) 342,227 135,807 148,325 81,916 Other financing sources (uses) ————————————————————————————————————		_	_	_	_
(under) expenditures 342,227 135,807 148,325 81,916 Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of debt - - - - Premium on debt issuance - - - - Payments on refunded debt - - - - Sale of capital assets 450 - - - Transfers in 1,026,441 245,512 - - Transfers (out) (1,100,000) - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (73,109) 245,512 - (3,735,000) Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534		10,480,110	452,062	161,135	361,844
(under) expenditures 342,227 135,807 148,325 81,916 Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of debt - - - - Premium on debt issuance - - - - Payments on refunded debt - - - - Sale of capital assets 450 - - - Transfers in 1,026,441 245,512 - - Transfers (out) (1,100,000) - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (73,109) 245,512 - (3,735,000) Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534					
Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of debt - - - - Premium on debt issuance - - - - Payments on refunded debt - - - - - Sale of capital assets 450 - - - - Transfers in 1,026,441 245,512 - - - Transfers (out) (1,100,000) -					
Issuance of debt —	(under) expenditures	342,227	135,807	148,325	81,916
Issuance of debt —	Other financing sources (uses)				
Premium on debt issuance - </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>		_	_	_	_
Payments on refunded debt — — — (3,735,000) Sale of capital assets 450 — — — Transfers in 1,026,441 245,512 — — Transfers (out) (1,100,000) — — — — Total other financing sources (uses) (73,109) 245,512 — (3,735,000) Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534		_	_	_	_
Sale of capital assets 450 — — — — Transfers in 1,026,441 245,512 — — — Transfers (out) (1,100,000) — — — — — Total other financing sources (uses) (73,109) 245,512 — (3,735,000) Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534		_	_	_	(3,735,000)
Transfers in Transfers (out) 1,026,441 245,512 -		450	_	_	_
Transfers (out) (1,100,000) - 3735,000 Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534			245.512	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses) (73,109) 245,512 — (3,735,000) Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534				_	_
Net change in fund balance 269,118 381,319 148,325 (3,653,084) Fund balances (deficits) 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534			245.512		(3.735.000)
Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534	Total olilot manering sources (uses)	(15,10)			(2,722,000)
Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534	Net change in fund balance	269,118	381,319	148,325	(3,653,084)
Beginning of year 5,656,041 8,320,367 (4,356,237) 4,101,534	Fund balances (deficits)				
End of year \$ 5,925,159 \$ 8,701,686 \$ (4,207,912) \$ 448,450	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,656,041	8,320,367	(4,356,237)	4,101,534
	End of year	\$ 5,925,159	\$ 8,701,686	\$ (4,207,912)	\$ 448,450

Debt Service	Capital Projects		
General	Permanent Improvement		Total
Debt Service	Revolving	Nonmajor	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Ф 047 001	Ф	Ф	Ф. 7.202.021
\$ 847,901	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,392,931 732,964
249,792	127,624	37,395	452,687
240,702	-	-	536,823
_	647,851	1,162,449	4,547,198
_	51,472	47,146	653,873
_	_	_	213,331
_	_	_	137,250
_	379,482	_	758,964
11,507	78,270	35,553	257,660
13,654	96,149	41,766	291,804
	3,932	29,877	49,761
1,122,854	1,384,780	1,354,186	16,025,246
_	_	3,206	984,765
_	_	100,000	1,549,976
_	_	27,223	5,713,445
_	_	25,049	1,177,999
_	283,710	_	2,115,874
915,000	_	_	1,105,000
211,429	_	_	373,709
	598,142	95,583	693,725
1,126,429	881,852	251,061	13,714,493
(3,575)	502,928	1,103,125	2,310,753
_	830,000	615,000	1,445,000
21,625	144,724	108,415	274,764
_	_	_	(3,735,000)
_	_	_	450
_	150,000	450,000	1,871,953
	(57,235)	(1,408,086)	(2,565,321)
21,625	1,067,489	(234,671)	(2,708,154)
18,050	1,570,417	868,454	(397,401)
1,711,239	5,053,635	2,172,684	22,659,263
\$ 1,729,289	\$ 6,624,052	\$ 3,041,138	\$ 22,261,862



READER'S NOTES:

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Revenues in the government-wide Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Property taxes revenue (191,104) Change in balances of notes receivable (2,283) Net change due to internal service funds are incorporated into the Statement of Activities. Net change in operations (net of investment income) Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities. Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay and improvements Depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation in the current period. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on not position. Also, governmental funds whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issued (including premium on current year bonds) Capital outlay and improvements and discounts. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in notal OPEB liability Change in accrued interest payable Governmental funds do not report additions or deletions to certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in the change in net positi	Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$ (397,401)
are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Property taxes revenue Special assessments revenue (191,104) Change in balances of notes receivable (2,283) Net change due to internal service funds are incorporated into the Statement of Activities. Net change in operations (net of investment income) Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation expense. Net pension assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issuade (including premium on current year bonds) Amortization of premiums and discounts General obligation principal repayments Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in total OPEB liability Change in out of the change in net position. Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments Deferred ou	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Special assessments revenue Change in balances of notes receivable Change in balances of notes receivable Ctange in balances of notes receivable Net change due to internal service funds are incorporated into the Statement of Activities. Net change in operations (net of investment income) Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay and improvements Depreciation expense (1,444,735) Net pension assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the affect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issued (including premiums and discounts General obligation principal repayments Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in total OPEB liability Change in not pension liability Change in not pension liability Change in accrued interest payable Governmental funds do not report additions or deletions to certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in the change in net position. Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments Def		
Net change due to internal service funds are incorporated into the Statement of Activities. Net change in operations (net of investment income) 1968,993 Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities 195,348 Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation expense. Net pension assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the affect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issued (including premium on current year bonds) Chenge in total OPEB liability Change in total OPEB liability Change in net pension liability Change in actrued interest payable Governmental funds do not report additions or deletions to certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in the change in net position. Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – Depsion plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	• •	
Net change due to internal service funds are incorporated into the Statement of Activities. Net change in operations (net of investment income) Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay and improvements Depreciation expense Net pension assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the affect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issued (including premium on current year bonds) Amortization of premiums and discounts General obligation principal repayments Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in total OPEB liability Change in not pension liability Change in the pension financial in the position. Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments		
Net change in operations (net of investment income) Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay and improvements Depreciation expense Net pension assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the affect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issued (including premium on current year bonds) General obligation principal repayments Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in total OPEB liability Gozyana in total OPEB liability Gozyana in accrued interest payable Governmental funds do not report additions or deletions to certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in the change in net position. Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – Desion plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	Change in balances of notes receivable	(2,283)
Investment income recognized in the Statement of Activities Governmental funds report capital outlays and improvements as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays and improvements exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay and improvements Depreciation expense Net pension assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the affect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Bonds issued (including premium on current year bonds) General obligation principal repayments Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in total OPEB liability Change in net pension liability Governmental funds do not report additions or deletions to certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in the change in net position. Deferred outflows of resources — OPEB plan deferments Deferred outflows of resources — OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources — opension plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources — opension plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources — opension plan deferments 1,421,923	Net change due to internal service funds are incorporated into the Statement of Activities.	
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Governmental funds do not report additions or deletions to certain long-term amounts related to pensions that are included in the change in net position. Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments (742,673) Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments 2,055 Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments 1,421,923		
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Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments 1,421,923		
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Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments 1,421,923		
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Change in net position – governmental activities \$\\ 3,207,084	Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	 1,421,923
	Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 3,207,084

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Over (Under) Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues					
Property taxes					
Current ad valorem	\$ 4,882,876	\$ 4,882,876	\$ 4,840,345	\$ (42,531)	
Delinquent ad valorem	-	Ψ 1,00 2, 070	32,926	32,926	
Other tax levy revenue	_	_	13,925	13,925	
Fiscal disparities	1,438,097	1,438,097	1,428,975	(9,122)	
Tax increment excess	-	-	18,985	18,985	
Total property taxes	6,320,973	6,320,973	6,335,156	14,183	
Special assessments	_	-	37,876	37,876	
Licenses and permits					
Business	91,250	91,250	105,827	14,577	
Nonbusiness	350,450	350,450	430,996	80,546	
Total licenses and permits	441,700	441,700	536,823	95,123	
Intergovernmental					
Federal grants	3,000	3,000	15,161	12,161	
State aids and grants					
Local government aid	1,975,457	1,975,457	1,982,591	7,134	
Police and fire pension	285,000	285,000	308,540	23,540	
Other state aids and grants	45,000	45,000	430,606	385,606	
Total state aid	2,305,457	2,305,457	2,721,737	416,280	
Total intergovernmental	2,308,457	2,308,457	2,736,898	428,441	
Charges for services					
General government	427,444	427,444	390,439	(37,005)	
Public safety	95,400	95,400	42,951	(52,449)	
Recreation	100,000	100,000	48,656	(51,344)	
Total charges for services	622,844	622,844	482,046	(140,798)	
Fines and forfeitures	285,500	285,500	137,250	(148,250)	
Franchise fee tax	382,000	382,000	379,482	(2,518)	
Interest and dividends	75,000	75,000	78,825	3,825	
Net change in fair value of investments	_	-	86,983	86,983	
Miscellaneous	9,000	9,000	10,998	1,998	
Total revenues	10,445,474	10,445,474	10,822,337	376,863	

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Expenditures					
General government					
Personal services	1,076,605	1,076,605	1,106,217	29,612	
Supplies	19,650	19,650	16,784	(2,866)	
Other services and charges	670,658	670,658	650,342	(20,316)	
Amounts charged to other funds	(791,790)	(791,790)	(791,784)	(20,310)	
Total general government	975,123	975,123	981,559	6,436	
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Community development					
Personal services	440,872	440,872	412,937	(27,935)	
Supplies	1,600	1,600	771	(829)	
Other services and charges	52,140	52,140	413,507	361,367	
Total community development	494,612	494,612	827,215	332,603	
Public safety					
Personal services	4,575,556	4,575,556	4,149,489	(426,067)	
Supplies	145,175	145,175	176,967	31,792	
Other services and charges	1,538,642	1,538,642	1,477,690	(60,952)	
Amounts charged to other funds	(117,929)	(117,929)	(117,924)	5	
Total public safety	6,141,444	6,141,444	5,686,222	(455,222)	
Recreation					
Personal services	933,536	933,536	808,432	(125,104)	
Supplies	90,650	90,650	48,930	(41,720)	
Other services and charges	369,363	369,363	295,588	(73,775)	
Total recreation	1,393,549	1,393,549	1,152,950	(240,599)	
Public works					
Personal services	1,082,160	1,082,160	996,333	(85,827)	
Supplies	146,425	146,425	115,090	(31,335)	
Other services and charges	867,109	867,109	817,821	(49,288)	
Amounts charged to other funds	(97,082)	(97,082)	(97,080)	2	
Total public works	1,998,612	1,998,612	1,832,164	(166,448)	
Total public works	1,770,012	1,550,012	1,032,101	(100,110)	
Total expenditures	11,003,340	11,003,340	10,480,110	(523,230)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(557,866)	(557,866)	342,227	900,093	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	_	_	450	450	
Transfers in	315,000	315,000	1,026,441	711,441	
Transfers (out)	, _	, _	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	315,000	315,000	(73,109)	(388,109)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (242,866)	\$ (242,866)	269,118	\$ 511,984	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year			5,656,041		
End of year			\$ 5,925,159		
y 			, 2,, 20,107		

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority General Development Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		er (Under)	
	(Original		Final		Amounts		al Budget
Davanuas								
Revenues Property taxes								
Current ad valorem	\$	164,828	\$	170,078	\$	162,972	\$	(7,106)
	Ф	104,626	Ф	170,078	Ф	925	Ф	925
Delinquent ad valorem		_		_				
Other tax levy revenue		45 000		44.700		395		395
Fiscal disparities		45,889		44,700		45,582		882
Total property taxes		210,717		214,778		209,874		(4,904)
Charges for services								
Community development								
Loan repayments and rents		254,600		263,415		73,209		(190,206)
Land sales		229,500		107,000		210,331		103,331
Interest and dividends		30,000		30,000		40,369		10,369
Net change in fair value of investments		_		_		49,132		49,132
Miscellaneous		196,413		67,014		4,954		(62,060)
Total revenues		921,230	•	682,207		587,869		(94,338)
Expenditures								
Community development								
Personal services		4,500		3,900		3,840		(60)
Supplies		500		350		305		(45)
Project costs		775,350		247,952		119,534		(128,418)
Other services and charges		115,435		346,223		328,383		(17,840)
Total expenditures		895,785		598,425		452,062		(146,363)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over expenditures		25,445		83,782		135,807		52,025
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in				350,000		245,512		(104,488)
Transfers (out)		_		(104,488)		243,312		104,488
Total other financing sources (uses)				245,512		245,512		104,400
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	243,312		243,312	•	
Net change in fund balance	\$	25,445	\$	329,294		381,319	\$	52,025
Fund balances								
Beginning of year						8,320,367		
End of year					\$	8,701,686		

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority TIF Development Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Over (Under)		
		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Tax increment	\$	186,708	\$	306,342	\$	306,349	\$	7
Land sales		130,000		106,330		3,000		(103,330)
Interest and dividends		_		_		54		54
Net change in fair value of investments		_		_		57		57
Total revenues		316,708		412,672		309,460		(103,212)
Expenditures								
Community development								
Other services and charges		6,040		11,303		948		(10,355)
Project costs		219,513		116,360		8,675		(107,685)
Payments on TIF pay-as-you-go notes		215,420		151,509		151,512		3
Interest and fiscal charges		117,400		115,750				(115,750)
Total expenditures		558,373		394,922		161,135		(233,787)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(241,665)	\$	17,750		148,325	\$	130,575
Fund balances (deficits)								
Beginning of year						(4,356,237)		
End of year					\$	(4,207,912)		



READER'S NOTES:

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise funds are established to account for the financing of self-supporting activities of governmental units, which render goods or services to the general public on a user charge basis.

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Below is a list of the major enterprise funds reported in the basic financial statements. These funds are included within the business-type activities section of the government-wide financial statements.

Water Utility Fund

The fund was established by the City Charter, Chapter 11, to account for the water system, owned and operated by the City.

Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund

The fund was established by the City Charter, Chapter 11, to account for the sanitary sewer system. The City is provided services, for a fee based on usage, by the Metropolitan Council Environmental Services (MCES). The City is responsible for all lateral lines, while the MCES is responsible for all trunk lines and the treatment and disposal of wastewater.

Storm Sewer Utility Fund

The City Council established the fund under provisions of the utility ordinance, to account for revenue collected and expenditures made to maintain the City's storm drainage system.

Solid Waste Removal Fund

The City Council established the fund, under provisions of the utility ordinance, to account for revenue collected and expenditures made to provide garbage removal on a city-wide basis.

Liquor Operations Fund

Minnesota Statutes allow municipalities to operate off-sale liquor establishments to control the sale of alcohol to minors. The City operates an off-sale liquor business to control this substance and as a source of revenue to the Capital Improvement Fund – Park Improvement Program.

Broadway Court Fund

This fund was established in 1999 to account for the rental operations of the Broadway Court Senior Housing Complex. Broadway Court is owned by the Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority (REDA), and operated by a management firm under contract with the REDA. The operations include rental of apartments to active seniors and the rental of retail space on the first level.

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND

Deputy Registrar Fund

The City Council established the fund in 1991 to segregate this self-supporting activity. The City has contractual agreements with the Minnesota Department of Vehicle Services and the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources to provide this service. The City collects a fee for each transaction processed. Excess earnings are generally used to support the General Fund.

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

			Pusinosa Tyma Astivitia	sa Entarprisa Funda
	Water	Sanitary Sewer	Business-Type Activitie Storm Sewer	Solid Waste
	Utility Fund	Utility Fund	Utility Fund	Removal Fund
Assets				
Current assets Cash and investments	\$ 6,378,214	\$ 1,785,943	\$ 2,472,556	\$ 3,272,016
Receivables	\$ 0,576,214	\$ 1,765,945	\$ 2,472,330	\$ 5,272,010
Accrued interest	24,383	7,586	3,421	18,654
Special assessments	300,960	-	-	-
Accounts	340,125	446,472	248,574	421,388
Due from other governments	663,092	_	14,396	,
Inventories	4,099	_	_	_
Prepaid items	_	75,923	_	_
Total current assets	7,710,873	2,315,924	2,738,947	3,712,058
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Land	56,155	23,000	217,389	_
Buildings and structures	201,302	354,923	_	_
Utility system	14,303,488	12,725,046	10,328,725	_
Other improvements	762,476	421,851	1,762,503	_
Leasehold improvements	_	_	_	_
Mobile equipment	_	317,208	214,568	_
Machinery and office equipment	215,236	93,795	108,989	_
Work in progress	8,183,120	265,863	549,087	_
Accumulated depreciation	(6,949,356)	(3,956,511)	(3,155,841)	
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	16,772,421	10,245,175	10,025,420	
Total assets	24,483,294	12,561,099	12,764,367	3,712,058
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	_	_	_	_
OPEB plan deferments	19,549	9,774	4,887	_
Pension plan deferments – PERA	17,251	9,543	5,138	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	36,800	19,317	10,025	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 24,520,094	\$ 12,580,416	\$ 12,774,392	\$ 3,712,058
	+,,	+,,	+,,	+,
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	¢ 54.702	e 5.026	¢ 24.007	¢ 154.156
Accounts payable	\$ 54,793 4,134	\$ 5,936 643	\$ 34,987 2,291	\$ 154,156
Accrued salaries and benefits		18,797	2,291 35,483	_
Contracts payable Due to other governments	1,008,268	3,093	33,463	264
Accrued interest payable	90,511	32,711	42,999	204
Unearned revenue	90,311	52,711	42,999	
Deposits	_		_	
Compensated absences	_	_	_	_
Bonds and notes payable	455,904	480,000	320,000	_
Total current liabilities	1,613,610	541,180	435,760	154,420
Total current montacs	1,013,010	541,100	433,700	134,420
Noncurrent liabilities	50 502	25.205	42.000	
Total OPEB liability	50,793	25,396	12,698	_
Net pension liability	166,254	91,970	49,522	_
Compensated absences	0.702.162	2.725.042	4.005.000	_
Bonds and notes payable (net of unamortized discounts and premiums)	9,702,162	2,725,942	4,085,666	
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,919,209	2,843,308	4,147,886	
Total liabilities	11,532,819	3,384,488	4,583,646	154,420
Deferred inflows of resources				
OPEB plan deferments	1,463	731	366	_
Pension plan deferments – PERA	6,677	3,694	1,989	
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,140	4,425	2,355	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	7,482,237	7,352,330	7,004,325	_
Unrestricted	5,496,898	1,839,173	1,184,066	3,557,638
Total net position	12,979,135	9,191,503	8,188,391	3,557,638
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 24,520,094	\$ 12,580,416	\$ 12,774,392	\$ 3,712,058

Liquor Operations Fund			Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
** **						
\$ 684,339	\$ 2,089,044	\$ 500,305	\$ 17,182,417	\$ 7,216,994		
4,917	6,784	3,510	69,255 300,960	31,659		
_	2,069	66,447	1,525,075 677,488	5,257		
535,261	_	_	539,360	- 24 620		
12,075 1,236,592	2,097,897	570,262	87,998 20,382,553	34,629 7,288,539		
_	115,000 7,574,888		411,544 8,131,113	98,773 2,370,324		
-	-	_	37,357,259	-		
40,866	39,309	_	2,946,830 80,175	1,028,204		
_	-	_	531,776	6,284,150		
78,230	349,216	18,137	863,603	1,608,957		
(39,386)	(3,034,424)	(18,137)	8,998,070 (17,153,655)	61,584 (6,224,720)		
79,710	5,043,989		42,166,715	5,227,272		
1,316,302	7,141,886	570,262	62,549,268	12,515,811		
_	137,312	_	137,312	_		
24,391	_	19,504	78,105	19,548		
33,033 57,424	137,312	23,490 42,994	88,455 303,872	26,426 45,974		
\$ 1,373,726	\$ 7,279,198	\$ 613,256	\$ 62,853,140	\$ 12,561,785		
\$ 204,747	\$ 22,683	\$ 702	\$ 478,004	\$ 97,712		
6,251	_	4,304	17,623 1,062,548	157,925		
41,216	_	_	44,573	747		
_	23,219	_	189,440	_		
1,510	71,706	_	1,510 71,706	_		
_	71,700	_	71,700	74,000		
_	250,000		1,505,904			
253,724	367,608	5,006	3,371,308	330,384		
63,375	-	50,677	202,939	50,792		
318,359	_	226,388	852,493	254,686		
_	2,258,211	_	- 18,771,981	568,179		
381,734	2,258,211	277,065	19,827,413	873,657		
635,458	2,625,819	282,071	23,198,721	1,204,041		
1,825	-	1,460	5,845	1,462		
12,786		9,092	34,238	10,228		
14,611		10,552	40,083	11,690		
79,710	2,673,090	-	24,591,692	5,227,272		
643,947 723,657	1,980,289 4,653,379	320,633 320,633	15,022,644 39,614,336	6,118,782 11,346,054		
,,			,,	,,		

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Fun					
	Water Utility Fund	Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund	Storm Sewer Utility Fund	Solid Waste Removal Fund		
Sales and cost of sales						
Net sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Cost of sales						
Gross profit	-	-	-	_		
Operating revenues						
Sales, fees, and charges	2,174,961	2,436,168	1,344,510	1,981,753		
Total gross profit and operating revenues	2,174,961	2,436,168	1,344,510	1,981,753		
Operating expenses						
Personal services	324,272	148,095	168,385	_		
Supplies	62,085	7,443	107,412	1,606		
Other services and charges	535,139	1,380,412	352,281	1,692,428		
Rental charges	_	_	_	_		
Depreciation	166,536	238,089	185,071			
Total operating expenses	1,088,032	1,774,039	813,149	1,694,034		
Operating income (loss)	1,086,929	662,129	531,361	287,719		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Intergovernmental	1,886	247	14,529	36,548		
Interest and dividends	60,521	18,751	10,472	49,636		
Net change in fair value of investments	69,728	21,177	13,445	60,230		
Gain on disposal of capital assets	_	_	_	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	(134,891)	(61,613)	(85,464)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(2,756)	(21,438)	(47,018)	146,414		
Income (loss) before transfers	1,084,173	640,691	484,343	434,133		
Transfers						
Transfers in	4,024	_	725	_		
Transfers (out)	(118,048)	(13,096)	(47,733)	(200,000)		
Total transfers	(114,024)	(13,096)	(47,008)	(200,000)		
Change in net position	970,149	627,595	437,335	234,133		
Net position						
Beginning of year, as previously reported	12,351,531	8,486,891	7,751,056	3,323,505		
Prior period adjustment	(342,545)	77,017				
Beginning of year, as restated	12,008,986	8,563,908	7,751,056	3,323,505		
End of year	\$ 12,979,135	\$ 9,191,503	\$ 8,188,391	\$ 3,557,638		

Liquor Operations Fund	Broadway Court Fund	Nonmajor Deputy Registrar Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$ 3,899,916 (2,799,568)	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 3,899,916 (2,799,568)	\$ - -
1,100,348	_	-	1,100,348	-
	887,385	390,597	9,215,374	2,879,251
1,100,348	887,385	390,597	10,315,722	2,879,251
494,703 27,658	111,201 6,590	335,684 5,734	1,582,340 218,528	429,652 288,122
231,381	333,887	89,259	4,614,787	2,036,429
170,910	_	_	170,910	_
14,239 938,891	178,227 629,905	430,677	782,162 7,368,727	<u>507,806</u> <u>3,262,009</u>
161,457	257,480	(40,080)	2,946,995	(382,758)
854	_	607	54,671	683
12,171	18,245	9,462	179,258	87,273
14,101	21,880	11,571	212,132	108,075
_	-	_	- (2.40, 522)	75,589
27,126	(66,554) (26,429)	21,640	(348,522) 97,539	271,620
188,583	231,051	(18,440)	3,044,534	(111,138)
9,330 (200,000)		32,687 (50,000)	46,766 (628,877)	1,275,479
(190,670)		(17,313)	(582,111)	1,275,479
(2,087)	231,051	(35,753)	2,462,423	1,164,341
725,744	4,422,328	356,386	37,417,441 (265,528)	10,181,713
725,744	4,422,328	356,386	37,151,913	10,181,713
\$ 723,657	\$ 4,653,379	\$ 320,633	\$ 39,614,336	\$ 11,346,054

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility Fund	Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund	Storm Sewer Utility Fund	Solid Waste Removal Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers and users, including deposits Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees	\$ 2,271,866 (745,252) (317,702)	\$ 2,415,337 (1,412,523) (132,793)	\$ 1,307,689 (435,710) (160,612)	\$ 1,932,690 (1,657,743) - 274,947		
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,208,912	870,021	711,367	274,947		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers from other funds Transfers (to) other funds Intergovernmental Net cash flows from noncapital	- - 1,886	_ _ _ 	133	(200,000) 36,548		
financing activities	1,886	247	133	(163,452)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Transfers from other funds Transfers (to) other funds Acquisition of property and equipment Proceeds from the disposal of property	4,024 (118,048) (7,015,922)	(13,096) (389,702)	725 (47,733) (690,854)	- - -		
and equipment Proceeds from debt issuance Principal payments on debt Interest and fiscal charges on bonds	7,438,356 (350,000) (89,882)	555,274 (460,000) (82,761)	1,983,599 (305,000) (99,181)	- - - -		
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(131,472)	(390,285)	841,556	_		
Cash flows from investing activities Interest and changes in fair value on investments	136,976	39,959	25,878	109,571		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,216,302	519,942	1,578,934	221,066		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	5,161,912	1,266,001	893,622	3,050,950		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,378,214	\$ 1,785,943	\$ 2,472,556	\$ 3,272,016		

Liquor Operations Fund	Broadway Court Fund	Nonmajor Deputy Registrar Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
\$ 3,905,745 (3,225,985) (524,332) 155,428	\$ 889,335 (338,814) (111,201) 439,320	\$ 364,426 (96,823) (381,876) (114,273)	\$ 13,087,088 (7,912,850) (1,628,516) 3,545,722	\$ 2,898,613 (2,285,543) (744,429) (131,359)
(200,000) 854	- - -	(50,000) 607	(450,000) 40,275	388,967 - 683
(199,146)	-	(49,393)	(409,725)	389,650
9,330 - -	- - (8,005)	32,687 _ _	46,766 (178,877) (8,104,483)	886,512 - (1,055,376)
- - -	- (245,000) (58,624)	- - -	9,977,229 (1,360,000) (330,448)	208,199
9,330	(311,629)	32,687	50,187	39,335
25,425	41,933	21,150	400,892	199,355
(8,963)	169,624	(109,829)	3,587,076	496,981
693,302	1,919,420	610,134	13,595,341	6,720,013
\$ 684,339	\$ 2,089,044	\$ 500,305	\$ 17,182,417	\$ 7,216,994

Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise F							prise Funds
		Water	San	itary Sewer	Sto	orm Sewer	Sc	olid Waste
	Utility			Utility	Utility		Removal	
		Fund	Fund			Fund	Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash flows from operating activities					_			
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,086,929	\$	662,129	\$	531,361	\$	287,719
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
(loss) to net cash flows from operating activities								
Depreciation		166,536		238,089		185,071		_
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred								
outflows of resources								
Special assessments receivable		20,895		_		_		_
Accounts receivable		76,010		(20,831)		(36,821)		(49,063)
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_
Inventories		1,344		_		_		_
Prepaid items		_		1,094		_		_
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions		(4,823)		(3,743)		(1,824)		_
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB		(17,525)		(8,760)		(4,382)		_
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred								
inflows of resources								
Accounts payable		(148,576)		(18,725)		23,983		57,355
Accrued salaries and benefits		4,134		643		2,291		_
Due to other governments		(796)		(7,037)		_		(21,064)
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_
Deposits		_		_		_		_
Total OPEB liability		20,317		10,122		5,097		_
Compensated absences payable		_		_		_		_
Net pension liability		23,446		25,326		11,440		_
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions		(18,842)		(8,215)		(4,816)		_
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB		(137)		(71)		(33)		
				_		_		
Total adjustments		121,983		207,892		180,006		(12,772)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,208,912	\$	870,021	\$	711,367	\$	274,947
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities								
Capital assets purchased on account	\$	995,738	\$	(126,664)	\$	10,463	\$	_
Debt proceeds in receivables	\$	663,092	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Intergovernmental in receivables	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,396	\$	_
Amortization of bond premium (discount)	\$	19,542	\$	20,244	\$	24,625	\$	_
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

	Liquor Operations Fund		Broadway Court Fund	Nonmajor Deputy Registrar Fund		Total Enterprise Funds		1	vernmental Activities rnal Service Funds
\$	161,457	\$	257,480	\$	(40,080)	\$	2,946,995	\$	(382,758)
	14,239		178,227		_		782,162		507,806
	_		_		_		20,895		_
	6,072		(1,051)		(26,171)		(51,855)		9,048
	_		_		_		_		10,314
	21,786		_		_		23,130		
	_		_		_		1,094		12,699
	(7,349)		_		(4,158)		(21,897)		(6,542)
	(20,848)		_		(15,961)		(67,476)		(17,524)
	(18,718)		1,663		(1,600)		(104,618)		25,562
	6,251		_		4,304		17,623		(308,129)
	464		_		(230)		(28,663)		747
	(243)		_		_		(243)		_
	_		3,001		_		3,001		_
	10,023		_		(2,675)		42,884		20,316
	_		_		_		_		1,649
	23,222		_		4,242		87,676		26,193
	(39,953)		_		(30,604)		(102,430)		(30,602)
	(975)		_		(1,340)		(2,556)		(138)
	(6,029)		181,840		(74,193)		598,727		251,399
\$	155,428	\$	439,320	\$	(114,273)	\$	3,545,722	\$	(131,359)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	879,537	\$	_
	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	663,092	\$	_
\$ \$ \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,396	\$	_
\$	_	\$	5,286	\$	_	\$	69,697	\$	_
\$	_	\$	15,257	\$	_	\$	15,257	\$	_

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund Deputy Registra	
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 160,43	7
Liabilities Due to other governments	160,43	7
Net position	\$	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 ustodial Fund puty Registrar
Additions Licensing fees and sales tax collections for other governments	\$ 12,426,625
Deductions Payments of licensing fees and sales tax to other governments	 12,426,625
Change in fiduciary net position	_
Net position Beginning of year	
End of year	\$ _

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

The City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota (the City) operates under the "Home Rule Charter" form of government pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The charter prescribes a manager-council form of organization. The governing body consists of a mayor and a four-member City Council. The City Council is elected by wards and the mayor is elected at large by voters of the City to serve four-year staggered terms.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's more significant accounting policies are described below:

B. Reporting Entity

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements include the City (the primary government) and its component units. The City includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate from such. Component units are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the City are financially accountable and are included within the basic financial statements of the City because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City.

As a result of applying the component unit definition criteria above, certain organizations are presented in this report as blended component units (which are reported as if they were a part of the City) or related and jointly governed organizations (in which the relationship of the City with the entity is disclosed).

- 1. Blended Component Unit The Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority (REDA), which is governed by a five-member board consisting of the City Council with management of the City having operational responsibility for the REDA activities, is reported as a blended component unit. Although it is a legally separate entity from the City, it is reported as if it were a part of the City. This represents the only financial statements prepared for the REDA.
- 2. Related Organization The Robbinsdale Fire Department Relief Association (the Association) is organized as a nonprofit organization, legally separate from the City, to provide pension benefits to its members pursuant with Minnesota laws and statutes. Its Board of Directors is appointed by the membership of the Association, and the Association issues its own set of financial statements. All funding is conducted in accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, whereby state aids flow to the Association, the City's contributions are determined by the Association, and the Association pays benefits to its members. Because the Association is fiscally independent of the City, the financial statements of the Association have not been included within the City's reporting entity.

3. Jointly Governed Organizations – Local Government Information Systems (LOGIS), a consortium of Minnesota municipalities that provides computerized data processing and support services to its members. LOGIS Insurance Group provides cooperative purchasing of health and life insurance benefits for approximately 45 government entities. LOGIS is legally separate from the City, as the City does not appoint a voting majority of the Board and the consortium is fiscally independent of the City. Therefore, it has not been incorporated into the City's reporting entity. During the 2020 fiscal year, the City paid LOGIS approximately \$409,201 for services and equipment provided.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for fiduciary activities. These statements include all of the financial activities of the City. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which significantly rely upon sales, fees, and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes and special assessments are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are certified for levy. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, charges between the City's enterprise funds and other functions are not eliminated, as that would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in those functions. Depreciation expense is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

1. Revenue Recognition – Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Major revenue that is susceptible to accrual includes property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenue, charges for services, and interest earned on investments. Major revenue that is not susceptible to accrual includes licenses and permits, fees, and miscellaneous revenue. Such revenue is recorded only when received because it is not measurable until collected.

2. Recording of Expenditures – Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term liabilities, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses that do not meet this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Aggregated information for the internal service funds is reported in a single column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal user of the internal services is the City's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the City these funds are excluded from the government-wide statements.

Description of Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

REDA General Development Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for all the general community development activities of the REDA that are not related to tax increment financing (TIF). The most significant sources of revenues in this special revenue fund include property taxes and charges for services.

REDA TIF Development Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for all the general community development activities of the REDA that are related to TIF. The most significant sources of revenues in this special revenue fund include tax increments and land sales.

REDA Tax Increment Fund – This is a debt service fund that accounts for all the activity associated with the REDA's repayment of debt on outstanding TIF bonds issued through the City.

General Debt Service Fund – This is a debt service fund that was established to account for the repayment of principal and interest on obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the City, other than those accounted for in enterprise funds.

Permanent Improvement Revolving (PIR) Fund – This is a capital projects fund that accounts for the resources used related to the construction of traffic and transportation infrastructure (alleys, streets, sidewalks, street lights, and traffic lights).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Utility Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources relating to the City's operations of its water distribution system. Services are on a user charge basis to all owners of property located within the City.

Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources relating to the City's operations of its sanitary sewer collection system. Services are on a user charge basis to all owners of property located within the City.

Storm Sewer Utility Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources relating to the City's operations of its storm water collection system. Services are on a user charge basis to all owners of property located within the City.

Solid Waste Removal Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources relating to the City's operations for garbage and recycling services to the residential properties of the City. Services are on a user charge basis to all residential property owners.

Liquor Operations Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources relating to the operations of the City's municipal off-sale liquor store.

Broadway Court Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources relating to the rental operations of the Broadway Court Senior Housing Complex, which is owned by the REDA.

Additionally, the City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for the City's central garage (fleet repair and maintenance), central services (general office, information technology, government building costs), equipment replacement, risk insurance costs, and the employee benefit accrual requirements. All services are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Custodial Fund – The Deputy Registrar Fund is custodial in nature and is used to collect Minnesota license fees and pass them through to the state of Minnesota.

E. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in commercial paper, insured certificates of deposit, and various government-backed securities. Earnings from such investments are allocated to the respective funds based on the average quarterly cash balance of each fund. Investments are stated at fair value, which is determined based on quoted market prices at year-end.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 3 for the City's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

In the fund financial statements, activity between funds that is representative of lending or borrowing arrangements is reported as either "due to/from other funds" (current portion) or "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

G. Receivables

Utility and miscellaneous accounts receivable are reported at gross. Since the City is generally able to certify delinquent amounts to the county for collection as special assessments, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided on current receivables. The City does record an allowance for the amount of utility receivables that remain delinquent after having been certified to the county. The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are property taxes and special assessments receivable.

H. Property Taxes

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December of each year, and are certified to Hennepin County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads the levies over all taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City on that date. Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes are due in full on May 15. The county provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts three times a year; in July, December, and January.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year levied in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, taxes are recognized as revenue when received in cash or within 60 days after year-end. Taxes which remain unpaid on December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable, and are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements, because they are not available to finance current expenditures. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

I. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments are levied against the benefited properties for the assessable costs of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with state statutes. The City usually adopts the assessment rolls when the individual projects are complete or substantially complete, except for road reconstruction projects. The county handles collection of annual installments (including interest) in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay total future installments without interest or prepayment penalties. Special assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the county. Special assessments are recognized as revenue in the year levied in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, special assessments are recognized as revenue when received in cash or within 60 days after year-end. Governmental fund special assessments receivable which remain unpaid on December 31 are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies are valued at cost, while inventories held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or market value, on a first-in, first-out method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of inventories and prepaid items is recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. Property Held for Resale

Property is acquired by the REDA for redevelopment purposes. Property held for resale is reported as an asset in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These assets are reported at the lower of cost or acquisition value.

L. Capital Assets

Capital asset acquisition costs are recorded as expenditures in the City's governmental fund financial statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Capital assets are capitalized within the City's government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, which use the full accrual basis of accounting. Infrastructure assets reported by governmental activities include assets placed in service in 1980 or later.

The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the acquisition value as of the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Land and work in progress are not depreciated.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and structures	25–40
Utility system	5-100
Traffic and transportation	5-40
Park system infrastructure	5-40
Other improvements	5-30
Leasehold improvements	10
Mobile equipment	3–25
Machinery and office equipment	3–15

M. Compensated Absences

The City compensates employees upon termination for all unused vacation and unused sick leave up to 960 hours based on years of service criteria as follows:

- After 2 years 15 percent of accumulated sick leave
- After 8 years 25 percent of accumulated sick leave
- After 13 years 35 percent of accumulated sick leave
- After 17 years 40 percent of accumulated sick leave
- After 20 years 50 percent of accumulated sick leave

Employees are compensated for unused sick leave in excess of 960 hours at the rate of one-half time. Vacation and sick leave earnings and the corresponding liability are recorded in the Benefit Accrual Internal Service Fund, which charges the General Fund and other city funds. The liability is reported within governmental activities of the government-wide Statement of Net Position as a long-term liability.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, if material, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position, or balance sheets, will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The City also reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion, changes of assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

Unavailable revenue, arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, therefore, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from three sources: property taxes, special assessments, and notes receivable not collected within 60 days of year-end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

P. State-Wide Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from the PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q. Net Position Classifications and Flow Assumptions

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position All remaining net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. Fund Balance Classifications and Flow Assumptions

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts where there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments, or enabling legislation.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- **Assigned** Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to City Council resolution, the city manager or finance director are authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the City of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

U. Prior Period Adjustments

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the City reported two prior period adjustments. The City's proprietary funds and the related business-type activities reported prior period adjustments to correct previously reported intergovernmental revenues and properly record prepaid expenses. These prior period adjustments reduced beginning equity in the Water Utility Fund by \$342,545 and increased beginning equity in the Sanitary Sewer Utility Fund by \$77,017. The net impact was a decrease of \$265,528 in beginning net position for business-type activities.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and the REDA special revenue funds. The City follows the procedures below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- The city manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budgets are legally enacted through the passage of resolutions.
- The City Council may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts between departments, at the budgetary control level.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following fund had a deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2020:

• REDA TIF Development Special Revenue Fund – \$4,207,912

The deficit for the REDA TIF Development Special Revenue Fund is expected to be eliminated over time through the collection of tax increment revenues, which will reduce the advances from other funds.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits	\$ 906,403
Investments	43,919,648
Cash on hand	 11,546
Total	\$ 44,837,597

Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$ 44,677,160
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	
Cash and investments	 160,437
	 _
Total	\$ 44,837,597

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the City Council, including checking and savings accounts.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issued of U.S. governmental agencies; general obligations rate "A" or better; revenue obligations rate "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The City has no additional deposit policies addressing custodial credit risk.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$906,403, while the balance on the bank records was \$1,199,427. At December 31, 2020, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance, surety bonds, or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

C. Investments

The City has the following investments at year-end:

			Fair Value				
	Cred	it Risk	Measurement	Interest Risk			
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using	Less Than 1	1 to 5	More Than 5	Total
U.S. government agency securities	AA	S&P	Level 2	\$ -	\$ 787,725	\$ -	\$ 787,725
State and local obligations	AAA	Moody's	Level 2		327,535	728,225	1,055,760
State and local obligations	AA	Moody's	Level 2	1,380,928	1,685,633	2,043,109	5,109,670
State and local obligations	A	Moody's	Level 2	_	502,775	215,090	717,865
State and local obligations	AAA	S&P	Level 2	_	1,730,008	564,703	2,294,711
State and local obligations	AA	S&P	Level 2	1,425,487	6,830,894	1,808,582	10,064,963
State and local obligations	A	S&P	Level 2	107,274	1,101,011	_	1,208,285
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	N/A	Level 2	4,506,151	4,975,013	_	9,481,164
U.S. bankers acceptance	N/A	N/A	Level 2	103,125			103,125
Investment pools/mutual funds				\$ 7,522,965	\$ 17,940,594	\$ 5,359,709	30,823,268
First American Government Obligations Fund	AAA	S&P	Level 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	13,096,380
Total							\$ 43,919,648

N/A - Not Applicable

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to any investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the City would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment polices do not further address this risk, but the City limits its exposure by holding the majority of its investments in a trust account with a major bank's corporate trust department. Under this scenario, investments are delivered to the City's Trust Account and then payment is released to the broker-dealer.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the City's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities brokers-dealers. The City's investment policies do not further address credit risk.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the City's investments (considered 5.0 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The City's investment policies do not limit the concentration of investments.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The City's investment policies do not further address limiting the duration of investments.

NOTE 4 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

A. Industrial Development Revenue Bond Fees Receivable

Since 1983, the City has issued industrial development revenue bonds on behalf of qualified entities. The bond agreements require the qualified entities to pay an issuance fee to the City that is spread over the life of the bonds. The issuance fee payments are structured as follows:

• One-half of one percent of the principal amount of the bonds issued paid at the time of issuance and the first anniversary date.

NOTE 4 – NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

- Beginning in year three, one-eighth percent of the outstanding principal of the bonds paid annually to the City (this relates to all bonds issued after January 1, 2003).
- Beginning in year three, one-tenth percent of the outstanding principal of the bonds paid annually to the City (this relates to all bonds issued prior to January 1, 2003 and includes any refinancing of bonds issued prior to January 1, 2003).

As of December 31, 2020, the City had \$417,180 in outstanding receivables related to the issuance of industrial development revenue bonds.

B. Robbinsdale Economic Development Authority (REDA) - Notes Receivable

Periodically, the REDA issues loans to qualified entities to be used in the redevelopment of their property. As of December 31, 2020, the REDA had \$88,635 in outstanding notes.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers and Completed Construction	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,053,033	\$ 107.000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,160,033
Work in progress	187,836	568,955	_	(68,989)	687,802
Total capital assets, not depreciated	1,240,869	675,955		(68,989)	1,847,835
Capital assets, depreciated					
Buildings and structures	6,741,134	_	_	_	6,741,134
Traffic and transportation	33,795,630	_	_	_	33,795,630
Park system infrastructure	6,059,008	95,583	_	_	6,154,591
Other improvements	4,175,052	20,374	(49,151)	68,989	4,215,264
Mobile equipment	5,897,435	969,289	(494,448)	_	6,372,276
Machinery and office equipment	2,159,339	39,997	(107,479)		2,091,857
Total capital assets, depreciated	58,827,598	1,125,243	(651,078)	68,989	59,370,752
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings and structures	(4,223,881)	(193,771)	_	_	(4,417,652)
Traffic and transportation	(13,126,981)	(858,577)	_	_	(13,985,558)
Park system infrastructure	(3,450,247)	(384,602)	_	_	(3,834,849)
Other improvements	(1,018,577)	(74,775)	49,151	_	(1,044,201)
Mobile equipment	(2,722,484)	(354,447)	361,838	_	(2,715,093)
Machinery and office equipment	(1,697,407)	(86,369)	107,479		(1,676,297)
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,239,577)	(1,952,541)	518,468		(27,673,650)
Net capital assets, depreciated	32,588,021	(827,298)	(132,610)	68,989	31,697,102
Total capital assets, net	\$ 33,828,890	\$ (151,343)	\$ (132,610)	\$ -	\$ 33,544,937

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

			Transfers and		
	Beginning			Completed	Ending
	Balance Additions Retirements		Retirements	Construction	Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 411,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 411,544
Work in progress	655,019	8,714,327	φ –	(371,276)	8,998,070
Total capital assets, not depreciated	1,066,563	8,714,327		(371,276)	9,409,614
Total capital assets, not depreciated	1,000,303	0,714,327	_	(3/1,2/0)	9,409,014
Capital assets, depreciated					
Buildings and structures	8,131,113	_	_	_	8,131,113
Utility system	36,769,065	216,918	_	371,276	37,357,259
Other improvements	2,946,830	_	_	_	2,946,830
Leasehold improvements	80,175	_	_	_	80,175
Mobile equipment	531,776	_			531,776
Machinery and office equipment	810,828	52,775	_	_	863,603
Total capital assets, depreciated	49,269,787	269,693	_	371,276	49,910,756
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings and structures	(3,106,906)	(164,183)	_	_	(3,271,089)
Utility system	(9,436,808)	(511,247)	_	_	(9,948,055)
Other improvements	(2,913,537)	(1,878)	_	_	(2,915,415)
Leasehold improvements	(41,076)	(6,486)	_	_	(47,562)
Mobile equipment	(248,816)	(60,290)	_	_	(309,106)
Machinery and office equipment	(624,350)	(38,078)	_	_	(662,428)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,371,493)	(782,162)			(17,153,655)
Net capital assets, depreciated	32,898,294	(512,469)		371,276	32,757,101
Total capital assets, net	\$ 33,964,857	\$ 8,201,858	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,166,715

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 53,798
Community development	5,614
Public safety	72,332
Recreation	396,949
Public works	916,042
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 507,806
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,952,541
Business-type activities	
Water utility	\$ 166,536
Sanitary sewer utility	238,089
Storm sewer utility	185,071
Liquor operations	14,239
Broadway Court	 178,227
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 782,162

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. In order to protect against these risks of loss, the City purchases commercial insurance through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), a public entity risk pool. This pool currently operates common risk management and insurance programs for municipal entities. The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT for its insurance coverage. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through commercial companies for excess claims. The City is covered through the pool for any claim incurred but unreported; however, it retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies.

The Risk Insurance Fund was established to account for deductibles and other costs associated with the risk-of-loss that the City is unable to insure for because of restrictions or exclusions on the policies. It has also been established to fund any potential liability that may be assessed to it by the LMCIT Program. The fund is accounted for as an internal service fund where assets are set aside for risk management, insurance, administration, and claims settlement.

Fund liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities will include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported (IBNR).

The Risk Insurance Fund collects a service charge from user funds/departments and pays insurance premiums and claims. Charges for services during 2020 were \$665,237. At December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018, there were no significant IBNR claims.

The City's workers' compensation insurance policy is retrospectively rated. With this type of policy, final premiums are determined after loss experience workers' compensation rates and salaries for the year are known. The City also purchases fidelity bonds for employees in key positions.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 7 – OPERATING LEASES

The City leases space for the Robbinsdale Wine & Spirits Liquor Store, which is located in Robbinsdale Hy-Vee Food and Drug. The agreement commenced September 18, 2018, and provides for minimum annual lease payments of \$144,900 and sharing of common expenses and expires September 2028. The lease has an option for two additional five-year terms.

The rent expense (including common expenses) for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$170,910.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt issues and transactions were as follows:

General Obligation Bonds, Certificates, and Notes – The City periodically issues bonds, certificates, and notes in accordance with Minnesota Statutes and they are backed by their full faith, credit, and taxing powers.

Governmental Activities

- **2012 General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds** In 2012, the City issued \$1,470,000 in General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds to finance the cost of street reconstruction within the City. The bonds mature in February 2023 and have a net interest cost of 1.38 percent.
- **2013** General Obligation Street Reconstruction Bonds In 2013, the City issued \$1,585,000 in General Obligation Street Reconstruction Bonds to finance the cost of street reconstruction within the City. The bonds mature in February 2024 and have a net interest cost of 1.85 percent.
- **2015 General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds** In 2015, the City issued \$3,630,000 in General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds to finance the cost of street reconstruction within the City. The bonds mature in February 2026 and have a net interest cost of 1.49 percent.
- **2017 General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds** In 2017, the City issued \$720,000 in General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds to finance the cost of street reconstruction within the City. The bonds mature in February 2028 and have a net interest cost of 1.78 percent.
- **2018 General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds** In 2018, the City issued \$760,000 in General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds to finance the cost of street reconstruction within the City. The bonds mature in February 2029 and have a net interest cost of 2.95 percent.
- **2018 General Obligation Equipment Certificates** In 2018, the City issued \$1,000,000 in General Obligation Equipment Certificates to finance the cost of capital equipment for the City. The certificates mature in February 2028 and have a net interest cost of 2.95 percent.
- **2019 General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds** In 2019, the City issued \$3,460,000 in General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds to redeem, in advance of their stated maturities, the 2021 through 2032 maturities of the City's 2010 General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds, on the February 1, 2020 call date of the refunded issue. This current refunding will reduce the City's future debt service payments by \$478,783 and result in present value savings of \$429,558. The bonds mature in February 2032 and have a net interest cost of 1.94 percent.
- **2020 General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds** In 2020, the City issued \$830,000 in General Obligation Street Improvement Bonds to finance the cost of street reconstruction within the City. The bonds mature in February 2032 and have a net interest cost of 0.89 percent.
- **2020 General Obligation Equipment Certificates** In 2020, the City issued \$615,000 in General Obligation Equipment Certificates to finance the cost of capital equipment for the City. The certificates are fully matured in February 2030 and have a net interest cost of 0.55 percent.

Business-Type Activities

- **2012 General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds** In 2012, the City issued \$2,560,000 in General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds to finance a variety of utility system improvements and equipment costs. The bonds mature in February 2023 and have a net interest of 1.38 percent. These bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, and storm sewer utility enterprise activities.
- **2013 General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds** In 2013, the City issued \$2,815,000 in General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds to finance a variety of utility system improvements and equipment costs. The bonds mature in February 2024 and have a net interest of 1.85 percent. These bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, and storm sewer utility enterprise activities.
- 2015 General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds In 2015, the City issued \$2,805,000 in General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds to finance a variety of utility system improvements and equipment costs. The bonds mature in February 2026 and have a net interest of 1.49 percent. These bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, and storm sewer utility enterprise activities.
- **2017 General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds** In 2017, the City issued \$2,390,000 in General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds to finance a variety of utility system improvements and equipment costs. The bonds mature in February 2028 and have a net interest of 1.78 percent. These bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, and storm sewer utility enterprise activities.
- 2018 General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds In 2018, the City issued \$1,155,000 in General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds to finance a variety of utility system improvements and equipment costs. The bonds mature in February 2029 and have a net interest of 2.95 percent. These bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, and storm sewer utility enterprise activities.
- **2020 General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds** In 2020, the City issued \$4,035,000 in General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds to finance a variety of utility system improvements and equipment costs. The bonds mature in February 2036 and have a net interest of 1.34 percent. These bonds are payable from the net revenues of the water utility, sanitary sewer utility, and storm sewer utility enterprise activities.
- 2020 General Obligation Water Revenue Note In 2020, the City drew funds totaling \$6,064,828 for its General Obligation Water Revenue Note issued through a loan agreement with the Minnesota Public Facilities Authority. The note was obtained to finance the City's water treatment plant project and is drawn down on a reimbursement basis. The total available balance for the City to draw is \$36,430,904. The note bears an interest rate of 1.00 percent and final maturity on the note is August 2040. This note is payable from the net revenues of the water utility enterprise activities.

The REDA periodically issues bonds in accordance with Minnesota Statutes and they are backed by the City's full faith, credit, and taxing power.

• **2015 Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds** – In 2015, the REDA issued \$3,670,000 in Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds, which are being serviced by the Broadway Court Enterprise Operation of the REDA. The refunding bonds were issued to refund the 2006A Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds (\$4,730,000). The bonds mature in February 2029 and have a net interest of 2.09 percent.

SUMMARIES OF LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUES

Governmental Activities

	Interest	Date	Date	Original	C	Outstanding
Issue	Rates	Issued	Matures	Amount	Balance	
General obligation street improvement bonds	0.40% - 2.00%	2012	2023	\$ 1,470,000	\$	465,000
General obligation street reconstruction bonds	2.13%-3.00%	2013	2024	\$ 1,585,000		715,000
General obligation street improvement bonds	2.00%-3.00%	2015	2026	\$ 3,630,000		2,305,000
General obligation street improvement bonds	2.00%-3.00%	2017	2028	\$ 720,000		600,000
General obligation street improvement bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2018	2029	\$ 760,000		705,000
General obligation equipment certificates	4.00%-5.00%	2018	2028	\$ 1,000,000		865,000
General obligation tax increment bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2019	2032	\$ 3,460,000		3,460,000
General obligation street improvement bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2020	2032	\$ 830,000		830,000
General obligation equipment certificates	3.00%-5.00%	2020	2030	\$ 615,000		615,000
Debt issuance premium (discount)						836,121
Compensated absences						642,179
Total governmental activities					\$	12,038,300

Changes in long-term debt during 2020 for debt serviced through governmental activities are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
General obligation tax increment bonds	\$ 7,385,000	\$ -	\$ 3,925,000	\$ 3,460,000	\$ 145,000
General obligation street improvement bonds	4,690,000	830,000	615,000	4,905,000	645,000
General obligation street reconstruction bonds	880,000	_	165,000	715,000	170,000
General obligation equipment certificates	1,000,000	615,000	135,000	1,480,000	150,000
Debt issuance premium (discount)	644,065	274,764	82,708	836,121	_
Total bonds and certificates payable	14,599,065	1,719,764	4,922,708	11,396,121	1,110,000
Compensated absences	640,530	651,341	649,692	642,179	74,000
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 15,239,595	\$ 2,371,105	\$ 5,572,400	\$12,038,300	\$ 1,184,000

Business-Type Activities

Issue	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Date Matures	Original Amount		outstanding Balance
General obligation utility revenue bonds	0.40% - 2.00%	2012	2023	\$ 2,560,000	\$	810,000
General obligation utility revenue bonds	2.13%-3.00%	2013	2024	\$ 2,815,000		1,225,000
General obligation utility revenue bonds	2.00%-3.00%	2015	2026	\$ 2,805,000		1,775,000
General obligation housing refunding bonds	2.00%-2.75%	2015	2029	\$ 3,670,000		2,460,000
General obligation utility revenue bonds	2.00%-3.00%	2017	2028	\$ 2,390,000		1,985,000
General obligation utility revenue bonds	3.00%-5.00%	2018	2029	\$ 1,155,000		1,075,000
General obligation utility revenue bonds	2.00%-5.00%	2020	2036	\$ 4,035,000		4,035,000
General obligation water revenue note	1.00%	2020	2040*	\$ 6,064,828		6,064,828
Debt issuance premium (discount)				, ,		848,057
Total business-type activities					\$	20,277,885

^{* 2020} General obligation water revenue note will mature in 2040 upon additional future loan draws.

Changes in long-term debt during 2020 for debt serviced through business-type activities are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Retirements		Ending I Retirements Balance On	
General obligation utility revenue bonds General obligation water revenue note General obligation housing refunding bonds Debt issuance premium (discount)	\$ 7,985,000 - 2,705,000 377,261	\$ 4,035,000 6,064,828 - 540,493	\$ 1,115,000 - 245,000 69,697	\$ 10,905,000 6,064,828 2,460,000 848,057	\$ 1,165,000 90,904 250,000
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$11,067,261	\$10,640,321	\$ 1,429,697	\$20,277,885	\$ 1,505,904

MINIMUM DEBT PAYMENTS

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities			al Activities Business-Type Activitie			tivities		
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Totals
2021	\$	1,110,000	\$	337.418	\$	1.505.904	\$	518,478	\$	3,471,800
2022	Ψ	1,290,000	Ψ	301,981	Ψ	3,336,000	Ψ	380,776	Ψ	5,308,757
2023		1,390,000		254,950		3,464,000		316,754		5,425,704
2024		1,285,000		206,364		3,241,000		252,533		4,984,897
2025		1,030,000		164,150		1,857,924		194,833		3,246,907
2026-2030		3,515,000		339,425		4,135,000		453,057		8,442,482
2031-2035		940,000		18,500		1,560,000		112,500		2,631,000
2036				_		330,000		3,300		333,300
Total	\$	10.560.000	\$	1.622.788	\$	19.429.828	\$	2.232.231	\$	33.844.847
13141	Ψ	10,500,000	Ψ	1,022,700	Ψ	17,127,020	Ψ	2,232,231	Ψ	33,011,017

REVENUE PLEDGED

Future revenue pledged for the payment of long-term debt is as follows:

		Reve	enue Pledge	d			Currer	nt Y	ear
			Percent	_	Remaining	I	Principal		Pledged
	Use of		of Debt	Term of	Principal	an	d Interest		Revenue
Bond Issue	Proceeds	Туре	Service	Pledge	and Interest		Paid		Received
Tax increment bonds	Redevelopment	Tax increments	100%						
Series 2019				2019-2032	\$ 4,204,225	\$	90,842	\$	426,615
Utility revenue bonds	Utility improvements	Utility charges	100%						
Series 2012				2012-2023	\$ 833,160	\$	276,355	\$	5,955,639
Series 2013				2013-2024	\$ 1,284,148	\$	319,457	\$	5,955,639
Series 2015				2015-2026	\$ 1,897,025	\$	318,100	\$	5,955,639
Series 2017				2017-2028	\$ 2,194,184	\$	276,913	\$	5,955,639
Series 2018				2018-2029	\$ 1,296,950	\$	129,200	\$	5,955,639
Series 2020				2020-2036	\$ 5,054,858	\$	_	\$	5,955,639
Water revenue note	Utility improvements	Utility charges	100%						
Series 2020				2020-2040	\$ 6,365,972	\$	_	\$	2,174,961
Housing revenue bonds	Affordable housing	Rental charges	100%	2015-2029	\$ 2,735,762	\$	303,175	\$	887,385

CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

On occasion, the City has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

The bonds and interest are payable solely out of the mortgage loan proceeds, certain fees, revenues, and other amounts derived from mortgage loans and certain reserve funds. The bonds do not constitute any indebtedness, liability, general or moral obligation, or pledge of the faith or loan of credit of the City, state of Minnesota, or any political subdivision of either thereof.

As of December 31, 2020, the City had authorized the issuance of industrial revenue bonds as shown in the following schedule:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Outstanding December 31, 2020
Healthcare Facilities Revenue Bonds North Memorial Health Care – Series 2017	12/05/2017	05/01/2026	\$ 33,590,000

NOTE 9 – COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

A. Classifications

At December 31, 2020, a summary of the City's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

		Special	Revenue	Debt S	Service	Capital Project		
		REDA	REDA	REDA	General	Permanent		
		General	TIF	Tax	Debt	Improvement		
	General	Development	Development	Increment	Service	Revolving	Nonmajor	Total
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items	\$ 9,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,174
Restricted								
Specific purposes	1,430	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,430
Community development	_	8,701,686	_	_	_	_	_	8,701,686
Debt service	_	_	_	448,450	1,729,289	_	_	2,177,739
Street improvement projects	_	_	_	_	_	699,638	_	699,638
Public safety equipment	_	_	_	_	_	_	64,738	64,738
Equipment							336,903	336,903
Total restricted	1,430	8,701,686	_	448,450	1,729,289	699,638	401,641	11,982,134
Committed								
Street improvement projects	_	_	_	_	_	813,925	_	813,925
City code compliance	_	_	_	_	_	_	442,076	442,076
Cable improvements	_	_	_	_	_	_	481,604	481,604
Building improvements	_	_	_	_	_	_	80,546	80,546
Park capital improvements							927,500	927,500
Total committed		_	_	_	_	813,925	1,931,726	2,745,651
Assigned								
Subsequent year's budget	287,799	_	_	_	_	_	_	287,799
Street improvement projects	_	_	_	_	_	5,110,489	_	5,110,489
Park capital improvements	_	_	_	_	_	_	707,678	707,678
Public safety equipment							93	93
Total assigned	287,799	_	-	_	_	5,110,489	707,771	6,106,059
Unassigned	5,626,756		(4,207,912)					1,418,844
Total	\$ 5,925,159	\$ 8,701,686	\$ (4,207,912)	\$ 448,450	\$ 1,729,289	\$ 6,624,052	\$ 3,041,138	\$ 22,261,862

B. Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The City Council has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 40.0–50.0 percent of the subsequent year's General Fund budgeted expenditures. At December 31, 2020, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 49.1 percent of the subsequent year's General Fund budgeted expenditures.

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

During 2020, the following interfund transfers took place:

										Transf	ers	In							
				Governme	ental l	Funds							Pre	oprietary Funds	3				
Transfers Out	_	General		REDA General Development	Im	Permanent aprovement Revolving	_	nmajor rnmental		Water Utility		Storm Sewer Utility		Liquor Operation		Deputy Registrar – Nonmajor	_	Internal Service Funds	Total
General		s –	:	\$ -	\$	_	b	\$ 250,000		\$ _	:	\$ -		s –	\$	_	b \$	850,000	\$ 1,100,000
Permanent Improvement																			
Revolving	a	57,235		_		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	57,235
Nonmajor governmental	a	690,329	a	245,512		-		-	a	4,024	a	725 a	a	9,330 a	a	32,687	a	425,479	1,408,086
Water Utility	a	118,048		-		-		-		-		_		-		-		-	118,048
Sanitary Sewer Utility	a	13,096		_		-		-		-		_		_		_		_	13,096
Storm Sewer Utility	a	47,733		_		-		-		-		_		_		_		_	47,733
Solid Waste Removal	b	50,000		- 1	b	150,000		-		-		_		_		_		_	200,000
Liquor Operations	b	50,000		_		-	b	150,000		-		-		-		_		-	200,000
Deputy Registrar - Nonmajor	b_	_	-		_		b_	50,000	-		_		-		_		_		50,000
Total transfers		\$ 1,026,441	_ :	\$ 245,512	\$	150,000	_	\$ 450,000		\$ 4,024	:	\$ 725		\$ 9,330	\$	32,687	\$	1,275,479	\$ 3,194,198

Transfers were completed for the following reasons:

B. Advances To and From Other Funds

The REDA General Development Fund has advanced \$4,271,311 to the REDA TIF Development Fund. The advance will be paid back over 20 years through the collection of TIF property tax revenues from the redeveloped properties. No interest was charged on advances in 2020.

To the extent possible, interfund transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS SUMMARY

The City has reported the following balances for defined benefit pension plans of the City:

		PERA Plans			City	
	GERF	PEPFF	Subtotal	FRA	Total	
Net pension asset	\$ -	\$ - \$	S –	\$ 384,764	\$ 384,764	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	\$ 367,035	\$ 1,408,582	3 1,775,617	\$ 197,866	\$ 1,973,483	
Net pension liability	\$ 3,537,318	\$ 2,616,443	6,153,761	\$ -	\$ 6,153,761	
Deferred inflows of pension resources	\$ 142,062	\$ 1,838,743	5 1,980,805	\$ 358,623	\$ 2,339,428	
Pension revenue	\$ 9,490	\$ 36,831 \$	46,321	\$ 79,518	\$ 125,839	
Pension expense	\$ 188,202	\$ 333,306 \$	5 521,508	\$ 208,044	\$ 729,552	

a – Transfer resources for operating, capital, and debt service-related spending b – Budgeted transfers using excess earnings to fund operating and capital needs

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of Minnesota. The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the GERF. The GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF), originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to the PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. **GERF Benefits**

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service, and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

The benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase will be equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment (COLA) announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month, but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024 or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010 but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50.0 percent after five years, up to 100.0 percent after 10 years of credited service. Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50.0 percent after 10 years, up to 100.0 percent after 20 years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase will be fixed at 1.0 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months, but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2020, and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ended December 31, 2020, were \$336,324. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. PEPFF Contributions

Police and fire member's contribution rates increased from 11.30 percent of pay to 11.80 percent and employer rates increased from 16.95 percent to 17.70 percent on January 1, 2020. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the year ended December 31, 2020, were \$410,778. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

D. Pension Costs

1. **GERF Pension Costs**

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$3,537,318 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction, due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16.0 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0590 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0574 percent for the beginning of the period.

The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,537,318
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the City	\$ 109,223

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$178,712 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$9,490 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16.0 million to the GERF.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources]	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	31,360	\$	13,389
Changes in actuarial assumptions		_		128,673
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		72,784		_
Changes in proportion		88,954		_
Contributions paid to the PERA subsequent to the				
measurement date		173,937		
Total	\$	367,035	\$	142,062

A total of \$173,937 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending	Expense
December 31,	 Amount
	_
2021	\$ (154,745)
2022	\$ 31,099
2023	\$ 89,225
2024	\$ 85,457

2. PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2020, the City reported a liability of \$2,616,443 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.2031 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.2101 percent for the beginning of the period.

The state of Minnesota also contributed \$13.5 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The contribution consisted of \$4.5 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9.0 million in fire state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$4.5 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2019. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9.0 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9.0 million in fire state aid will continue until the fund is 90.0 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90.0 percent funded, whichever occurs later.

As a result, the state of Minnesota is included as a nonemployer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$4.5 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB Statement No. 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$314,350 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$18,956 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$4.5 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,616,443
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the City	\$ 61,616

The state of Minnesota is not included as a nonemployer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9.0 million in fire state aid. The City also recognized \$17,875 for the year ended December 31, 2020, as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

At December 31, 2020, the City reported its proportionate share of the PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	116,137	\$ 121,436
Changes in actuarial assumptions		856,948	1,613,595
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		85,758	_
Changes in proportion		139,022	103,712
Contributions paid to the PERA subsequent to the			
measurement date		210,717	 _
Total	\$	1,408,582	\$ 1,838,743

A total of \$210,717 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension			
	Expense			
Amount				
\$	(160,582)			
\$	(697,533)			
\$	118,136			
\$	117,866			
\$	(18,765)			
	\$ \$ \$ \$			

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

	GERF	PEPFF
Inflation	2.25% per year	2.50% per year
Active member payroll growth	3.00% per year	3.25% per year
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table for the GERF Plan and RP-2014 tables for the PEPFF Plan for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit the PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the GERF, and 1.00 percent per year for the PEPFF.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and become effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the PEPFF was completed in 2020. The recommended assumptions for those plans were adopted by the Board and will be effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuations if approved by the State Legislature.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2020:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2. PEPFF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

The Minnesota State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	35.50 %	5.10 %
International stocks	17.50	5.30 %
Bonds (fixed income)	20.00	0.75 %
Alternative assets (private markets)	25.00	5.90 %
Cash	2.00	- %
Total	100.00 %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2020 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the GERF and the PEPFF were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	- / *	Decrease in scount Rate 6.50%	Di	scount Rate 7.50%	 Increase in scount Rate 8.50%
City's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	5,669,096	\$	3,537,318	\$ 1,778,775
City's proportionate share of the PEPFF net pension liability	\$	5,214,946	\$	2,616,443	\$ 466,636

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the PERA website at www.mnpera.org; by writing to the PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Councilmembers of the City are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by the PERA. The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the IRC, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of their salary, which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees, contributions must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, the PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 25 hundredths of 1.00 percent (0.25 percent) of the assets in each member's account annually.

		Contributi	on Am	ount	Percentage of (Covered Payroll	Required Rate for Employees
	En	nployee	Er	nployer	Employee	Employer	and Employers
					_		
2020	\$	1,437	\$	1,437	5%	5%	5%
2019	\$	1,402	\$	1,402	5%	5%	5%
2018	\$	1,368	\$	1,368	5%	5%	5%

NOTE 14 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A. Plan Description

Volunteer firefighters of the Robbinsdale Fire Department (the Department) are members of the Association, which administers a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established to provide benefits for its members. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 424A. The Association is governed by a Board of nine trustees; six voting trustees elected by the members of the Association, and the City's mayor, city clerk, and fire chief as ex officio members. As of the measurement date, the plan covered 30 active firefighters, 2 inactive members entitled to future benefits, and 5 surviving spouses/beneficiaries. The plan is a single-employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special Fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (Chapter 261 as amended by Chapter 509 of Minnesota Statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits Provided

A firefighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement. Upon retirement, an irrevocable election for a monthly or lump sum pension must be made. Members accepted after January 1, 1989 are only eligible for a lump sum pension.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed fewer than 20 years of service. The reduced pension, available to members with 10 years of service, shall be equal to 60 percent of the pension as described by the bylaws. This percentage increases 4 percent per year so that at 20 years of service, the full amount prescribed is paid. Members who retire with less than 20 years of service, have reached the age of 50 years, and have completed at least 10 years of active membership, are entitled to a reduced service pension not to exceed the amount calculated by multiplying the member's service pension for the completed years of service times the applicable nonforfeitable percentage of pension.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings, and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota Statutes and voluntary city contributions (if applicable). Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on an actuarial valuation using statutory provisions. The state of Minnesota contributed \$84,865 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the Department for the year ended December 31, 2020. The City contributed \$42,448 in accordance with state statutes requirements for the year ended December 31, 2020. Furthermore, the firefighters have no obligation to contribute to the plan.

D. Pension Costs

At year-end, the City reported a net pension asset of \$384,764 for the plan. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 was determined by applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension revenue of \$79,518 and pension expense of \$208,044.

The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	To	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)	
Beginning balance	\$	1,586,234	\$	1,883,420	\$	(297,186)
Changes for the year						
Service cost		87,502		_		87,502
Interest on pension liability (asset)		116,871		_		116,871
Differences between expected and actual experience		(11,098)		_		(11,098)
Changes in assumptions		53,874		_		53,874
Changes in benefit terms		153,880		_		153,880
Contributions (state and local)		_		100,727		(100,727)
Net investment income		_		403,989		(403,989)
Benefit payments		(8,310)		(8,310)		_
Administrative costs		_		(16,109)		16,109
Total net changes		392,719		480,297		(87,578)
Ending balance	\$	1,978,953	\$	2,363,717	\$	(384,764)

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	_	\$	81,076
Changes in actuarial assumptions		70,553		37,696
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		_		154,986
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		42,448		_
State aid to the City subsequent to the measurement date		84,865		84,865
Total	\$	197,866	\$	358,623

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$127,313 related to pensions resulting from city contributions and state aid received subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Deferred inflows of resources totaling \$84,865 related to state aid received subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized for its impact on the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
Year Ending]	Expense
December 31,		Amount
2021	\$	(64,903)
2022	\$	(59,854)
2023	\$	(32,837)
2024	\$	(60,406)
2025	\$	2,620
Thereafter	\$	12,175

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at the measurement date was determined using the entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement eligibility at 100 percent service pension at age 50 with 20 years of service, early vested retirement at age 50 with 10 years of service vested at 60 percent and increased by 4 percent for each additional year of service up to 20 and eligibility for deferred service

Inflation rate	2.50% per year
Investment rate of return	6.25%
20-year municipal bond yield	2.75%

The 6.25 percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation, along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

The target allocation and best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return
Domestic equity	57.98 %	4.76 %	7.26 %
International equity	5.90	5.41	7.94
Fixed income	7.43	2.01	4.51
Real estate and alternatives	0.01	4.53	7.03
Cash and equivalents	28.68	0.74	3.24
Total	100.00 %		6.25 %

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred since the last study:

- The expected investment return and discount rate decreased from 7.00 percent to 6.25 percent to reflect updated capital market assumptions.
- The mortality and withdrawal assumptions were updated from the rates used in the July 1, 2017
 Minnesota PERA Police and Fire Plan actuarial valuation to the rates used in the July 1, 2019
 Minnesota PERA Police and Fire Plan actuarial valuations.
- The inflation assumption decreased from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

The following changes in plan provisions occurred since the last study:

• The lump sum benefit multiplier increased from \$7,800 to \$8,500.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in state statutes. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability (Asset) Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding section, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	Decrease in scount Rate (5.25%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.25%)	Increase in scount Rate (7.25%)
Defined benefit plan Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (317,502)	\$	(384,764)	\$ (449,333)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to the City of Robbinsdale, Attention: Finance Department, 4100 Lakeview Avenue North, Robbinsdale, Minnesota 55422; or by calling (763) 537-4534.

NOTE 15 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the City's OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. No plan assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

B. Benefits Provided

All retirees of the City have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage through the City from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. For members of all employee groups, the retiree must pay the full premium to continue coverage for medical and dental insurance. Per state statutes, the City is also required to contribute towards the cost of continued health insurance coverage for officers and firefighters disabled or killed in the line of duty.

NOTE 15 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The City is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, whether the premiums are paid by the City or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the City's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

C. Contributions

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the City. The City's current year required pay-as-you-go contributions to finance the benefits described in the previous section totaled \$67,725.

D. Membership

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	11
Active plan members	83
Total members	94

E. Total OPEB Liability of the City

The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,154,379 as of year-end was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, using the entry-age normal level percent of pay method. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	2.74%
20-year municipal bond yield	2.74%
Inflation rate	2.00%
Salary increases	3.25%
Medical trend rate	7.67% grading to

Medical trend rate 7.67%, grading to 5.00% over 10 years

Since the Plan is not funded by an irrevocable trust, the discount rate is equal to the 20-year municipal bond yield.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the PERA plan of which the employee, retiree, or beneficiary is a participant.

NOTE 15 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

G. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Beginning balance	\$	723,903	
Changes for the year			
Service cost		47,563	
Interest		30,440	
Differences between expected and actual experience		268,896	
Changes in assumptions		138,017	
Benefit payments		(54,440)	
Total net changes		430,476	
Ending balance	\$	1,154,379	

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

- The discount rate was changed from 4.09 percent to 2.74 percent.
- The healthcare trend rates, mortality tables, and payroll growth rates were updated for changes in recent studies and inflationary adjustments.

H. Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Decrease in count Rate	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate		
OPEB discount rate	1.74%		2.74%	3.74%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1.272.502	\$	1.154.379	\$ 1.049.970		

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate			
OPEB healthcare trend rate	6.67%, decreasing to 4.00% over 10 years	7.67%, decreasing to 5.00% over 10 years	8.67%, decreasing to 6.00% over 10 years		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,025,106	\$ 1,154,379	\$ 1,308,345		

NOTE 15 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

I. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$119,512. As of year-end, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	I	Deferred	Deferred		
	(Outflows	Inflows		
	of	Resources	of I	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	239,829 136,732 67,725	\$	33,249	
Total	\$	444,286	\$	33,249	

A total of \$67,725 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPEB					
Year Ending	I	Expense					
December 31,		Amount					
2021	\$	41,509					
2022	\$	41,509					
2023	\$	41,509					
2024	\$	41,509					
2025	\$	41,509					
Thereafter	\$	135,767					

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Contingent Liabilities

The City has the usual and customary type of miscellaneous legal claims pending at year-end. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, the City's management believes that the City will not incur any material monetary loss resulting from these claims. No loss has been recorded on the City's financial statements relating to these claims.

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor. Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance, which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

B. Federal and State Funding

Amounts recorded or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of claims which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

C. Construction Commitments

At December 31, 2020, the City is committed to various construction contracts for the improvement of city property. The City's remaining commitment under these contracts is \$31,639,066.

D. Tax Abatement Agreements

The City, in order to spur economic development and redevelopment, will enter into private development and redevelopment agreements to encourage a developer to construct, expand, or improve new or existing properties and buildings, or clean-up and redevelop blighted areas. These agreements may, in substance, be a tax abatement, but will depend on their individual circumstances.

The City is authorized to create a TIF plan under Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 469.175. The criteria that must be met under the statutes are that, in the opinion of the municipality:

- The proposed development or redevelopment would not reasonably be expected to occur solely through private investment within the reasonably foreseeable future;
- The increased market value of the site that could reasonably be expected to occur without the use of TIF would be less than the increase in the market value estimated to result from the proposed development after subtracting the present value of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration of the district permitted by the plan. The requirements of this item do not apply if the district is a housing district;
- The TIF plan conforms to the general plan for the development or redevelopment of the municipality as a whole; and
- The TIF plan will afford maximum opportunity, consistent with the sound needs of the municipality as a whole, for the development or redevelopment of the project by private enterprise.

The City currently has three tax abatement agreements. Under the first agreement, the City rebated \$27,711 of property tax increment in the current year, and the remaining commitment on this agreement was \$329,218 as of year-end. Under the second agreement, the City rebated \$121,840 of property tax increment in the current year, and the remaining commitment on this agreement was \$2,049,501 as of year-end. Under the third agreement, the City rebated \$1,961 of property tax increment in the current year, and the remaining commitment on this agreement was \$2,500,000 as of year-end.

E. COVID-19 Pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused economic and financial market volatility in the United States and around the world, along with significant business and operational disruptions for many organizations. Due to the unknown breadth and duration of this pandemic, any potential impact it may have on the City's future operations and financial condition cannot be determined at this time and has not been reflected in these financial statements.



READER'S NOTES:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ROBBINSDALE

PERA – General Employees Retirement Fund Schedule of City's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal	PERA Fiscal Year-End Date (Measurement	City's Proportion of the Net Pension	S	City's oportionate hare of the let Pension	City's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the		Proportionate Liability and Share of the State of Share of the Minnesota's State of Proportionate Share of the Share of the Share of the Share of the		City's		City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total
Year-End	Date)	Liability	11	Liability	Net Pension Liability		Net Pension Liability			Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Liability
_	·											
12/31/2015	06/30/2015	0.0573%	\$	2,969,582	\$	_	\$	2,969,582	\$	3,369,638	88.13%	78.20%
12/31/2016	06/30/2016	0.0567%	\$	4,603,757	\$	60,189	\$	4,663,946	\$	3,519,962	130.79%	68.90%
12/31/2017	06/30/2017	0.0565%	\$	3,606,921	\$	45,387	\$	3,652,308	\$	3,642,531	99.02%	75.90%
12/31/2018	06/30/2018	0.0567%	\$	3,145,482	\$	103,248	\$	3,248,730	\$	3,813,605	82.48%	79.50%
12/31/2019	06/30/2019	0.0574%	\$	3,173,518	\$	98,662	\$	3,272,180	\$	4,049,660	78.37%	80.20%
12/31/2020	06/30/2020	0.0590%	\$	3,537,318	\$	109,223	\$	3,646,541	\$	4,210,744	84.01%	79.10%

PERA – General Employees Retirement Fund Schedule of City Contributions Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal Year-End	F	tatutorily Required ntributions	in l the	ntributions Relation to Statutorily Required ntributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/2015	\$	259,687	\$	259,687	\$	_	\$ 3,462,493	7.50%	
12/31/2016	\$	267,770	\$	267,770	\$	_	\$ 3,566,711	7.51%	
12/31/2017	\$	275,443	\$	275,443	\$	_	\$ 3,672,567	7.50%	
12/31/2018	\$	298,495	\$	298,495	\$	_	\$ 3,982,298	7.50%	
12/31/2019	\$	307,576	\$	307,576	\$	_	\$ 4,101,526	7.50%	
12/31/2020	\$	336,324	\$	336,324	\$	_	\$ 4,484,409	7.50%	

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2015 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

PERA – Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Schedule of City's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended December 31, 2020

							Pı	oportionate			
							S	hare of the			
						City's	N	let Pension			
					Pro	portionate	L	iability and		City's	
					Sh	are of the		the City's		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
					5	State of	S	Share of the		Share of the	Net Position
		City's		City's	Mi	nnesota's		State of		Net Pension	as a
	PERA Fiscal	Proportion	Pr	oportionate	Pro	portionate	N	//innesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	S	hare of the	Sh	are of the	S	hare of the	City's	Percentage of	of the Total
City Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	N	let Pension	Ne	t Pension	N	let Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End	Date)	Liability		Liability	I	Liability		Liability	 Payroll	Payroll	Liability
12/31/2015	06/30/2015	0.1880%	\$	2,316,120	\$	-	\$	2,316,120	\$ 1,711,094	135.36%	86.60%
12/31/2016	06/30/2016	0.1940%	\$	7,785,558	\$	_	\$	7,785,558	\$ 1,866,125	417.20%	63.90%
12/31/2017	06/30/2017	0.1960%	\$	2,646,233	\$	-	\$	2,646,233	\$ 2,007,751	131.80%	85.40%
12/31/2018	06/30/2018	0.1959%	\$	2,088,092	\$	-	\$	2,088,092	\$ 2,064,385	101.15%	88.80%
12/31/2019	06/30/2019	0.2101%	\$	2,236,726	\$	_	\$	2,236,726	\$ 2,216,856	100.90%	89.30%
12/31/2020											

PERA – Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Schedule of City Contributions Year Ended December 31, 2020

City Fiscal Year-End	F	tatutorily Required ntributions	in l the	ntributions Relation to Statutorily Required ntributions	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2015	\$	295,913	\$	295,913	\$	_	\$ 1,826,623	16.20%
12/31/2016	\$	311,776	\$	311,776	\$	_	\$ 1,924,574	16.20%
12/31/2017	\$	330,297	\$	330,297	\$	_	\$ 2,038,874	16.20%
12/31/2018	\$	348,923	\$	348,923	\$	_	\$ 2,153,844	16.20%
12/31/2019	\$	375,408	\$	375,408	\$	_	\$ 2,214,791	16.95%
12/31/2020	\$	410,778	\$	410,778	\$	_	\$ 2,320,783	17.70%

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2015 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Robbinsdale Fire Department Relief Association Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Year Ended December 31, 2020

	December 31,							
City fiscal year-end date	2020	2019	2018	2017 (1)	2016	2015		
Measurement date	2019	2018	2017	2016	2016	2015		
Tatal manaism liability								
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 87,502	\$ 85.160	\$ 82.258	\$ 82,441	\$ 82,441	\$ 65,993		
	* /		\$ 82,238 111,963	121,916	* - ,			
Interest on pension liability (asset) Difference between expected	116,871	105,456	111,963	121,910	121,916	161,021		
and actual experience	(11,098)		(54,939)			(88,598)		
Change in assumptions	53,874	_		(11,359)	(11,359)			
Change in benefit terms	153,880	_	35,452	(11,339)	(11,339)	(79,800)		
Benefit payments	(8,310)	(51,473)	(180,135)	(567,243)	(567.242)	(625,655)		
1 7					(567,243)			
Net change in total pension liability	392,719	139,143	(5,401)	(374,245)	(374,245)	(567,039)		
Total pension liability – beginning of year	1,586,234	1,447,091	1,452,492	1,826,737	1,826,737	2,393,776		
Total pension liability – end of year	\$1,978,953	\$1,586,234	\$1,447,091	\$1,452,492	\$1,452,492	\$1,826,737		
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions (state and local)	\$ 100,727	\$ 135,784	\$ 128,495	\$ 141,780	\$ 141,780	\$ 154,715		
Net investment income	403,989	(69,739)	256,522	155,774	155,774	6,417		
Benefit payments	(8,310)	(51,473)	(180,135)	(567,243)	(567,243)	(625,655)		
Administrative costs	(16,109)	(18,544)	(14,621)	(19,681)	(19,681)	(15,547)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	480,297	(3,972)	190,261	(289,370)	(289,370)	(480,070)		
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning of year	1,883,420	1,887,392	1,697,131	1,986,501	1,986,501	2,466,571		
Plan fiduciary net position – end of year	\$2,363,717	\$1,883,420	\$1,887,392	\$1,697,131	\$1,697,131	\$1,986,501		
, ,								
Net pension liability (asset) – ending	\$ (384,764)	\$ (297,186)	\$ (440,301)	\$ (244,639)	\$ (244,639)	\$ (159,764)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a								
percentage of the total pension liability	119.44%	118.74%	130.43%	116.84%	116.84%	108.75%		

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a December 31, 2015 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

⁽¹⁾ The City made a change in accounting principle to utilize the look-back period as the measurement date. This is an accepted practice and allows the City to complete its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in a more timely manner. This change required the use of the same actuary study and pension report for the 2016 and 2017 fiscal years.

Robbinsdale Fire Department Relief Association Schedule of City Contributions Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Con	tributions in					
	Relation to the								
	A	ctuarially	A	ctuarially	Co	ntribution			
City Fiscal	De	Determined		etermined	Deficiency				
Year-End Date	Co	ntribution	Co	ntributions	Defic	Excess)			
12/31/2015	\$	124,590	\$	154,715	\$	(30,125)			
12/31/2016	\$	124,590	\$	141,780	\$	(17,190)			
12/31/2017	\$	132,456	\$	128,495	\$	3,961			
12/31/2018	\$	136,735	\$	135,784	\$	951			
12/31/2019	\$	97,609	\$	100,727	\$	(3,118)			
12/31/2020	\$	120,411	\$	127,313	\$	(6,902)			

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Ci	ity Fisc	al Year-End D	ate	
	30,440 25,924 expected ce 268,896 — ons 138,017 (42,747)		2018			
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	47,563	\$	66,901	\$	60,777
Interest		30,440		25,924		25,189
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		268,896		_		_
Changes in assumptions		138,017		(42,747)		20,450
Benefit payments		(54,440)		(25,772)		(24,833)
Net change in total OPEB liability		430,476		24,306		81,583
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year		723,903		699,597		618,014
Total OPEB liability – end of year	\$	1,154,379	\$	723,903	\$	699,597
Covered payroll	\$	6,100,000	\$	5,900,000	\$	5,700,000
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		18.92%		12.27%		12.27%

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal 2018. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

2020 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

PERA – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.
- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100.00 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019, and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

PERA – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members, and 2.00 percent for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 Fully Generational Table to the RP-2014 Fully Generational Table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2064, and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

PERA – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND (CONTINUED)

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2037, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90.00 percent funding threshold was changed from inflation up to 2.50 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.50 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

ROBBINSDALE FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The expected investment return and discount rate decreased from 7.00 percent to 6.25 percent to reflect updated capital market assumptions.
- The mortality and withdrawal assumptions were updated from the rates used in the July 1, 2017
 Minnesota PERA Police and Fire Plan actuarial valuation to the rates used in the July 1, 2019
 Minnesota PERA Police and Fire Plan actuarial valuations.
- The inflation assumption decreased from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

2020 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The lump sum benefit multiplier increased from \$7,800 to \$8,500.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.75 percent to 7.00 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.75 percent to 7.00 percent.
- The mortality and withdrawal assumptions were updated from the rates used in the July 1, 2016 Minnesota PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund plan actuarial valuation to the rates used in the July 1, 2017 Minnesota PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund plan actuarial valuations.

2017/2016 CHANGES

• The City made a change in accounting principle to utilize the look-back period as the measurement date. This is an accepted practice and allows the City to complete its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in a timelier manner. This change required the use of the same actuary study and pension report for the 2016 and 2017 fiscal years.

2017/2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The retirement rates were updated to reflect plan experience and expectations.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
December 31, 2020

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate was changed from 4.09 percent to 2.74 percent.
- The healthcare trend rates, mortality tables, and payroll growth rates were updated for changes in recent studies and inflationary adjustments.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.44 percent to 4.09 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.78 percent to 3.44 percent.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



READER'S NOTES:

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Forfeiture Fund

This fund was established to account for the costs and proceeds associated with confiscating vehicles involved in DWI cases and other forfeiture situations. The proceeds from the sale of forfeited items offsets the legal, repair and maintenance, licensing, and disposal costs.

City Code Compliance Fund

This fund was established to account for programs funded by special assessments to comply with city code and emergency issues related to private property, which promotes the safety and welfare of the citizens.

COVID-19 Fund

This fund was established to account for programs funded by intergovernmental revenues to support community development and public health, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

Capital Improvement Fund

This fund was established to account for construction and/or improvements related to the following programs: cable grant, government buildings, park improvements, and capital equipment notes. Funding is generally provided through grants from other governments or organizations and transfers from other funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds									
	F	orfeiture Fund		City Code ompliance Fund		/ID-19 und	Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund		Total Nonmajor Funds	
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	67,065	\$	433,851	\$	_	\$	2,537,241	\$	3,038,157
Receivables										
Accrued interest		387		2,286		_		11,268		13,941
Special assessments		_		125,470		_		_		125,470
Accounts		_		5,936		_		_		5,936
Notes	-							317,230	_	317,230
Total assets	\$	67,452	\$	567,543	\$		\$	2,865,739	\$	3,500,734
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	2,621	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,278	\$	16,899
Unearned revenue				<u> </u>				317,230		317,230
Total liabilities		2,621						331,508		334,129
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue – special assessments		_		125,467		=		_		125,467
Fund balances										
Restricted		64,738		_		_		336,903		401,641
Committed				442,076		_		1,489,650		1,931,726
Assigned		93		_		_		707,678		707,771
Total fund balances		64,831		442,076				2,534,231		3,041,138
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	67,452	\$	567,543	\$		\$	2,865,739	\$	3,500,734

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Forfeiture Fund	City Code Compliance Fund	COVID-19 Fund	Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	_	37,395	_	_	37,395
Intergovernmental	10,428	=	1,120,244	31,777	1,162,449
Charges for services	=	12,032	=	35,114	47,146
Interest and dividends	1,020	6,029	127	28,377	35,553
Net change in fair value of investments	1,232	7,273	_	33,261	41,766
Miscellaneous	20,327	_	_	9,550	29,877
Total revenues	33,007	62,729	1,120,371	138,079	1,354,186
Expenditures Current					
General government	_	_	_	3,206	3,206
Community development	_	_	100,000	-	100,000
Public safety	15,708	11,515	_	_	27,223
Recreation	=		_	25,049	25,049
Debt service				,,,,,	,
Principal	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay and improvements	_	_	_	95,583	95,583
Total expenditures	15,708	11,515	100,000	123,838	251,061
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	17,299	51,214	1,020,371	14,241	1,103,125
Other financing sources (uses)					
Issuance of debt	_	_	_	615,000	615,000
Premium on debt issuance	_	_	_	108,415	108,415
Transfers in	_	-	-	450,000	450,000
Transfers (out)	_	_	(1,020,371)	(387,715)	(1,408,086)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(1,020,371)	785,700	(234,671)
Net change in fund balances	17,299	51,214	_	799,941	868,454
Fund balances					
Beginning of year	47,532	390,862		1,734,290	2,172,684
End of year	\$ 64,831	\$ 442,076	\$ -	\$ 2,534,231	\$ 3,041,138



READER'S NOTES:

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Central Garage Fund

This fund was established to account for the cost of operating a maintenance facility for mobile equipment used by other city departments. Such costs are billed to other departments at cost plus a charge to replace the equipment.

Central Services Fund

This fund was established to account for the cost of operating the Information Technology Department, Central Services (phone system, postage, copier, and general supplies), and Government Building Operations (includes City Hall and the Police and Fire Station). Costs are recouped through charges to other departments based upon a systematic measure (estimate) of resources used.

Equipment Replacement Fund

This fund was established to provide for the systematic replacement of equipment as required.

Risk Insurance Fund

The City Council established this fund to provide for the deductible portion of insurance coverage that the City carries. Through this action, charges are made to all departments to recoup the costs of the insurance over a five-year period, and the amount of potential risk assumed by the City through the deductible portion of the coverage.

Benefit Accrual Fund

The City Council established this fund to eliminate the fragmentation of vacation and sick leave among the General Fund and enterprise funds for administrative purposes.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Central Garage Fund	Central Services Fund	Equipment Replacement Fund
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,565,203	\$ 1,300,452	\$ 1,215,199
Receivables			
Accrued interest	5,945	6,352	5,270
Accounts	_	10.012	_
Prepaid items Total current assets	1 571 140	10,912	1 220 460
Total current assets	1,571,148	1,317,716	1,220,469
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Land	29,388	_	69,385
Buildings and structures	759,047	867,394	743,883
Other improvements	_	271,202	757,002
Mobile equipment	6,211,365		72,785
Machinery and office equipment	258,549	283,969	1,066,439
Work in progress	50,498	11,086	-
Accumulated depreciation	(3,296,198)	(621,828)	(2,306,694)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	4,012,649	811,823	402,800
Total assets	5,583,797	2,129,539	1,623,269
Deferred outflows of resources			
OPEB plan deferments	9,774	9,774	_
Pension plan deferments – PERA	14,314	12,112	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	24,088	21,886	_
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 5,607,885	\$ 2,151,425	\$ 1,623,269
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 24,281	\$ 13,925	\$ 54,500
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,231	2,849	-
Due to other governments	_	_,,,,	_
Compensated absences	_	_	_
Total current liabilities	25,512	16,774	54,500
Noncurrent liabilities			
Total OPEB liability	25,396	25,396	
Net pension liability	137,955	116,731	
Compensated absences	-	-	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	163,351	142,127	
Total liabilities	188,863	158,901	54,500
Deferred inflows of resources			
OPEB plan deferments	731	731	_
Pension plan deferments – PERA	5,540	4,688	
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,271	5,419	
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	4,012,649	811,823	402,800
Unrestricted	1,400,102	1,175,282	1,165,969
Total net position	5,412,751	1,987,105	1,568,769
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 5,607,885	\$ 2,151,425	\$ 1,623,269

Risk Insurance Fund	Benefit Accrual Fund	Total
\$ 1,626,214	\$ 1,509,926	\$ 7,216,994
8,815	5,277	31,659
- 0,015	5,257	5,257
23,717		34,629
1,658,746	1,520,460	7,288,539
		98,773
_		2,370,324
_	_	1,028,204
_	_	6,284,150
_	_	1,608,957
_	_	61,584
		(6,224,720)
		5,227,272
1,658,746	1,520,460	12,515,811
_	_	19,548
		26,426
		45,974
\$ 1,658,746	\$ 1,520,460	\$ 12,561,785
\$ 4,608	\$ 398	\$ 97,712
· -	153,845	157,925
_	747	747
	74,000	74,000
4,608	228,990	330,384
-	_	50,792
_	569 170	254,686 568 170
	568,179 568,179	568,179 873,657
4,608		1,204,041
		1,462
_		10,228
_		11,690
	_	,,,,
_	_	5,227,272
1,654,138		6,118,782
1,654,138	723,291	11,346,054
\$ 1,658,746	\$ 1,520,460	\$ 12,561,785

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Central Garage Fund	Central Services Fund	Equipment Replacement Fund
Operating revenues			
Sales, fees, and charges	\$ 991,874	\$ 1,199,583	\$ 1,432
Operating expenses			
Personal services	162,015	267,637	_
Supplies	164,711	116,493	6,918
Other services and charges	268,965	826,354	181,397
Depreciation	373,105	68,148	66,553
Total operating expenses	968,796	1,278,632	254,868
Operating income (loss)	23,078	(79,049)	(253,436)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Intergovernmental	370	313	_
Interest and dividends	17,981	16,107	14,496
Net change in fair value of investments	23,388	18,964	17,935
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	91,009	_	(15,420)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	132,748	35,384	17,011
Income (loss) before transfers	155,826	(43,665)	(236,425)
Transfers			
Transfers in	586,512	288,967	300,000
Change in net position	742,338	245,302	63,575
Net position			
Beginning of year	4,670,413	1,741,803	1,505,194
End of year	\$ 5,412,751	\$ 1,987,105	\$ 1,568,769

	Risk Insurance Fund	Benefit Accrual Fund	Total
\$	665,237	\$ 21,125	\$ 2,879,251
	- - 754,799 -	- - 4,914 -	429,652 288,122 2,036,429 507,806
	754,799	4,914	 3,262,009
	(89,562)	16,211	(382,758)
	_	_	683
	22,378	16,311	87,273
	26,367	21,421	108,075
	, <u> </u>	_	75,589
	48,745	37,732	271,620
	(40,817)	53,943	(111,138)
	100,000	 _	 1,275,479
	59,183	53,943	1,164,341
-	1,594,955	 669,348	10,181,713
\$	1,654,138	\$ 723,291	\$ 11,346,054

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Central Garage Fund		Central Services Fund		Equipment Replacement Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers and users, including deposits Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,000,568 (419,229) (207,564) 373,775	\$	1,200,459 (942,963) (226,305) 31,191	\$	1,432 (155,145) ————————————————————————————————————	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers from other funds Intergovernmental Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		370 370		288,967 313 289,280			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Transfers from other funds Acquisition of property and equipment Proceeds from the disposal of property and equipment Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	_	586,512 (1,019,790) 197,822 (235,456)		(11,086)		300,000 (24,500) 10,377 285,877	
Cash flows from investing activities Interest and changes in fair value on investments		43,589		34,179		31,667	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		182,278		343,564		163,831	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,382,925		956,888		1,051,368	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,565,203	\$	1,300,452	\$	1,215,199	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities	\$	23,078	\$	(79,049)	\$	(253,436)	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows		373,105		68,148		66,553	
Accounts receivable Due from other governments Prepaid items Deferred outflows for pensions		8,694 - - (782)		876 - 14,156 (5,760)		- - -	
Deferred outflows for OPEB Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows		(8,255)		(9,269)		_	
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other governments		14,447 1,231		(14,272) 2,849		33,170	
Total OPEB liability Compensated absences payable		2,521 -		17,795 -		- -	
Net pension liability Deferred inflows for pensions Deferred inflows for OPEB		(17,547) (22,247) (470)		43,740 (8,355) 332		- - -	
Total adjustments		350,697		110,240		99,723	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	373,775	\$	31,191	\$	(153,713)	

Risk Insurance	Benefit Accrual	
 Fund	 Fund	 Total
\$ 675,551	\$ 20,603	\$ 2,898,613
(758,786)	(9,420)	(2,285,543)
 (92.225)	 (310,560)	 (744,429)
(83,235)	(299,377)	(131,359)
100,000		388,967
100,000	_	683
100,000		389,650
_	_	886,512
_	_	(1,055,376)
 	 	 208,199
_	_	39,335
 49,143	 40,777	 199,355
65,908	(258,600)	496,981
 1,560,306	 1,768,526	 6,720,013
\$ 1,626,214	\$ 1,509,926	\$ 7,216,994
\$ (89,562)	\$ 16,211	\$ (382,758)
_	_	507,806
_	(522)	9,048
10,314	_	10,314
(1,457)	_	12,699
	_	(6,542)
_	_	(17,524)
(2,530)	(5,253)	25,562
_	(312,209)	(308,129)
_	747	747
_	_	20,316
_	1,649	1,649
_	_	26,193
_	_	(30,602)
 	 	 (138)
 6,327	 (315,588)	 251,399
\$ (83,235)	\$ (299,377)	\$ (131,359)



READER'S NOTES:

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Individual Account Schedules and Other Schedule
The following schedules are provided to provide our financial statement readers further details of individual accounts (not funds) that are combined and presented as individual funds, and a schedule detailing certain long-term debt issues payable.

Special Revenue Fund REDA TIF Development Fund Accounts Balance Sheet by Account December 31, 2020

	TIF District No. 2000-4		TIF District No. 2000-5		TIF District No. 2000-6		TIF District No. 2000-7		TIF District No. 2000-8			F District b. 2000-9
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Receivables												
Accrued interest		_		_		_		_		_		_
Property held for resale								_				51,052
Total assets	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	51,052
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	585	\$	578	\$	559	\$	584	\$	572	\$	548
Advance from other funds		351,118		304,167		341,900		886,565		288,794		245,911
Total liabilities		351,703		304,745		342,459		887,149		289,366		246,459
Fund balances (deficits) Unassigned		(351,703)		(304,745)		(342,459)		(887,149)		(289,366)	((195,407)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	51,052

TIF D	istrict	TIF	District												
Project	8-42nd	Pro	ject 8-A	TIF	District	TI	F District	TII	F District	TII	District	TIF	District		
and R	egent	k	Crantz	Project 10		Project 11		Pı	roject 12	Pr	oject 13	Pro	ject 14		Total
					J										
\$		\$	4,215	\$		\$	14,428	\$	75,271	\$	1,090	\$		\$	95,004
Ψ		Ψ	4,213	Ψ		Ψ	14,420	Ψ	73,271	ψ	1,070	Ψ		Ψ	75,004
			24												24
	_		24		_		_		_		_		_		24
															51,052
\$	_	\$	4,239	\$	_	\$	14,428	\$	75,271	\$	1,090	\$	_	\$	146,080
\$	_	\$	576	\$	579	\$	14,428	\$	61,611	\$	1,521	\$	540	\$	82,681
'	7,069	_	_	Τ,	529,712	-	14,889	-		_	1,152	-	34	7 /	1,271,311
			576		530,291				61,611				574		
1,50	7,069		370		330,291		29,317		01,011		2,673		374	-	1,353,992
(1,30	7,069)		3,663	(530,291)		(14,889)		13,660		(1,583)		(574)	(4	1,207,912)
\$	_	\$	4,239	\$	_	\$	14,428	\$	75,271	\$	1,090	\$	_	\$	146,080

Special Revenue Fund REDA TIF Development Fund Accounts Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended December 31, 2020

			F District o. 2000-5	TIF District No. 2000-6		TIF District No. 2000-7		TIF District No. 2000-8		IF District o. 2000-9	
Revenues											
Tax increments	\$	19,947	\$	20,353	\$	6,650	\$	19,578	\$	18,398	\$ 3,464
Land sales		_		_		-		_		_	3,000
Interest and dividends		_		_		_		_		_	_
Net change in fair value of investments				_		_		_		_	
Total revenues		19,947		20,353		6,650		19,578		18,398	6,464
Expenditures Current Community development		619		613		593		619		606	2,365
Net change in fund balance		19,328		19,740		6,057		18,959		17,792	4,099
Fund balances (deficits) Beginning of year		(371,031)		(324,485)		(348,516)		(906,108)		(307,158)	(199,506)
End of year	\$	(351,703)	\$	(304,745)	\$	(342,459)	\$	(887,149)	\$	(289,366)	\$ (195,407)

TIF	District	TI	F District												
Proje	ect 8-42nd	Pro	oject 8-A	TI	F District	TI	F District	ΤI	F District	TII	F District	TII	F District		
and	d Regent		Krantz	P	roject 10	Pı	roject 11	P	roject 12	Pr	oject 13	Project 14		Total	
											_				_
\$	_	\$	19,108	\$	30,504	\$	30,790	\$	135,378	\$	2,179	\$	_	\$	306,349
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		3,000
	_		54		_		_		_		_		_		54
	_		57		_		_		_		_		_		57
	_		19,219		30,504		30,790		135,378		2,179		_		309,460
	35		578		613		28,317		122,565		3,038		574		161,135
	(35)		18,641		29,891		2,473		12,813		(859)		(574)		148,325
(1	,307,034)		(14,978)		(560,182)		(17,362)		847		(724)			(-	4,356,237)
\$ (1	,307,069)	\$	3,663	\$	(530,291)	\$	(14,889)	\$	13,660	\$	(1,583)	\$	(574)	\$ (4,207,912)

Debt Service Fund General Debt Service Fund Accounts Balance Sheet by Account December 31, 2020

	2013 G.O. Street Reconstruction Bonds		2018 G.O. Equipment Certificates		2020 G.O. Equipment Certificates		G.O. Street provement Bonds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	246,497	\$	188,138	\$	950	\$ 103,697
Receivables							
Accrued interest		355		104		_	39
Taxes		1,195		1,208		_	299
Special assessments		_		_		_	140,556
Total assets	\$	248,047	\$	189,450	\$	950	\$ 244,591
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue – special assessments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 138,113
Fund balances							
Restricted		248,047		189,450		950	 106,478
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	248,047	\$	189,450	\$	950	\$ 244,591

Special	Assessment
Docciai	Assessment

G.O. Street provement Bonds	G.O. Street provement Bonds	G.O. Street provement Bonds	Imp	20 G.O. Street mprovement Bonds		Total
\$ 723,400	\$ 289,835	\$ 145,049	\$	18,464	\$	1,716,030
2,163	1,389	378		55		4,483
1,979	49	414		_		5,144
 237,869	 247,966	 150,793				777,184
\$ 965,411	\$ 539,239	\$ 296,634	\$	18,519	\$	2,502,841
\$ 237,213	\$ 247,701	\$ 150,525	\$	_	\$	773,552
728,198	291,538	146,109		18,519		1,729,289
\$ 965,411	\$ 539,239	\$ 296,634	\$	18,519	\$	2,502,841

Debt Service Fund General Debt Service Fund Accounts Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2013 G.O. Street Reconstruction Bonds		2018 G.O. Equipment Certificates		2020 G.O. Equipment Certificates		Imp	G.O. Street provement Bonds
Revenues		10.5.001		400.000	φ.			40.004
Property taxes	\$	196,981	\$	199,028	\$	_	\$	49,284
Special assessments		- 026		260		_		62,047
Interest and dividends		936		269		_		65
Net change in fair value of investments		1,130		320		_		49
Total revenues		199,047		199,617		_		111,445
Expenditures								
Debt service		165,000		125 000				150,000
Principal		165,000		135,000		0.054		150,000
Interest and fiscal charges		22,585		43,503		8,254		9,672
Total expenditures		187,585		178,503	-	8,254		159,672
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		11,462		21,114		(8,254)		(48,227)
Other financing sources								
Premium on debt issuance						9,204		
Net change in fund balances		11,462		21,114		950		(48,227)
Fund balances								
Beginning of year		236,585		168,336				154,705
End of year	\$	248,047	\$	189,450	\$	950	\$	106,478

Special Assessment

Total) G.O. Street provement Bonds	Imp	G.O. Street provement Bonds	20	G.O. Street provement Bonds	2017 Imj	2015 G.O. Street Improvement Bonds	
847,901 249,792 11,507 13,654 1,122,854	\$ 17,175 59 7 17,241	\$	68,290 27,870 971 1,154 98,285	\$	8,140 76,736 3,545 4,192 92,613	\$	326,178 65,964 5,662 6,802 404,606	\$
915,000 211,429 1,126,429	 11,143 11,143		55,000 34,026 89,026	_	65,000 18,284 83,284		345,000 63,962 408,962	
(3,575)	6,098		9,259		9,329		(4,356)	
21,625 18,050	 12,421 18,519		9,259		9,329		(4,356)	
1,711,239	 		136,850		282,209		732,554	
1,729,289	\$ 18,519	\$	146,109	\$	291,538	\$	728,198	\$

Special Revenue Fund Forfeiture Fund Accounts Balance Sheet by Account December 31, 2020

	F	DWI orfeiture	ther feiture	leral DTF seizures	Total		
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	41,806	\$ 92	\$ 25,167	\$	67,065	
Receivables							
Accrued interest		242	1	 144		387	
Total assets	\$	42,048	\$ 93	\$ 25,311	\$	67,452	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 2,621	\$	2,621	
Fund balances							
Restricted		42,048	_	22,690		64,738	
Assigned		_	93	_		93	
Total fund balances		42,048	93	22,690		64,831	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	42,048	\$ 93	\$ 25,311	\$	67,452	

Special Revenue Fund Forfeiture Fund Accounts Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended December 31, 2020

	DWI orfeiture	Other Forfeiture		Federal DTF Seizures		Total	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ _	\$	_	\$	10,428	\$	10,428
Interest and dividends	599		1		420		1,020
Net change in fair value							
of investments	693		2		537		1,232
Miscellaneous	20,327		_		_		20,327
Total revenues	21,619		3	•	11,385		33,007
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety	4,709				10,999		15,708
Net change in fund balances	16,910		3		386		17,299
Fund balances							
Beginning of year	25,138		90	-	22,304		47,532
End of year	\$ 42,048	\$	93	\$	22,690	\$	64,831

Special Revenue Fund City Code Compliance Fund Accounts Balance Sheet by Account December 31, 2020

		Emergency Sewer and Water		Forced Tree Removal		Nuisance Abatements		Total
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	232,241	\$	40,660	\$	160,950	\$	433,851
Receivables								
Accrued interest		1,150		208		928		2,286
Special assessments		119,611		5,859		_		125,470
Accounts						5,936		5,936
Total assets	\$	353,002	\$	46,727	\$	167,814	\$	567,543
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue – special assessments		119,608		5,859		_		125,467
Fund balances								
Committed		233,394		40,868		167,814		442,076
Total deferred inflows of resources	Φ	252.000	Φ.	4 < 707	Φ.	1.77.01.1	Φ.	5.67.540
and fund balances	\$	353,002	\$	46,727	\$	167,814	\$	567,543

Special Revenue Fund City Code Compliance Fund Accounts Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Emergency		Forced				
	S	Sewer and	Tree	Nuisance			
		Water	 Removal	Abatements		Total	
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$	32,836	\$ 4,559	\$	_	\$	37,395
Charges for services		3,576	_		8,456		12,032
Interest and dividends		3,019	552		2,458		6,029
Net change in fair value of investments		3,633	667		2,973		7,273
Total revenues		43,064	 5,778		13,887		62,729
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety		7,720	 157		3,638		11,515
Net change in fund balances		35,344	5,621		10,249		51,214
Fund balances							
Beginning of year		198,050	 35,247		157,565		390,862
End of year	\$	233,394	\$ 40,868	\$	167,814	\$	442,076

Capital Project Fund Capital Improvement Fund Accounts Balance Sheet by Account December 31, 2020

	Cable Grant	В	vernment uilding covements		Park Capital provements	Capital quipment	Total
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 478,841	\$	80,084	\$	1,641,413	\$ 336,903	\$ 2,537,241
Receivables	2.762		160		0.042		11.000
Accrued interest	2,763		462		8,043	_	11,268
Notes	 				317,230	 	 317,230
Total assets	\$ 481,604	\$	80,546	\$	1,966,686	\$ 336,903	\$ 2,865,739
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ _	\$	_	\$	14,278	\$ _	\$ 14,278
Unearned revenue			_		317,230	 _	 317,230
Total liabilities	 		_	,	331,508	 _	331,508
Fund balances							
Restricted	_		_		_	336,903	336,903
Committed	481,604		80,546		927,500	_	1,489,650
Assigned					707,678	 	 707,678
Total fund balances	 481,604		80,546		1,635,178	336,903	2,534,231
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 481,604	\$	80,546	\$	1,966,686	\$ 336,903	\$ 2,865,739

Capital Project Fund Capital Improvement Fund Accounts Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Cable Grant	Bu	ernment iilding ovements	Ca	Park apital evements	Capital quipment		Total
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 31,777	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	31,777
Charges for services	_		_		35,114	_		35,114
Interest and dividends	7,204		1,223		19,950	_		28,377
Net change in fair value of investments	8,633		1,481		23,147	_		33,261
Miscellaneous	 		_		9,550	 		9,550
Total revenues	 47,614		2,704		87,761	_		138,079
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	2,878		328		_	_		3,206
Recreation	_		_		25,049	_		25,049
Capital outlay and improvements			_		95,583	 _		95,583
Total expenditures	 2,878		328		120,632			123,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	44,736		2,376		(32,871)	_		14,241
Other financing sources (uses)								
Issuance of debt	_		_		_	615,000		615,000
Premium on debt issuance	_		_		_	108,415		108,415
Transfer in	_		_	4	150,000	_		450,000
Transfer (out)	 				(1,203)	(386,512)		(387,715)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 				148,797	 336,903		785,700
Net change in fund balances	44,736		2,376	4	115,926	336,903		799,941
Fund balances								
Beginning of year	 436,868		78,170	1,2	219,252	 		1,734,290
End of year	\$ 481,604	\$	80,546	\$ 1,0	535,178	\$ 336,903	\$ 2	2,534,231



READER'S NOTES:

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Issues Payable December 31, 2020

		Interest				
_	Year	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total	
General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds						
General Obligation Tax Increment						
Refunding Bonds of 2019A	2021	5.00%	\$ 145,000	\$ 123,625	\$ 268,625	
•	2022	5.00%	190,000	115,250	305,250	
	2023	5.00%	215,000	105,125	320,125	
	2024	5.00%	230,000	94,000	324,000	
	2025	5.00%	255,000	81,875	336,875	
	2026	5.00%	275,000	68,625	343,625	
	2027	5.00%	300,000	54,250	354,250	
	2028	5.00%	325,000	38,625	363,625	
	2029	2.00%	355,000	26,950	381,950	
	2030	2.00%	370,000	19,700	389,700	
	2031	2.00%	390,000	12,100	402,100	
	2032	2.00%	410,000	4,100	414,100	
Total General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds			\$3,460,000	\$ 744,225	\$4,204,225	

-129- (continued)

	Year	Interest Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
General Obligation Street Bonds					
General Obligation Street Improvement					
Bonds of 2020A	2021	5.00%	\$ -	\$ 31,267	\$ 31,267
Donas of 2020/1	2022	5.00%	30,000	32,850	62,850
	2023	5.00%	70,000	30,350	100,350
	2024	5.00%	75,000	26,725	101,725
	2025	5.00%	75,000	22,975	97,975
	2026	5.00%	80,000	19,100	99,100
	2027	5.00%	85,000	14,975	99,975
	2028	4.00%	85,000	11,150	96,150
	2029	4.00%	95,000	7,550	102,550
	2030	3.00%	95,000	4,225	99,225
	2031	2.00%	95,000	1,850	96,850
	2032	2.00%	45,000	450	45,450
Subtotal	2032	2.0070	830,000	203,467	1,033,467
Subtotal			050,000	203,107	1,055,107
General Obligation Street Improvement					
Bonds of 2018A	2021	4.00%	65,000	29,800	94,800
	2022	4.00%	70,000	27,100	97,100
	2023	5.00%	70,000	23,950	93,950
	2024	5.00%	75,000	20,325	95,325
	2025	5.00%	75,000	16,575	91,575
	2026	5.00%	80,000	12,700	92,700
	2027	5.00%	85,000	8,575	93,575
	2028	4.00%	90,000	4,650	94,650
	2029	3.00%	95,000	1,425	96,425
Subtotal			705,000	145,100	850,100
General Obligation Street Improvement					
Bonds of 2017A	2021	3.00%	70,000	15,150	85,150
	2022	3.00%	70,000	13,050	83,050
	2023	3.00%	70,000	10,950	80,950
	2024	3.00%	75,000	8,775	83,775
	2025	3.00%	75,000	6,525	81,525
	2026	2.00%	80,000	4,600	84,600
	2027	2.25%	80,000	2,900	82,900
	2028	2.50%	80,000	1,000	81,000
Subtotal			600,000	62,950	662,950
General Obligation Street Improvement					
Bonds of 2015A	2021	3.00%	360,000	51,800	411,800
Donus 01 2013/1	2021	3.00%	370,000	40,849	410,849
	2022	3.00%	380,000	29,600	409,600
	2023	2.00%	390,000	29,000	410,000
	2024	2.00%	400,000	12,100	412,100
	2025	2.00%	405,000	4,050	409,050
Subtotal	2020	2.0070	2,305,000	158,399	2,463,399
Suototai			2,505,000	150,577	2,403,377

		Interest			
	Year	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
Comment Obligation Street Bonds (continued)					
General Obligation Street Bonds (continued) General Obligation Street Reconstruction					
Bonds of 2013A	2021	3.00%	170,000	15,050	185,050
Donus of 2013A	2021	2.13%	180,000	10,587	190,587
	2023	2.25%	180,000	6,650	186,650
	2024	2.50%	185,000	2,314	187,314
Subtotal	2021	2.3070	715,000	34,601	749,601
General Obligation Street Improvement	2021	1 (00/	150,000	7.100	157 100
Bonds of 2012A	2021	1.60%	150,000	7,190	157,190
	2022	1.80%	155,000	4,595	159,595
C-1-4-4-1	2023	2.00%	160,000	1,600	161,600
Subtotal			465,000	13,385	478,385
Total General Obligation Street Bonds			\$5,620,000	\$ 617,902	\$6,237,902
General Obligation Equipment Certificates					
General Obligation Equipment					
Certificates of 2020A	2021	5.00%	\$ -	\$ 26,986	\$ 26,986
	2022	5.00%	70,000	27,250	97,250
	2023	5.00%	85,000	23,375	108,375
	2024	5.00%	90,000	19,000	109,000
	2025	5.00%	95,000	14,375	109,375
	2026	5.00%	105,000	9,375	114,375
	2027	5.00%	40,000	5,750	45,750
	2028	4.00%	40,000	3,950	43,950
	2029	4.00%	45,000	2,250	47,250
	2030	3.00%	45,000	675	45,675
Subtotal			615,000	132,986	747,986
General Obligation Equipment					
Certificates of 2018A	2021	4.00%	150,000	36,550	186,550
	2022	4.00%	155,000	30,450	185,450
	2023	5.00%	160,000	23,350	183,350
	2024	5.00%	165,000	15,225	180,225
	2025	5.00%	55,000	9,725	64,725
	2026	5.00%	55,000	6,975	61,975
	2027	5.00%	60,000	4,100	64,100
	2028	4.00%	65,000	1,300	66,300
Subtotal			865,000	127,675	992,675
Total General Obligation Equipment Certificates			\$1,480,000	\$ 260,661	\$1,740,661

		Interest			
	Year	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds					
General Obligation Utility Revenue	2021	5.00%	\$ -	\$ 124,508	\$ 124,508
Bonds of 2020A	2022	5.00%	150,000	130,050	280,050
	2023	5.00%	210,000	121,050	331,050
	2024	5.00%	220,000	110,300	330,300
	2025	5.00%	230,000	99,050	329,050
	2026	5.00%	245,000	87,175	332,175
	2027	5.00%	255,000	74,675	329,675
	2028	4.00%	265,000	63,000	328,000
	2029	4.00%	280,000	52,100	332,100
	2030	3.00%	290,000	42,150	332,150
	2031	2.00%	295,000	34,850	329,850
	2032	2.00%	305,000	28,850	333,850
	2033	2.00%	315,000	22,650	337,650
	2034	2.00%	320,000	16,300	336,300
	2035	2.00%	325,000	9,850	334,850
	2036	2.00%	330,000	3,300	333,300
Subtotal			4,035,000	1,019,858	5,054,858
General Obligation Utility Revenue					
Bonds of 2018A	2021	4.00%	100,000	45,600	145,600
	2022	4.00%	100,000	41,600	141,600
	2023	5.00%	110,000	36,850	146,850
	2024	5.00%	115,000	31,225	146,225
	2025	5.00%	115,000	25,475	140,475
	2026	5.00%	130,000	19,350	149,350
	2027	5.00%	130,000	12,850	142,850
	2028	4.00%	135,000	6,900	141,900
	2029	3.00%	140,000	2,100	142,100
Subtotal			1,075,000	221,950	1,296,950
General Obligation Utility Revenue					
Bonds of 2017A	2021	3.00%	225,000	50.229	275 229
Bonds of 2017A	2021	3.00%	225,000	50,238 43,413	275,238
	2022	3.00%	230,000 240,000	36,363	273,413 276,363
	2023	3.00%	245,000	29,088	270,303
	2024	3.00%	250,000	21,663	271,663
	2025	2.00%	260,000	15,313	275,313
	2020	2.25%	265,000	9,731	274,731
	2027	2.50%	270,000	3,375	273,375
Subtotal	2028	2.3070	1,985,000	209,184	2,194,184
Subtotal			1,765,000	207,104	2,174,104
General Obligation Utility Revenue					
Bonds of 2015A	2021	3.00%	280,000	39,850	319,850
	2022	3.00%	280,000	31,450	311,450
	2023	3.00%	295,000	22,825	317,825
	2024	2.00%	300,000	15,400	315,400
	2025	2.00%	305,000	9,350	314,350
	2026	2.00%	315,000	3,150	318,150
Subtotal			1,775,000	122,025	1,897,025
			-,,	,	-,,

		Interest			
	Year	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds					
(continued)					
General Obligation Utility Revenue					
Bonds of 2013A	2021	3.00%	295,000	25,756	320,756
	2022	2.13%	305,000	18,091	323,091
	2023	2.25%	310,000	11,363	321,363
	2024	2.50%	315,000	3,938	318,938
Subtotal			1,225,000	59,148	1,284,148
General Obligation Utility Revenue					
Bonds of 2012A	2021	1.60%	265,000	12,480	277,480
Dollas of 2012/1	2022	1.80%	270,000	7,930	277,930
	2023	2.00%	275,000	2,750	277,750
Cubtotal	2023	2.00%		23,160	
Subtotal			810,000	23,100	833,160
Total General Obligation Utility Revenue	e Bonds		\$10,905,000	\$ 1,655,325	\$12,560,325
General Obligation Water Revenue Note General Obligation Water Revenue					
Note – Series 2020	2021	1.00%	\$ 90,904	\$ 166,821	\$ 257,725
	2022	1.00%	1,746,000	60,068	1,806,068
	2023	1.00%	1,764,000	42,528	1,806,528
	2024	1.00%	1,781,000	24,807	1,805,807
	2025	1.00%	682,924	6,920	689,844
Total General Obligation Water					
Revenue Note			\$ 6,064,828	\$ 301,144	\$ 6,365,972
Comment Obligation Handing Defending Down	J_				
General Obligation Housing Refunding Bone	us				
General Obligation Housing	2021	2.000/	¢ 250,000	¢ 52.225	¢ 202.225
Refunding Bonds – Series 2015A	2021	2.00%	\$ 250,000	\$ 53,225	\$ 303,225
	2022	2.00%	255,000	48,174	303,174
	2023	2.00%	260,000	43,025	303,025
	2024	2.00%	265,000	37,775	302,775
	2025	2.00%	275,000	32,375	307,375
	2026	2.50%	280,000	26,125	306,125
	2027	2.50%	285,000	19,063	304,063
	2028	2.50%	290,000	11,875	301,875
	2029	2.75%	300,000	4,125	304,125
Total General Obligation Housing					
Refunding Bonds			\$ 2,460,000	\$ 275,762	\$ 2,735,762
Total long-term debt issues payable			\$29,989,828	\$ 3,855,019	\$ 33,844,847



READER'S NOTES:

STATISTICAL SECTION
(UNAUDITED)



READER'S NOTES:

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Robbinsdale, Minnesota's (the City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue source, including property tax revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Indicators

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report relates to the services the City provides, and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,776,331	\$ 24,538,707	\$ 26,411,500	\$ 26,187,960
Restricted	7,595,341	8,080,478	7,804,118	8,722,641
Unrestricted	9,207,928	10,727,036	9,566,617	10,751,418
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 40,579,600	\$ 43,346,221	\$ 43,782,235	\$ 45,662,019
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,765,560	\$ 15,162,769	\$ 15,639,673	\$ 16,695,757
Unrestricted	9,141,500	9,345,577	10,020,143	10,403,372
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 22,907,060	\$ 24,508,346	\$ 25,659,816	\$ 27,099,129
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,541,891	\$ 39,701,476	\$ 42,051,173	\$ 42,883,717
Restricted	7,595,341	8,080,478	7,804,118	8,722,641
Unrestricted	18,349,428	20,072,613	19,586,760	21,154,790
Total primary government net position	\$ 63,486,660	\$ 67,854,567	\$ 69,442,051	\$ 72,761,148

Note 1: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015, recording a change in accounting principle that decreased unrestricted net position. Prior year balances were not restated.

Note 2: The City reported a prior period adjustment in 2020 that decreased unrestricted net position in business-type activities. Prior year balances were not restated.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 26,904,236	\$ 26,710,715	\$ 27,219,381	\$ 26,883,728	\$ 26,951,181	\$ 26,954,967
9,510,363	9,684,628	10,517,274	11,234,924	11,601,384	11,892,897
6,986,669	5,103,509	4,483,115	3,967,844	4,416,190	7,327,975
\$ 43,401,268	\$ 41,498,852	\$ 42,219,770	\$ 42,086,496	\$ 42,968,755	\$ 46,175,839
\$ 17,274,903	\$ 18,886,770	\$ 21,009,635	\$ 21,318,637	\$ 23,050,165	\$ 24,591,692
10,832,374	10,750,431	11,078,067	13,103,404	14,367,276	15,022,644
\$ 28,107,277	\$ 29,637,201	\$ 32,087,702	\$ 34,422,041	\$ 37,417,441	\$ 39,614,336
\$ 44,179,139	\$ 45,597,485	\$ 48,229,016	\$ 48,202,365	\$ 50,001,346	\$ 51,546,659
9,510,363	9,684,628	10,517,274	11,234,924	11,601,384	11,892,897
17,819,043	15,853,940	15,561,182	17,071,248	18,783,466	22,350,619
\$ 71,508,545	\$ 71,136,053	\$ 74,307,472	\$ 76,508,537	\$ 80,386,196	\$ 85,790,175

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 1,037,556	\$ 989,271	\$ 973,641	\$ 975,344
Community development	1,134,987	1,254,540	1,421,508	1,282,571
Public safety	4,397,904	4,459,174	4,557,142	4,553,069
Recreation	1,228,887	1,322,374	1,308,459	1,352,324
Public works	2,391,935	2,308,828	2,620,443	2,426,864
Human services	9,287	9,938	6,235	1,500
Interest on long-term debt	299,696	260,509	391,858	266,408
Total governmental activities expenses	10,500,252	10,604,634	11,279,286	10,858,080
Business-type activities				
Water utility	934,582	995,704	1,021,889	1,084,196
Sanitary sewer utility	1,391,133	1,409,068	1,538,450	1,539,728
Storm sewer utility	380,028	400,964	822,609	640,688
Solid waste removal	1,178,725	1,187,660	1,138,785	1,167,234
Liquor operations	2,540,598	652,729	641,549	659,839
Broadway Court	648,730	643,637	679,991	793,486
Deputy Registrar	289,334	345,079	346,636	345,878
Total business-type activities expenses	7,363,130	5,634,841	6,189,909	6,231,049
Total primary government expenses	\$ 17,863,382	\$ 16,239,475	\$ 17,469,195	\$ 17,089,129
Program revenues				
Government activities				
Charges for services				
General government	\$ 843,093	\$ 975,673	\$ 818,056	\$ 847,045
Community development	252,697	281,728	238,867	214,011
Public safety	486,557	619,592	593,931	418,788
Recreation	163,736	161,150	138,562	106,521
Public works	172,560	119,723	113,420	124,571
Operating grants and contributions	484,766	449,139	544,750	1,168,773
Capital grants and contributions	947,020	2,348,028	1,252,500	898,623
Total governmental activities program revenues	3,350,429	4,955,033	3,700,086	3,778,332

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 1,042,240	\$ 1,182,710	\$ 1,084,789	\$ 1,122,654	\$ 1,071,792	\$ 1,072,272
1,777,385	1,473,909	1,111,749	2,128,280	982,196	1,556,931
4,850,345	6,095,953	5,273,771	5,369,552	5,658,993	6,016,114
1,475,916	1,537,487	1,554,725	1,577,397	1,688,681	1,617,601
2,252,185	3,713,319	3,465,917	3,693,984	3,366,749	3,009,376
1,800	2,000	_	_	_	_
393,147	326,810	339,995	299,705	369,476	288,225
11,793,018	14,332,188	12,830,946	14,191,572	13,137,887	13,560,519
1 071 015	077.056	1 004 244	1.054.112	1 000 011	1 222 022
1,071,815	977,856	1,084,344	1,054,113	1,088,911	1,222,923
1,628,374	1,654,586	1,673,356	1,698,350	1,760,416	1,835,652
786,404 1,195,337	822,570 1,194,888	802,930 1,233,380	881,082 1,276,109	1,081,774 1,376,745	898,613 1,694,034
724,292	807,541	800,461	4,089,243	4,052,045	3,738,459
764,961	658,662	685,356	692,311	712,340	696,459
380,960	415,104	431,056	455,513	551,201	430,677
6,552,143	6,531,207	6,710,883	10,146,721	10,623,432	10,516,817
0,332,143	0,331,207	0,710,883	10,140,721	10,023,432	10,510,617
\$ 18,345,161	\$ 20,863,395	\$ 19,541,829	\$ 24,338,293	\$ 23,761,319	\$ 24,077,336
\$ 920,187	\$ 1,050,836	\$ 941,099	\$ 1,111,459	\$ 1,049,382	\$ 980,625
272,315	636,369	421,524	285,904	281,443	103,053
384,984	377,376	376,210	296,995	355,907	208,818
110,781	101,618	88,804	101,189	110,764	54,995
66,358	302,727	381,872	111,665	107,775	106,445
472,137	484,711	888,512	1,318,582	497,954	989,738
1,824,891	219,104	1,150,852	371,980	128,783	671,811
4,051,653	3,172,741	4,248,873	3,597,774	2,532,008	3,115,485

-139- (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Program revenues (continued)				
Business-type activities				
Charges for services				
Water utility	1,531,358	1,555,498	1,656,907	1,551,314
Sanitary sewer utility	1,578,373	1,625,636	1,850,570	1,673,454
Storm sewer utility	732,042	806,383	757,519	814,133
Solid waste removal	1,448,813	1,489,942	1,504,128	1,545,736
Liquor operations	2,725,843	770,279	764,436	827,669
Broadway Court	704,559	723,657	758,607	758,703
Deputy Registrar	381,557	430,840	416,912	460,277
Operating grants and contributions	42,101	41,340	55,387	41,550
Capital grants and contributions	942,652	141,498		
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,087,298	7,585,073	7,764,466	7,672,836
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 13,437,727	\$ 12,540,106	\$ 11,464,552	\$ 11,451,168
Not (aypanga) rayanya				
Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities	\$ (7,149,823)	\$ (5,649,601)	\$ (7,579,200)	\$ (7,079,748)
Business-type activities		1,950,232		
Business-type activities	2,724,168	1,930,232	1,574,557	1,441,787
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	\$ (4,425,655)	\$ (3,699,369)	\$ (6,004,643)	\$ (5,637,961)
Program revenue, transfers, and special item				
Governmental activities				
Property taxes	\$ 5,346,373	\$ 5,426,522	\$ 5,477,294	\$ 5,310,453
Tax increments	436,806	369,999	283,035	279,418
Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,250,114	1,181,930	1,191,387	1,627,954
Franchise fee tax	582,971	507,460	594,792	654,308
Investment earnings, including fair value change	685,626	268,021	(178,589)	598,936
Land sales and gain on sale of assets	266,904	200,667	287,706	230,773
Transfers	355,931	461,623	359,589	257,690
Total governmental activities	8,924,725	8,416,222	8,015,214	8,959,532
Business-type activities				
Investment earnings, including fair value change	325,783	112,677	(63,498)	255,216
Transfers	(355,931)	(461,623)	(359,589)	(257,690)
Special item	(333,731)	(401,023)	(337,307)	(237,070)
Total business-type activities	(30,148)	(348,946)	(423,087)	(2,474)
Total mimory accomment	¢ 0 004 577	¢ 0.067.276	¢ 7.502.127	¢ 0.057.050
Total primary government	\$ 8,894,577	\$ 8,067,276	\$ 7,592,127	\$ 8,957,058
Change in net position				
Governmental activities	\$ 1,774,902	\$ 2,766,621	\$ 436,014	\$ 1,879,784
Business-type activities	2,694,020	1,601,286	1,151,470	1,439,313
Total primary government	\$ 4,468,922	\$ 4,367,907	\$ 1,587,484	\$ 3,319,097

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1 662 502	1 714 506	1 701 659	2 269 565	2 205 842	2 174 061
1,663,593 1,833,145	1,714,506 1,891,384	1,721,658 1,902,913	2,268,565 2,188,787	2,395,842 2,297,753	2,174,961 2,436,168
878,926	948,942	997,691	1,160,673	1,221,165	1,344,510
1,606,246	1,659,602	1,711,392	1,768,835	1,870,016	1,981,753
824,676	894,389	947,986	4,263,779	4,146,188	3,899,916
792,501	820,794	843,500	841,942	873,810	887,385
489,175	505,007	508,166	514,447	554,810	390,597
47,132	50,125	42,495	41,401	142,595	54,671
483,000	_	325,955	_	342,546	_
8,618,394	8,484,749	9,001,756	13,048,429	13,844,725	13,169,961
\$ 12,670,047	\$ 11,657,490	\$ 13,250,629	\$ 16,646,203	\$ 16,376,733	\$ 16,285,446
\$ (7,741,365)	\$(11,159,447)	\$ (8,582,073)	\$(10,593,798)	\$(10,605,879)	\$(10,445,034)
2,066,251	1,953,542	2,290,873	2,901,708	3,221,293	2,653,144
¢ (5 (75 114)	¢ (0.205.005)	¢ (6.201.200)	¢ (7.602.000)	¢ (7.294.596)	¢ (7.701.900)
\$ (5,675,114)	\$ (9,205,905)	\$ (6,291,200)	\$ (7,692,090)	\$ (7,384,586)	\$ (7,791,890)
\$ 5,748,706	\$ 5,809,896	\$ 6,097,831	\$ 6,373,887	\$ 7,055,563	\$ 7,436,490
353,947	414,904	485,152	522,258	576,708	732,964
1,692,688	1,715,317	1,737,793	1,834,241	1,839,787	3,107,407
575,494	553,744	581,330	640,342	665,784	758,964
194,835	170,873	254,254	351,213	631,942	744,812
523,450	98,600	204,778	211,186	137,667	289,370
505,059	493,697	(58,147)	527,397	580,687	582,111
9,594,179	9,257,031	9,302,991	10,460,524	11,488,138	13,652,118
- 0.22-	70.07 0	101 105	101 =0=	27170:	201.202
,					391,390
(505,059)	(493,697)	58,147		(580,687)	(582,111)
(425.720)	(422 619)	150 629		(225 902)	(100.721)
(425,730)	(423,018)	159,028	(307,309)	(225,893)	(190,721)
\$ 9.168.449	\$ 8.833.413	\$ 9.462.619	\$ 9.893.155	\$ 11.262.245	\$ 13.461.397
,,	,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,.,,,,,,,	,,	,,,,,,,,,, -
\$ 1,852,814	\$ (1,902,416)	\$ 720,918	\$ (133,274)	\$ 882,259	\$ 3,207,084
1,640,521	1,529,924	2,450,501	2,334,339	2,995,400	2,462,423
\$ 3,493,335	\$ (372,492)	\$ 3,171,419	\$ 2,201,065	\$ 3,877,659	\$ 5,669,507
194,835 523,450 505,059 9,594,179 79,329 (505,059) ————————————————————————————————————	170,873 98,600 493,697 9,257,031 70,079 (493,697) — (423,618) \$ 8,833,413 \$ (1,902,416) 1,529,924	254,254 204,778 (58,147) 9,302,991 101,481 58,147 - 159,628 \$ 9,462,619 \$ 720,918 2,450,501	351,213 211,186 527,397 10,460,524 181,797 (527,397) (221,769) (567,369) \$ 9,893,155 \$ (133,274) 2,334,339	631,942 137,667 580,687 11,488,138 354,794 (580,687) (225,893) \$ 11,262,245 \$ 882,259 2,995,400	744,81 289,37 582,11 13,652,11 391,39 (582,11 (190,72 \$ 13,461,39 \$ 3,207,08 2,462,42



READER'S NOTES:

Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Tax Increments	Franchise Fee Tax	Total
2011	\$ 5,346,373	\$ 436,806	\$ 582,971	\$ 6,366,150
2012	5,426,522	369,999	507,460	6,303,981
2013	5,477,294	283,035	594,792	6,355,121
2014	5,310,453	279,418	654,308	6,244,179
2015	5,748,706	353,947	575,494	6,678,147
2016	5,809,896	414,904	553,744	6,778,544
2017	6,097,831	485,152	581,330	7,164,313
2018	6,373,887	522,258	640,342	7,536,487
2019	7,055,563	576,708	665,784	8,298,055
2020	7,436,490	732,964	758,964	8,928,418

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						Fiscal Year
		2011		2012	 2013	2014
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$	4,522	\$	3,554	\$ 2,640	\$ 340
Restricted		_		, _	, _	_
Assigned		140,801		33,698	45,814	83,116
Unassigned		4,843,517		4,328,998	 4,592,204	 4,498,956
Total General Fund	\$	4,988,840	\$	4,366,250	\$ 4,640,658	\$ 4,582,412
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable	\$	2,281	\$	2,281	\$ 3,240	\$ _
Restricted		7,561,737		7,445,206	8,860,160	7,884,505
Committed		224,073		1,333,229	563,002	2,820,520
Assigned		5,398,899		6,553,837	5,454,073	4,963,493
Unassigned	_	(2,588,475)		(3,049,329)	 (3,301,650)	 (3,540,974)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	10,598,515	\$	12,285,224	\$ 11,578,825	\$ 12,127,544
All governmental funds						
Nonspendable	\$	6,803	\$	5,835	\$ 5,880	\$ 340
Restricted		7,561,737		7,445,206	8,860,160	7,884,505
Committed		224,073		1,333,229	563,002	2,820,520
Assigned		5,539,700		6,587,535	5,499,887	5,046,609
Unassigned		2,255,042	_	1,279,669	 1,290,554	 957,982
Total all governmental funds	\$	15,587,355	\$	16,651,474	\$ 16,219,483	\$ 16,709,956

	2015		2016		2017		2018	2019			2020
\$	340	\$	1,350	\$	4,090	\$	4,870	\$	9,724	\$	9,174
	_		_		_		_		_		1,430
	124,345		301,757		427,556		287,611		242,866		287,799
	4,864,657	4	,877,747		4,917,114		5,268,507		5,403,451		5,626,756
\$	4,989,342	\$ 5	,180,854	\$	5,348,760	\$	5,560,988	\$	5,656,041	\$	5,925,159
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,240	\$	_	\$	_
	8,057,158	8	,477,498		9,059,322		9,753,674		14,180,582		11,980,704
	1,594,977	1	,330,273		1,591,981		1,716,466		2,211,712		2,745,651
	6,330,908	5	,869,614		5,712,390		5,322,429		4,967,165		5,818,260
	(3,903,918)	(4	,135,697)	(3,980,489)		(4,285,793)		(4,356,237)		(4,207,912)
Φ.	10.050.105	6.11	7.11 600	Φ.1	2 202 204	Φ.	12 510 016	Φ.	17 002 222	Φ	1 6 22 6 502
\$	12,079,125	\$ 11	,541,688	\$ 1	2,383,204	\$	12,510,016	\$	17,003,222	\$	16,336,703
\$	340	\$	1,350	\$	4,090	\$	8,110	\$	9,724	\$	9,174
	8,057,158	8	,477,498		9,059,322		9,753,674		14,180,582		11,982,134
	1,594,977	1	,330,273		1,591,981		1,716,466		2,211,712		2,745,651
	6,455,253	6	,171,371		6,139,946		5,610,040		5,210,031		6,106,059
	960,739		742,050		936,625		982,714		1,047,214		1,418,844
\$	17,068,467	\$ 16	,722,542	\$ 1	7,731,964	\$	18,071,004	\$ 2	22,659,263	\$	22,261,862

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

								Fiscal Year
		2011		2012		2013		2014
D								
Revenues	Ф	5 201 400	¢.	5 440 207	¢	E 400 E1E	d.	£ 249 202
Property taxes	\$	5,381,400	\$	5,448,207	\$	5,488,515	\$	5,348,292
Tax increments		436,806		369,999		283,035		279,418
Special assessments		538,101		571,140		692,394		554,521
Licenses and permits		434,501		544,442		382,861		410,277
Intergovernmental		2,182,047		3,779,540		1,760,904		3,243,969
Charges for services		958,497		1,051,824		1,000,482		1,145,967
Fines and forfeitures		300,654		460,080		431,109		323,094
Franchise fee tax		582,971		507,460		594,792		654,308
Investment earnings		532,861		208,630		(125,405)		422,113
Other		444,777		133,131		343,650		561,899
Total revenues		11,792,615		13,074,453		10,852,337		12,943,858
Expenditures								
General government		915,452		942,397		918,589		938,023
Community development		1,124,405		1,254,590		1,418,412		1,279,288
Public safety		4,172,999		4,442,975		4,457,050		4,503,316
Recreation		1,055,748		1,054,146		1,033,545		1,057,303
Public works		1,598,566		1,666,416		1,935,272		1,694,136
Human services		9,287		9,938		6,235		1,500
Capital outlay		1,297,771		2,739,296		2,757,747		2,227,310
Debt service		, ,		,		,		
Principal		740,000		815,000		500,500		576,000
Interest		351,929		272,350		289,929		284,199
Total expenditures		11,266,157		13,197,108		13,317,279		12,561,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		526,458		(122,655)		(2,464,942)		382,783
Other financing sources (uses)								
Issuance of debt		_		1,460,151		1,654,251		_
Refunding of debt		_		_		_		_
Sales of capital assets		_		_		_		_
Transfers in		1,349,273		883,969		538,036		1,085,403
Transfers out		(902,807)		(1,157,346)		(159,336)		(977,713)
Total other financing sources (uses)		446,466		1,186,774		2,032,951		107,690
Net change in fund balances	\$	972,924	\$	1,064,119	\$	(431,991)	\$	490,473
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		11.2%		10.5%		7.6%		8.4%

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$	5,727,334	\$ 5,798,977	\$ 6,113,300	\$ 6,314,064	\$ 7,080,025	\$ 7,392,931
	353,947	414,904	485,152	522,258	576,708	732,964
	894,731	696,881	770,080	593,941	508,631	452,687
	482,250	478,680	439,232	677,126	602,915	536,823
	2,702,251	2,258,314	3,323,850	3,122,636	2,309,295	4,547,198
	934,125	1,429,610	1,090,632	1,001,462	1,026,955	653,873
	218,482	242,682	249,679	186,560	233,577	137,250
	575,494	553,744	581,330	640,342	665,784	758,964
	137,503	119,061	176,824	250,863	460,692	549,464
	564,037	99,168	283,978	210,559	86,917	 263,092
	12,590,154	12,092,021	13,514,057	13,519,811	13,551,499	16,025,246
	993,622	1,067,073	1,012,133	1,027,640	987,703	984,765
	1,768,682	1,441,411	1,092,321	1,794,194	970,365	1,549,976
	4,841,779	4,975,595	4,925,896	5,286,634	5,524,726	5,713,445
	1,132,014	1,156,885	1,181,061	1,138,215	1,263,621	1,177,999
	1,599,662	2,833,603	2,598,255	2,778,865	2,496,662	2,115,874
	1,800	2,000	_	_	_	_
	5,316,730	890,636	1,110,527	1,363,710	423,873	693,725
	550,000	585,000	960,000	795,000	880,000	1,105,000
	330,287	390,358	362,756	339,698	400,401	373,709
	16,534,576	13,342,561	13,242,949	14,523,956	12,947,351	13,714,493
	(3,944,422)	(1,250,540)	271,108	(1,004,145)	604,148	2,310,753
	2 0 47 07 4		750 (((1.011.005	2 001 620	1 710 764
	3,847,874	_	759,666	1,911,095	3,801,639	1,719,764
	_	_	_	_	1 705	(3,735,000)
	- 676,496	1 264 226	938,068	1,946,009	1,785 921,489	450
	(221,437)	1,364,326				1,871,953
-	4,302,933	 (459,711) 904,615	 (959,420) 738,314	 (2,513,919) 1,343,185	 (740,802) 3,984,111	 (2,565,321) (2,708,154)
-	4,302,933	 904,013	 /30,314	 1,343,163	 3,904,111	 (2,708,134)
\$	358,511	\$ (345,925)	\$ 1,009,422	\$ 339,040	\$ 4,588,259	\$ (397,401)
	8.0%	7.9%	11.0%	 8.7%	 10.3%	 11.4%

General Governmental Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	TaxIncrements	Franchise Fee Tax	Total
2011	\$ 5,381,400	\$ 436,806	\$ 582,971	\$ 6,401,177
2012	5,448,207	369,999	507,460	6,325,666
2013	5,488,515	283,035	594,792	6,366,342
2014	5,348,292	279,418	654,308	6,282,018
2015	5,727,334	353,947	575,494	6,656,775
2016	5,798,977	414,904	553,744	6,767,625
2017	6,113,300	485,152	581,330	7,179,782
2018	6,314,064	522,258	640,342	7,476,664
2019	7,080,025	576,708	665,784	8,322,517
2020	7,392,931	732,964	758,964	8,884,859

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Assessed
				Total	Estimated	Value as a
Fiscal	Real	Personal	Total Taxable	Tax Capacity	Actual	Percentage of
Year	Property	Property	Assessed Value	Rate	Value	Actual Value
2011	\$ 947,652,000	\$ 6,968,600	\$ 954,620,600	46.252 %	\$ 957,064,600	99.7 %
2012	800,942,877	8,305,900	809,248,777	50.293	907,061,800	89.2
2013	732,534,053	8,511,100	741,045,153	55.282	842,044,600	88.0
2014	676,715,145	9,044,400	685,759,545	57.436	790,231,600	86.8
2015	787,305,803	9,158,300	796,464,103	51.134	892,684,000	89.2
2016	784,777,601	9,245,900	794,023,501	53.785	891,134,800	89.1
2017	867,557,328	9,896,700	877,454,028	50.574	971,834,800	90.3
2018	948,191,888	10,340,200	958,532,088	50.346	1,049,070,800	91.4
2019	1,044,166,799	10,194,800	1,054,361,599	50.807	1,139,010,600	92.6
2020	1,196,323,333	10,428,900	1,206,752,233	47.511	1,283,292,600	94.0

Source: Hennepin County

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping (1) Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City	Direct					
						ISD No. 281,		
					G . T	Robbinsdale		Total
		5.1			County Tax	Area Schools		Direct and
Fiscal		Debt		Total	Capacity	Tax Capacity	Special	Overlapping
Year	Operating	Service	HRA/EDA	City	Rate	Rate	Districts	Rates
2011	40.156	4.472	1.624	46.252	45.840	34.387	9.837	136.316
2012	45.015	3.627	1.651	50.293	48.230	32.810	10.146	141.479
2013	49.453	4.389	1.440	55.282	49.461	32.347	10.933	148.023
2014	51.352	4.404	1.680	57.436	49.959	34.777	11.307	153.479
2015	46.040	3.845	1.249	51.134	46.398	33.226	10.561	141.319
2016	47.903	4.259	1.623	53.785	45.356	33.833	10.432	143.406
2017	44.456	4.792	1.326	50.574	44.087	31.612	10.214	136.487
2018	44.308	4.573	1.465	50.346	42.808	31.957	9.849	134.960
2019	43.313	6.103	1.391	50.807	41.861	29.909	9.422	131.999
2020	40.704	5.439	1.368	47.511	41.084	26.447	9.066	124.108

Source: Hennepin County

⁽¹⁾ Information reflects total tax rates levied by each entity. Tax rates are expressed in terms of "net tax capacity." A property's tax capacity is determined by multiplying its taxable market value by a state determined class rate. Class rates vary by property type and changed periodically based on state legislation.

⁽²⁾ Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2020				2011				
Taxpayer	Taxable Market Value	ket Tax		Percentage of Total Tax Capacity	Taxable Market Value	Tax Capacity	Rank	Percentage of Total Tax Capacity	
Hy-Vee, Inc.	\$10,220,000	\$ 203,650	1	1.54 %	\$ -	\$ -	_	- %	
Beach South Apartments	15,938,000	199,225	2	1.51	6,941,000	86,763	6	0.92	
FCL LTD Partnership	14,736,000	184,200	3	1.39	16,873,000	210,913	2	2.23	
North Memorial									
Medical Center Lot: 003	7,205,000	143,350	4	1.09	16,868,000	336,610	1	3.56	
Town Center	5,667,000	112,590	5	0.85	5,631,000	111,870	4	1.18	
North Memorial									
Medical Center Lot: 002	5,565,000	111,300	6	0.84	1,588,000	30,260	10	0.32	
Robin Center	4,988,000	99,010	7	0.75	5,138,000	102,010	5	1.08	
North Memorial									
Home Health	4,600,000	91,250	8	0.69	_	_	_	_	
F-81 LTD Partnership	6,966,000	87,075	9	0.66	_	_	_	_	
Robinwood Apartments	6,306,000	78,825	10	0.60	_	_	_	_	
Terrace Mall	_	_	_	_	7,040,000	140,050	3	1.48	
U.S. Bank	_	_	_	_	2,000,000	39,250	7	0.42	
Robins Landing	_	_	_	_	5,167,000	38,753	8	0.41	
Trevilla Nursing Home			. –		2,500,000	31,250	9	0.33	
Total	\$82,191,000	\$ 1,310,475	•	9.92 %	\$69,746,000	\$ 1,127,729		11.94 %	

Note: Total city property tax capacity payable for 2020 is \$13,205,626, and for 2011 is \$9,442,474.

Source: Hennepin County Property Tax System



READER'S NOTES:

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the

Fiscal Year Total Tax		Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections in	Total Collections to Date			
Ended	3		Percentage			Percentage		
December 31,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy		
2011	\$ 5,652,198	\$ 5,595,223	98.99 %	\$ 56,975	\$ 5,652,198	100.00 %		
2012	5,378,607	5,331,953	99.13	46,654	5,378,607	100.00		
2013	5,418,706	5,382,686	99.34	36,020	5,418,706	100.00		
2014	5,486,896	5,443,230	99.20	43,666	5,486,896	100.00		
2015	5,644,249	5,612,284	99.43	30,142	5,642,426	99.97		
2016	5,731,937	5,692,563	99.31	28,251	5,720,814	99.81		
2017	6,027,083	6,011,985	99.75	9,639	6,021,624	99.91		
2018	6,301,871	6,258,739	99.32	35,227	6,293,966	99.87		
2019	6,981,380	6,943,398	99.46	21,157	6,964,555	99.76		
2020	7,404,802	7,325,779	98.93	_	7,325,779	98.93		

Note: Collections include abatements, adjustments, and tax credits received through state aid.

Source: Hennepin County

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmenta	Business-Type Activities				
			General	General			
		General	Obligation		Obligation	Obligation	
	General	Obligation	Equipment	Net	Utility	Water	
	Obligation	Tax Increment	Notes and	Premiums	Revenue	Revenue	
Fiscal Year	Bonds	Bonds	Certificates	(Discounts)	Bonds	Note	
2011	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 5,125,000	\$ 466,500	\$ -	\$ 3,449,000	\$ -	
2012	2,405,000	4,925,000	316,500	(12,370)	5,185,000	_	
2013	3,755,000	4,815,000	161,000	57,218	7,435,000	_	
2014	3,460,000	4,695,000	_	51,450	6,620,000	_	
2015	6,670,000	4,565,000	_	262,195	8,330,000	_	
2016	6,225,000	4,425,000	_	222,384	7,405,000	_	
2017	6,140,000	4,270,000	_	233,232	8,590,000	_	
2018	6,270,000	4,105,000	1,000,000	352,616	8,970,000	_	
2019	5,570,000	7,385,000	1,000,000	644,065	7,985,000	_	
2020	5,620,000	3,460,000	1,480,000	836,121	10,905,000	6,064,828	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

_	General Obligation Housing Bonds	Net Premiums (Discounts)	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)		
\$	4,200,000	\$ -	\$ 14,640,500	2.45 %	\$ 1,045		
	4,060,000	(14,049)	16,865,081	2.81	1,187		
	3,915,000	113,148	20,251,366	3.33	1,402		
	3,765,000	104,950	18,696,400	3.02	1,288		
	3,670,000	315,273	23,812,468	3.37	1,614		
	3,420,000	282,551	21,979,935	2.87	1,495		
	3,185,000	377,658	22,795,890	2.86	1,534		
	2,945,000	433,446	24,076,062	2.91	1,629		
	2,705,000	377,261	25,666,326	3.02	1,741		
	2,460,000	848,057	31,674,006	3.62	2,149		

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Debt		Less Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds		Total		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)	
2011	\$	14,640,500	\$	879,982	\$	13,760,518	1.44 %	\$	982
2012		16,865,081		705,170		16,159,911	2.00		1,137
2013		20,251,366		693,247		19,558,119	2.64		1,354
2014		18,696,400		758,298		17,938,102	2.62		1,236
2015		23,812,468		1,047,725		22,764,743	2.86		1,543
2016		21,979,935		1,427,177		20,552,758	2.59		1,398
2017		22,795,890		1,457,574		21,338,316	2.43		1,436
2018		24,076,062		1,762,165		22,313,897	2.33		1,510
2019		25,666,326		5,812,773		19,853,553	1.88		1,347
2020		31,674,006		2,177,739		29,496,267	2.44		2,001

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

⁽²⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2020

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	City Percentage	Share Amount
Direct debt City of Robbinsdale	\$ 11,396,121	100.00 %	\$ 11,396,121
Overlapping debt ISD No. 281, Robbinsdale Area Schools	206,265,000	11.06	22,812,909
Hennepin County	1,017,430,000	0.60	6,104,580
Suburban Hennepin Three Rivers Park District	52,330,000	0.86	450,038
Hennepin County Regional RR Authority	94,705,000	0.60	568,230
Metropolitan Council (1)	245,380,000	0.29	711,602
Total overlapping debt	1,616,110,000		30,647,359
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$1,627,506,121		\$ 42,043,480

(1) Includes debt for Metropolitan Council Transit Operations.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

Source: Hennepin County Taxpayer Services Department, Direct and Overlapping Debt Report

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	 2013	 2014
Debt limit	\$ 28,638,618	\$ 27,211,854	\$ 25,261,338	\$ 23,706,948
Total net debt applicable to the limit	986,518	2,016,330	3,222,753	2,701,702
Legal debt margin	\$ 27,652,100	\$ 25,195,524	\$ 22,038,585	\$ 21,005,246
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.44%	7.41%	12.76%	11.40%

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
\$ 26,780,520	\$ 26,734,044	\$ 29,155,044	\$ 31,472,124	\$ 34,170,318	\$ 38,498,778		
1,840,000	1,540,000	1,200,000	2,040,000	1,880,000	2,195,000		
\$ 24,940,520	\$ 25,194,044	\$ 27,955,044	\$ 29,432,124	\$ 32,290,318	\$ 36,303,778		
6.87%	5.76%	4.12%	6.48%	5.50%	5.70%		
		Legal	Debt Margin Calcul	ation for Fiscal Year	2020		
		Estimated taxable m	Estimated taxable market value				
		Debt limit (3% of m	Debt limit (3% of market value)				
		Daht andliashla ta ti	L - 1::4				
		Debt applicable to the General obligation			2,195,000		
		C	Legal debt margin				

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds

		Less	Net			
F" 137	Utility	Operating	Available		Service	C
Fiscal Year	Charges (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2011	\$ 3,841,773	\$ 2,133,327	\$ 1,708,446	\$ 786,000	\$ 137,188	1.85
2012	3,987,517	2,212,757	1,774,760	824,000	124,370	1.87
2013	4,264,996	2,493,623	1,771,373	565,000	131,113	2.54
2014	4,038,901	2,352,203	1,686,698	815,000	157,365	1.73
2015	4,375,664	2,544,980	1,830,684	1,095,000	198,151	1.42
2016	4,554,832	2,546,022	2,008,810	925,000	158,742	1.85
2017	4,622,262	2,588,821	2,033,441	1,205,000	188,814	1.46
2018	5,618,025	2,593,021	3,025,004	775,000	195,034	3.12
2019	5,914,760	2,995,589	2,919,171	985,000	219,304	2.42
2020	5,955,639	3,080,896	2,874,743	1,115,000	205,025	2.18

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Utility charges include gross revenues from the Water, Sanitary Sewer, and Storm Sewer Funds.

⁽²⁾ Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Total Personal Income	Median Age (2)	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2011	14,014	\$ 42,657	\$597,788,379	37	14	1,747	5.5 %
2012	14,212	42,246	600,401,802	38	14	1,697	4.9
2013	14,445	42,152	608,884,716	38	14	1,735	4.4
2014	14,512	42,645	618,867,135	36	14	1,760	3.3
2015	14,757	47,902	706,894,032	36	14	1,726	3.5
2016	14,704	52,117	766,328,368	37	14	1,682	3.4
2017	14,860	53,680	797,684,800	36	14	1,366	3.7
2018	14,776	55,988	827,282,234	36	14	1,292	2.9
2019	14,741	57,667	850,069,247	37	14	1,309	2.6
2020	14,741	59,397	875,571,177	36	14	1,362	6.2

Data Sources:

- (1) State Auditor Website
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau
- (3) School District
- (4) State Department of Employment and Economic Development (uses Hennepin County's rate; the City rate is not available)—rate is an annual average (www.bls.gov.lau/data.htm)



READER'S NOTES:

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2020 2011 Percentage Percentage Number of of Total City of Total City Number of Employer Employees Rank Employment (1) Employees Rank Employment (1) North Memorial Medical Center 5,206 1 % 5,349 1 % Independent School District No. 281, 2 Robbinsdale Area Schools * 2,000 1,900 2 Hy-Vee, Inc. 391 3 Good Samaritan Specialty Care 149 4 Copperfield Hill 107 5 Robbinsdale, A Villa Center 99 6 7 U.S. Bank 92 40 5 82 8 69 City of Robbinsdale 4 U.S. Post Office 49 9 78 3 Rainbow Foods Citizens Independent Bank 15 6 7 Burmeister Electric Co. 13 Total 8,175 7,464

(1) Percentage of total city employment information is not readily available.

Source: Principal employers are the result of surveys of employers in conjunction with city bond sales. Principal employers for the current year and nine years ago were from the most recent bond sales at that time and included the employers listed above.

^{* 2020} number is taken from bond information—represents the district's total employees, not just staff located in the City.

Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Function				
General government (3)	11.60	11.02	9.59	9.90
Community development	2.20	2.53	2.26	3.18
Public safety				
Police				
Officers	21.93	22.41	22.53	21.59
Civilians	10.93	10.79	10.54	9.37
Fire				
Firefighters – paid on-call (1)	_	_	_	_
Building inspections	1.70	1.72	1.75	1.60
Recreation				
Recreation programming	5.19	5.35	5.58	5.64
Park maintenance	4.38	4.36	4.47	2.94
Public works				
Engineering	5.58	5.51	5.93	4.46
Maintenance (2)	6.87	6.88	9.24	8.87
Water	2.49	2.33	2.28	2.31
Sanitary sewer	1.57	1.62	1.89	1.67
Storm sewer	1.41	1.30	0.89	0.28
Liquor operations	7.07	7.36	6.85	7.53
Deputy Registrar	4.15	5.07	4.64	5.09
Five cities (4)	0.42	0.43	0.42	
Total	87.49	88.68	88.86	84.43

(4) Five cities' function ended in 2013.

Source: City payroll records

⁽¹⁾ There are 29 paid on-call firefighters with the City. FTEs are not tracked for this department.

⁽²⁾ Includes FTEs from the Central Garage Internal Service Fund and Central Services – Governmental Buildings Program Internal Service Fund.

⁽³⁾ Includes FTEs from the Central Services – Information Technology Program Internal Service Fund.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
9.57	11.10	10.18	11.06	10.59	12.14
3.84	4.12	3.94	4.59	4.51	4.26
24.79	24.61	23.61	23.37	23.83	24.91
9.34	7.95	9.64	9.59	10.83	10.99
_	_	_	_	_	_
1.72	1.82	1.84	1.97	2.01	2.02
5.44	5.06	5.23	5.44	6.62	4.46
3.80	4.68	5.47	5.20	5.71	5.16
4.41	4.24	4.57	4.28	4.10	4.20
9.59	10.00	9.39	10.08	10.26	9.32
2.08	2.10	2.41	2.63	2.64	3.43
1.89	1.98	1.55	1.53	1.87	1.78
1.10	1.00	1.28	1.68	1.93	1.97
8.68	9.10	9.98	9.89	9.93	9.67
5.23	5.28	5.65	5.83	5.87	6.36
91.48	93.04	94.74	97.14	100.70	100.67

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year
2011	2012	2013	2014
16,576	17,291	22,811	20,697
1,083	1,059	844	808
4,718	5,680	5,365	3,285
843	456	733	659
2,126	2,303	2,365	1,375
2,489	2,205	1,969	1,606
320	344	339	301
2,050	2,381	2,170	2,427
44	56	122	77
3,800	1,700	2,424	1,944
16,717	18,801	18,144	16,595
43	29	48	33
18	15	38	41
5,130	5,133	5,130	5,127
14	13	13	13
848	825	840	811
	16,576 1,083 4,718 843 2,126 2,489 320 2,050 44 3,800 16,717 43 18 5,130 14	16,576 17,291 1,083 1,059 4,718 5,680 843 456 2,126 2,303 2,489 2,205 320 344 2,050 2,381 44 56 3,800 1,700 16,717 18,801 43 29 18 15 5,130 5,133 14 13	16,576 17,291 22,811 1,083 1,059 844 4,718 5,680 5,365 843 456 733 2,126 2,303 2,365 2,489 2,205 1,969 320 344 339 2,050 2,381 2,170 44 56 122 3,800 1,700 2,424 16,717 18,801 18,144 43 29 48 18 15 38 5,130 5,133 5,130 14 13 13

Note 1: Indicators are not available for the general government functions.

Note 2: The COVID-19 pandemic significantly impacted certain 2020 indicators noted in the table above.

Source: Various government departments

⁽¹⁾ The measurement basis changed in 2013 to the actual number of calls received by county dispatch. Prior year information has not been restated.

⁽²⁾ Accurate arrest records are not available in 2017, due to a migration to a new records management system.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
		·		·	
20,417	20,257	21,197	20,400	21,938	19,558
964	684	_	627	632	368
1,989	3,121	3,647	2,935	2,841	2,252
516	391	232	391	1,321	179
1,278	1,122	1,173	1,904	983	464
1,303	1,288	1,485	1,021	938	320
329	315	350	367	369	343
2,020	2,308	2,961	3,260	2,100	381
66	73	43	50	48	18
2,466	2,050	1,607	1,608	1,019	1,421
17.502	10 202	12 205	19 202	16.005	7 221
17,592	18,303	12,305	18,303	16,085	7,221
67	63	55	117	235	33
19	14	23	38	58	21
5,139	5,135	5,136	5,137	5,140	5,145
5	6	10	7	8	9
814	821	829	829	832	831
014	021	829	829	632	631

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year
2011	2012	2013	2014
1	1	1	1
8	9	9	9
1	1	1	1
109	109	109	109
14	14	14	14
9	9	9	9
1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3
5	5	5	5
60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
18.7	18.7	18.7	18.7
591	591	591	591
17	18	19	19
48.4	48.4	48.4	48.4
365	373	380	389
43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
	1 8 1 109 14 9 1 3 5 60.0 18.7 591 17 48.4 365	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 8 9 9 1 1 1 109 109 109 14 14 14 9 9 9 1 1 1 3 3 3 5 5 5 60.0 60.0 60.0 18.7 18.7 18.7 591 591 591 17 18 19 48.4 48.4 48.4 365 373 380 43.0 43.0 43.0

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government functions.

Source: Various city departments

⁽¹⁾ Sanitary sewers are disposed and treated through the Metropolitan Waste Control Commission.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1	1	1	1	1	1
9	9	9	9	9	9
1	1	1	1	1	1
109	109	109	109	109	109
14	14	14	14	14	14
9	9	9	9	9	9
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3
5	5	5	5	5	5
60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
18.7	18.7	18.7	18.7	18.7	18.7
601	601	601	601	601	601
19	19	19	20	20	20
48.4	48.4	48.4	48.4	48.4	48.4
405	405	407	408	412	412
43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8



READER'S NOTES: